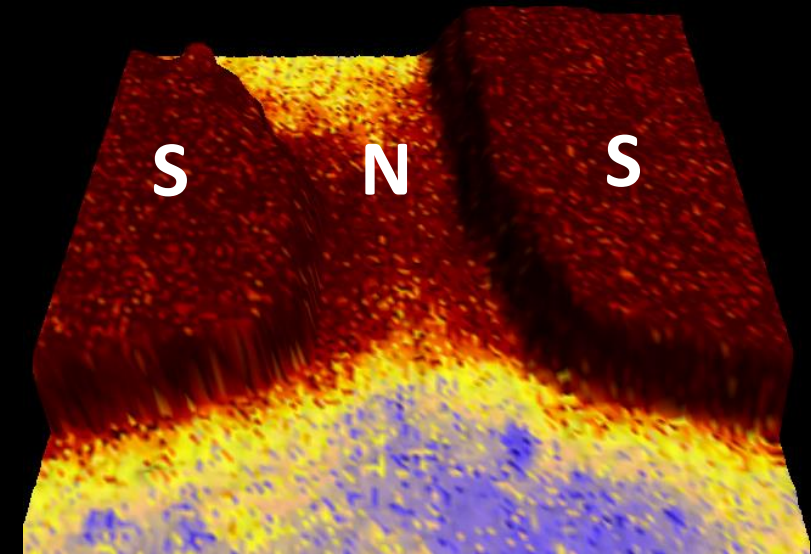
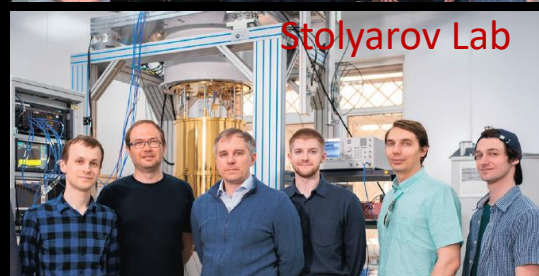


Josephson vortex as a logical state of low-dissipative devices

Vasily Stolyarov





Like in Manchester but Advanced ...

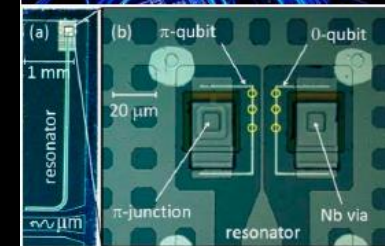


Superconducting
Quantum technology

Superconducting
Digital electronics

Superconducting
Neuromorphic
systems

Topologically
protected systems





Center for
Advanced
Mesoscience &
Nanotechnology



LABORATORY OF
TOPOLOGICAL
QUANTUM
PHENOMENA IN
SUPERCONDUCTING
SYSTEMS

Opened in 2014.



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Prof
Golubov A.A.



Chief Researcher
Prof
Stolyarov V.S.



Leading Researcher
Prof
Golovchanskiy I.A.



Senior Researcher
Dr
Skrybina O.V.

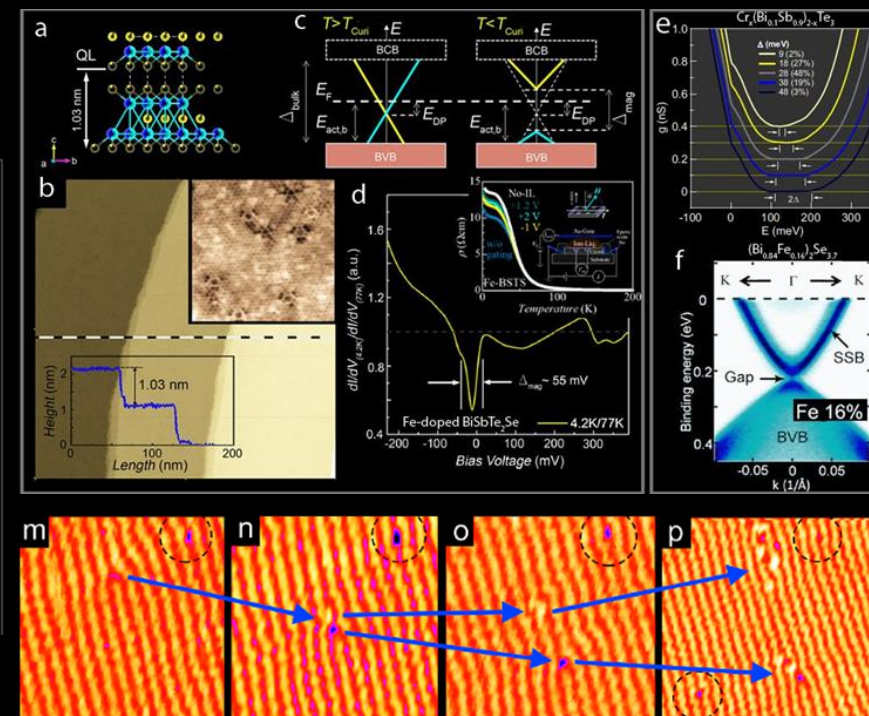
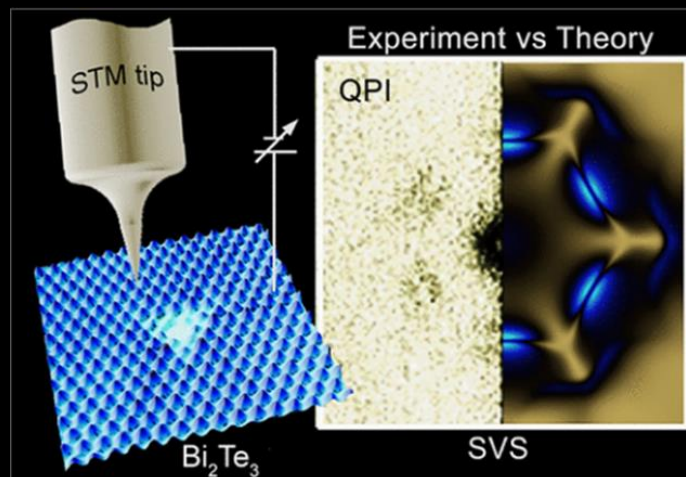
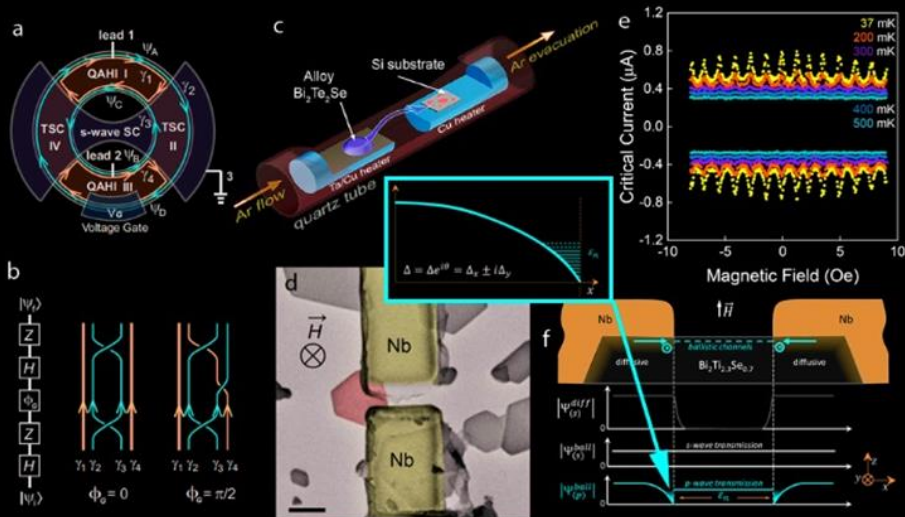
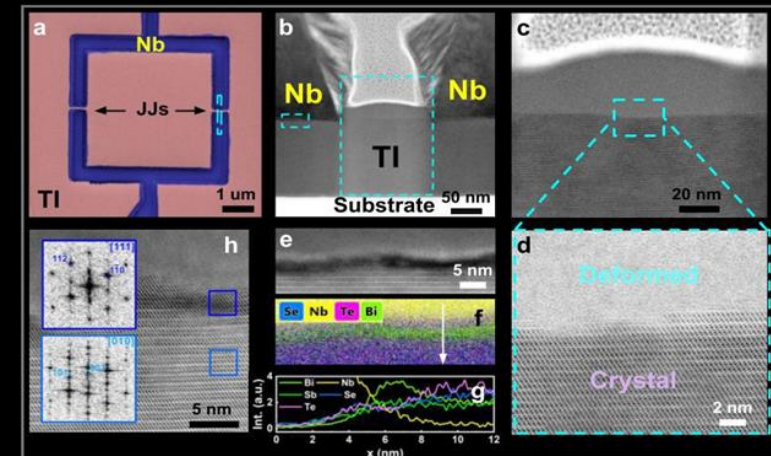


Junior Researcher
applicant
Shishkin A.G.



Junior Researcher
PhD student
Kalashnikov D.C.

...





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Laboratory of
Superconducting &
Quantum
Technology



ВНИИА



FUNCTIONAL
MICRO /
NANOSYSTEMS



Head of lab.
Prof
Stolyarov V.S.



Leading Researcher
Dr
Lebedev A.V.



Leading Researcher
Prof
Soloviev I.I.



Senior Researcher
Dr
Rujitskiy V.I.



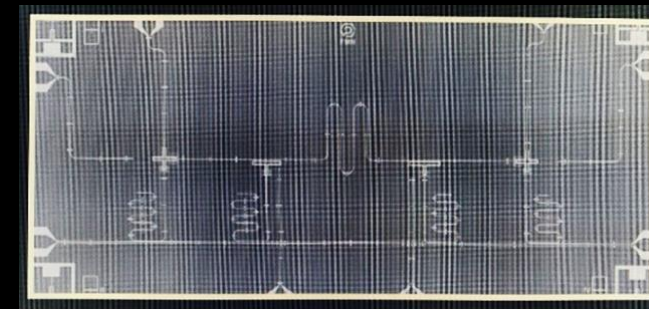
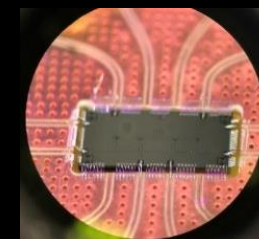
Senior Researcher
Dr
Bakurskiy S.V.



Junior Researcher
PhD student
Polevoy K.B.

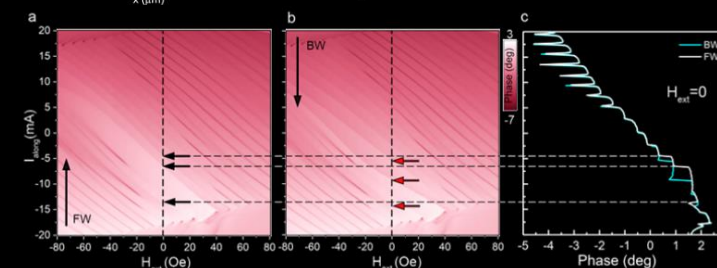
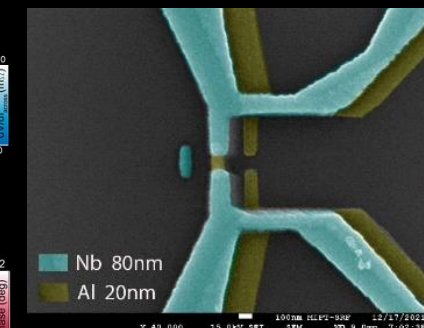
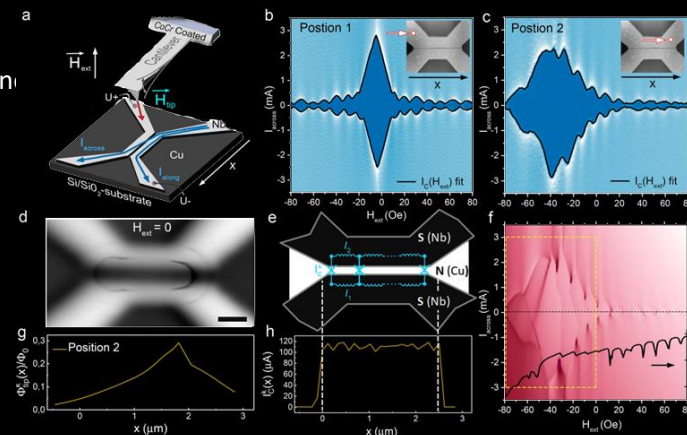
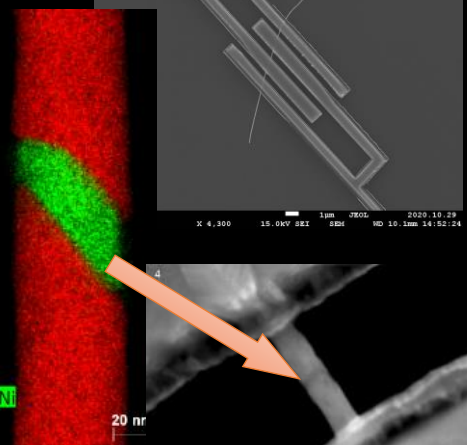
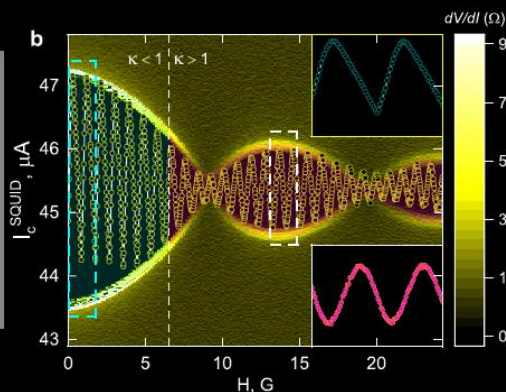
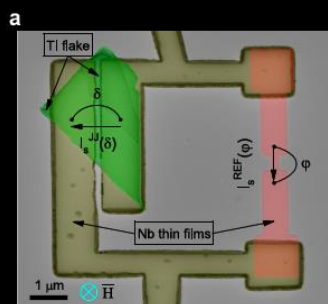
Opened in 2020 г.

...



1. Tunable high speed atomic rotor in Bi₂Se₃ revealed by current noise. *ACS Nano*, 2021
2. Reconfigurable Josephson phase shifter. *Nano Letters*, 2021.
3. Approaching deep-strong on-chip photon-to-magnon coupling. *Physical Review Applied*, 2021
4. Ultrastrong photon-to-magnon coupling in multilayered heterostructures involving superconducting coherent layers. *Science Advances* 2021.

...





Head of lab.
Prof
Bobkova I.V.



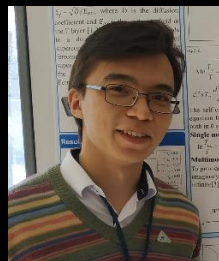
Senior Researcher
Dr
Bobkov A.M.



Senior Researcher
Dr
Rahmonov I.R.



Junior Researcher
PhD student
Rabinovich D.S.



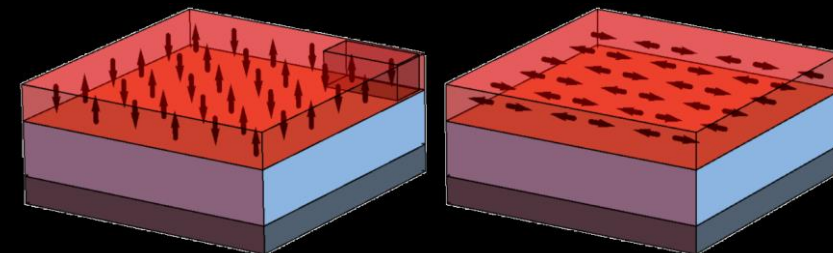
Junior Researcher
PhD student
Karabasov T.



Student
Gordeeva V.M.



student
Bobkov G.A.



1. Dynamic Spin-Triplet Order Induced by Alternating Electric Fields in Superconductor-Ferromagnet-Superconductor Josephson Junctions, **Phys. Rev. Lett.**
2. Néel proximity effect at antiferromagnet/superconductor interfaces, **Phys. Rev. B**
3. Magnon-cooparons in magnet-superconductor hybrids, **Communications Materials**
4. Renormalization of antiferromagnetic magnons by superconducting condensate and quasiparticles, **Phys. Rev. B**

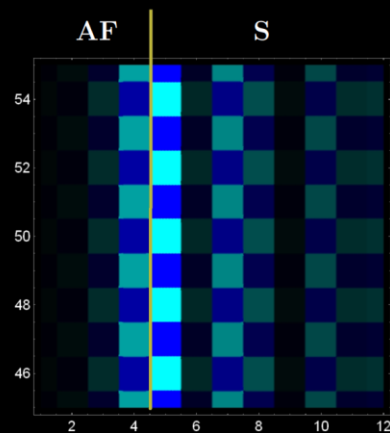
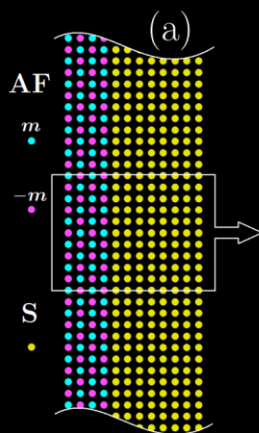
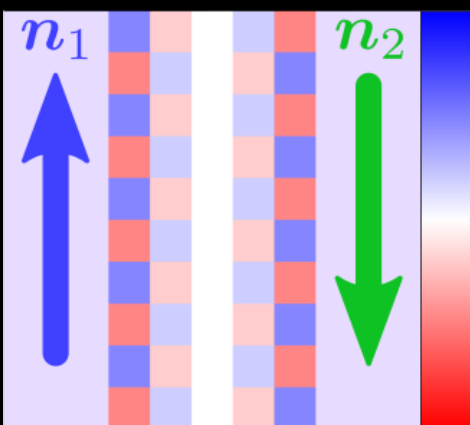
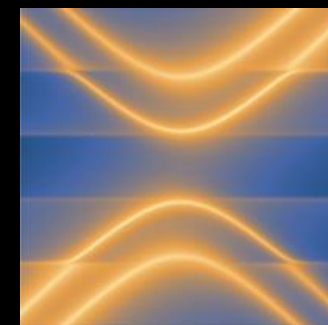
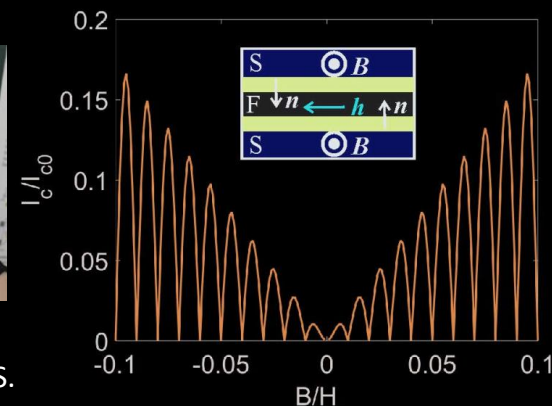
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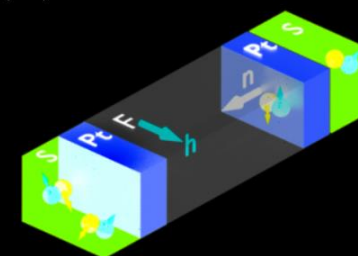
student
Nekrasov B.M.



student
Yanovskaya A.S.

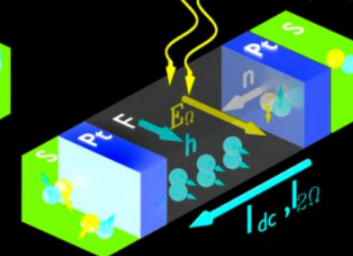


(a)

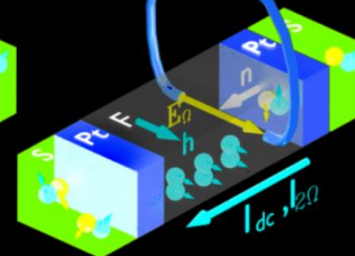


EM radiation

(b)



(c)





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Laboratory of Photoelectron Spectroscopy of Quantum Functional Materials



Head of lab.
Dr
Frolov A.S.



Leading Researcher
Prof
Yashina L.V.



Leading Researcher
Prof
Usachev D.Yu.



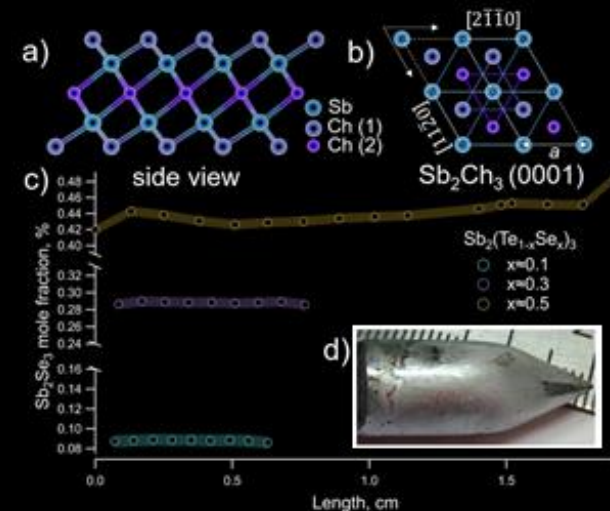
Senior Researcher
Dr
Klimovskii I.I.

...

Opened in 2023



Санкт-Петербургский
государственный
университет

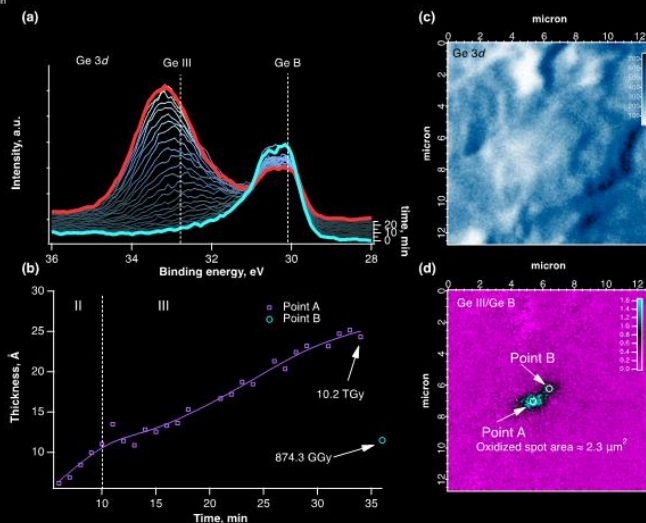
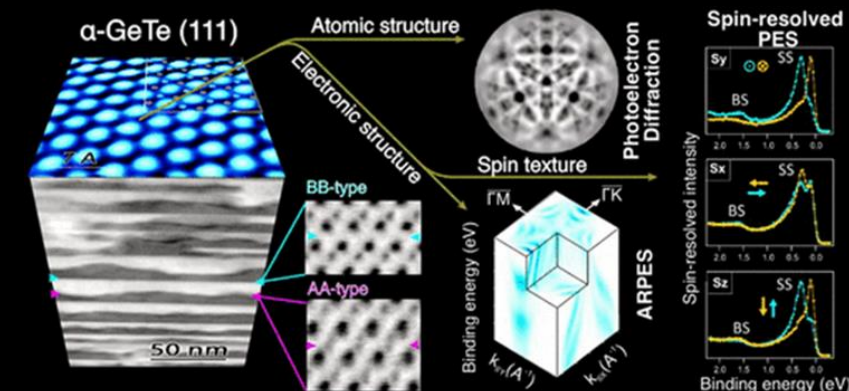
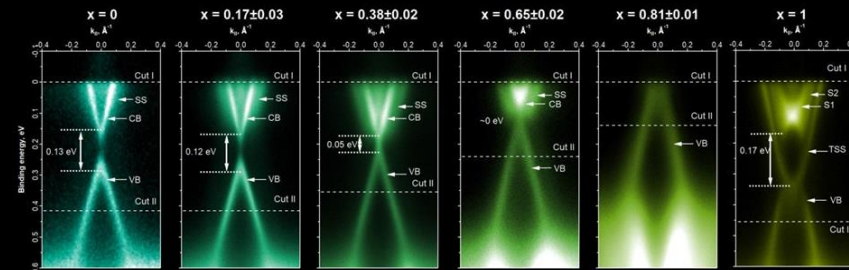
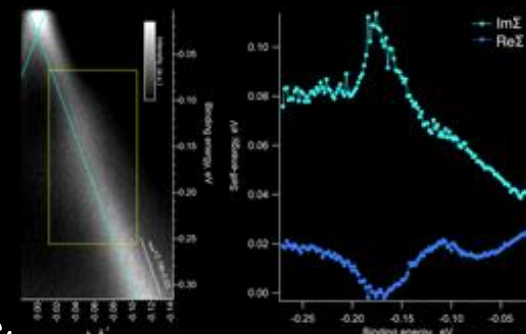


A. S. Frolov et al., Acs Nano. 16,
20831–20841 (2022).

A. S. Frolov et al., Nanoscale. 14,
12918–12927 (2022).

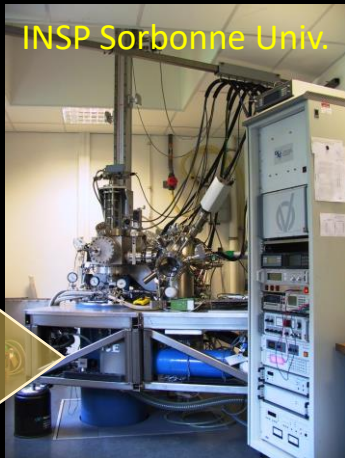
N. V. Vladimirova et al., Surfaces
Interfaces. 36, 102516 (2023).

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semimetal state of (Mn, Ge) Bi₂Te₄
//arXiv preprint arXiv:2306.13024. –
2023.





ESPCI
INSP
ISSP RAS



INSP Sorbonne Univ.

He³-STM 300 мK 10 Тл



ESPCI-Paris

JT-SPM 1 K



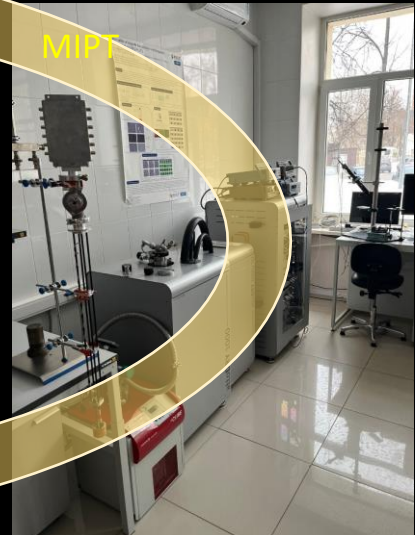
MIPT

JT-SPM 1 K 3 Тл



MIPT

LH 4K 20 л/сут.



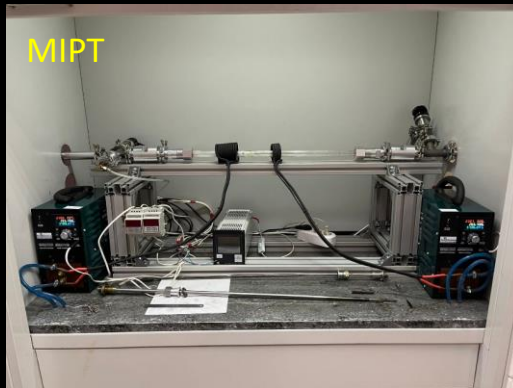
MIPT

2 MFM 1.2/4K 9T



ISSP RAS

UHV-LS-204 6-magnetrons



MIPT

Ar-PVD 900-300C



MIPT

2 BlueFors 20mK 10T

+ Equipment sharing
Center at MIPT

Developed research complex 2010-2023

UHV-magnetron sputtering

$P=10^{-9}$ mbar

5 magnetrons

5 e-beam sources

In-situ etching,

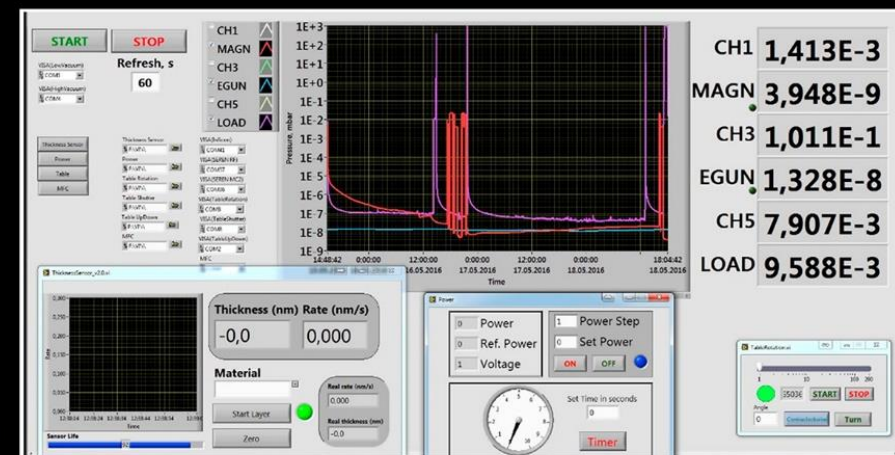
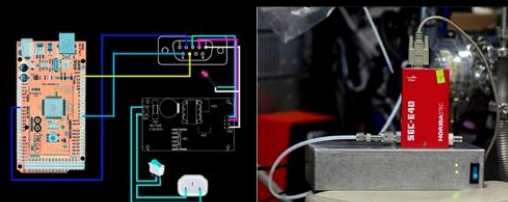
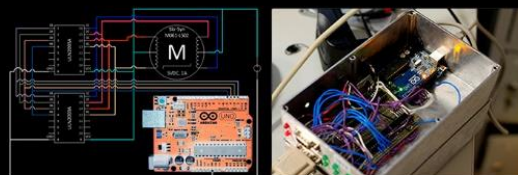
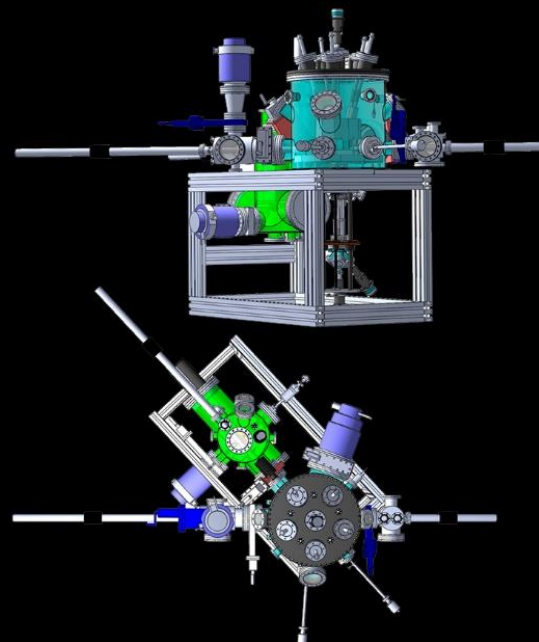
Materials: Al, Nb, MoRe, Pb, Ta, Cu,

Pt, Au, CuNi, Ni, PdFe, Co, Fe

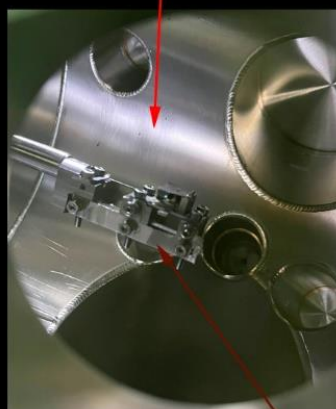
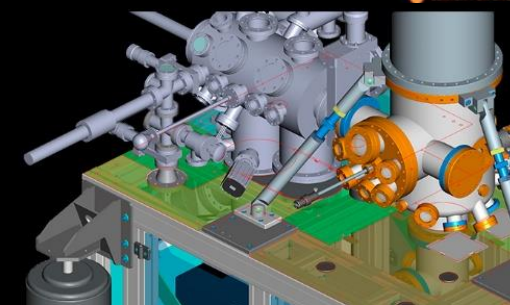
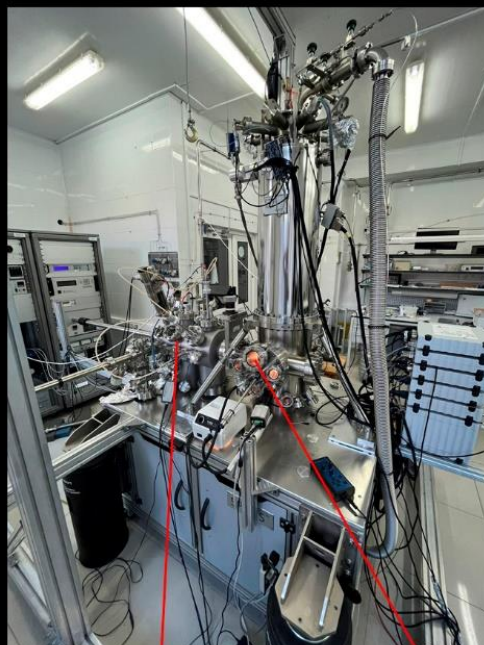
Was created during my PhD
at the lab of



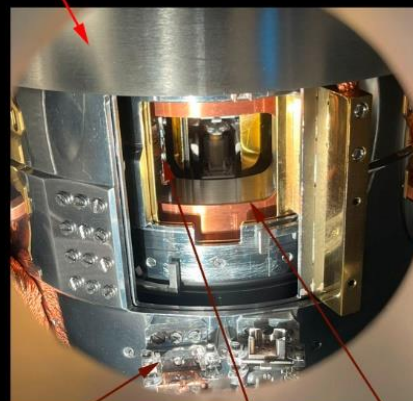
Prof
Ryazanov V.V.



- JT-STM SPECS (Joule-Thomson Scanning Tunneling Microscope)
- $P \leq 10^{-10}$ mbar, $T = 1.2$ K,
- Magnetic Field up to 3 T
- Scanning area 2 mkm^2



две позиции



Держатели образцов 77K

Держатель для скола при 4.2K

Магнит на 3T



Блок электроники Nanopis

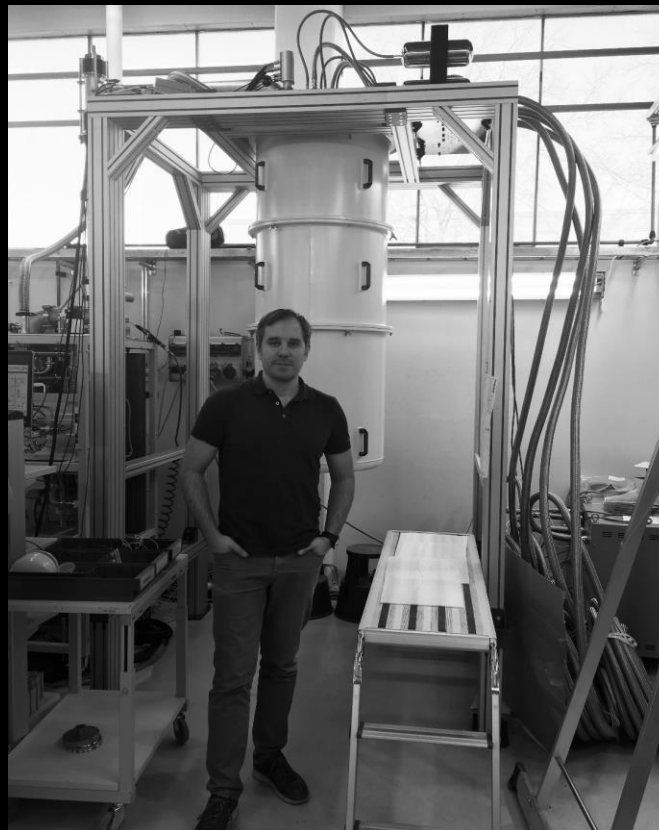
- **AFM/MFM AttoDry1000/2100 (Attocube, Pulse Tube) $T = 1.2\text{ K} - 150\text{ K}$, scan area 20 mkm^2 , $H=9\text{ T}$**



- Dilution refrigerators BlueFors LD250 10mK 10T and XLD1000 10mK 1/1/6T



2014



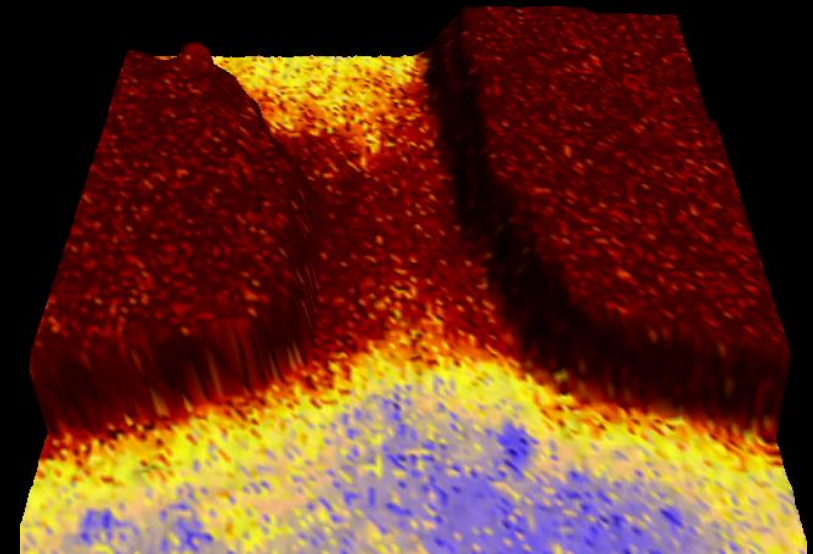
2020



Yesterday..

Josephson vortex as a logical state of low-dissipative devices

Part 1: Proximity effect



boundary



Superconductor

Non supercond.
metal

First experimental evidences

Holm and Meissner (1932)
Bedard and Meissner (1956)
Meissner (1958), (1960)

First theory

De Gennes (1964)
McMillan (1968)
Clarke (1969)
Deutscher and De Gennes (1969)

boundary



Superconductor Non supercond.
metal

In case of diffuse metal

$$L_T = \sqrt{\hbar D_N / (2\pi k_B T)}$$

Cooper pair density

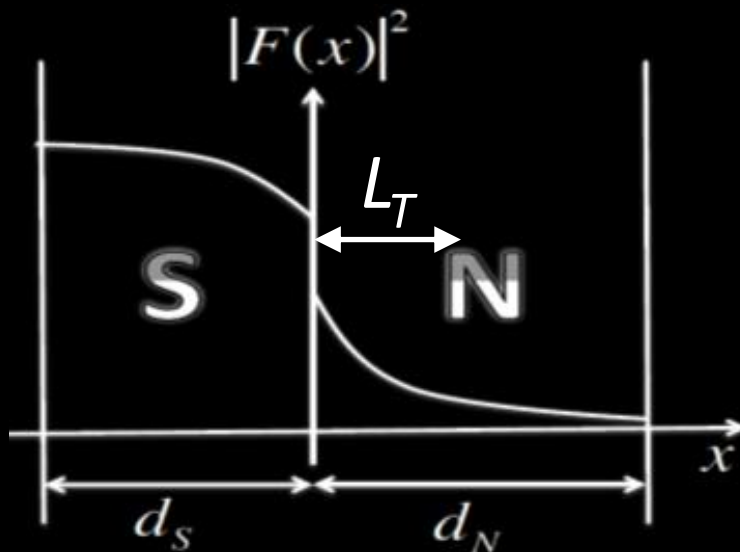
$$F(\vec{r}) = \langle \hat{\psi}_{\uparrow}(\vec{r}) \hat{\psi}_{\downarrow}(\vec{r}) \rangle$$

Order parametr:

$$\Delta(\vec{r}) = V(\vec{r}) F(\vec{r})$$

First experimental evidences

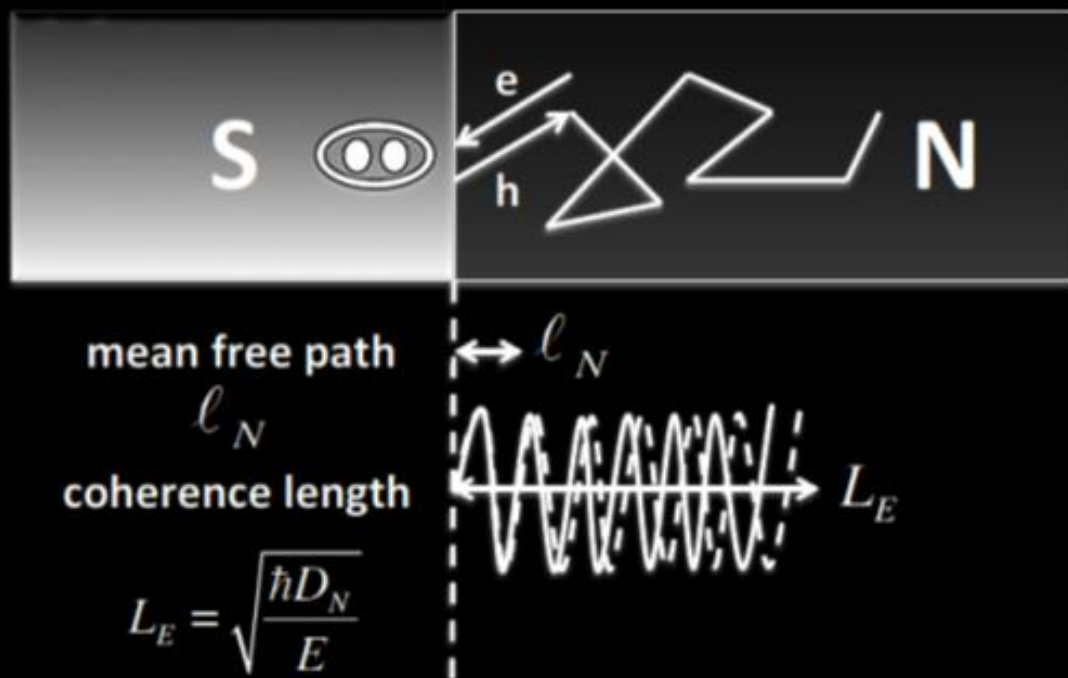
Holm and Meissner (1932)
Bedard and Meissner (1956)
Meissner (1958), (1960)



First theory

De Gennes (1964)
McMillan (1968)
Clarke (1969)
Deutscher and De Gennes (1969)

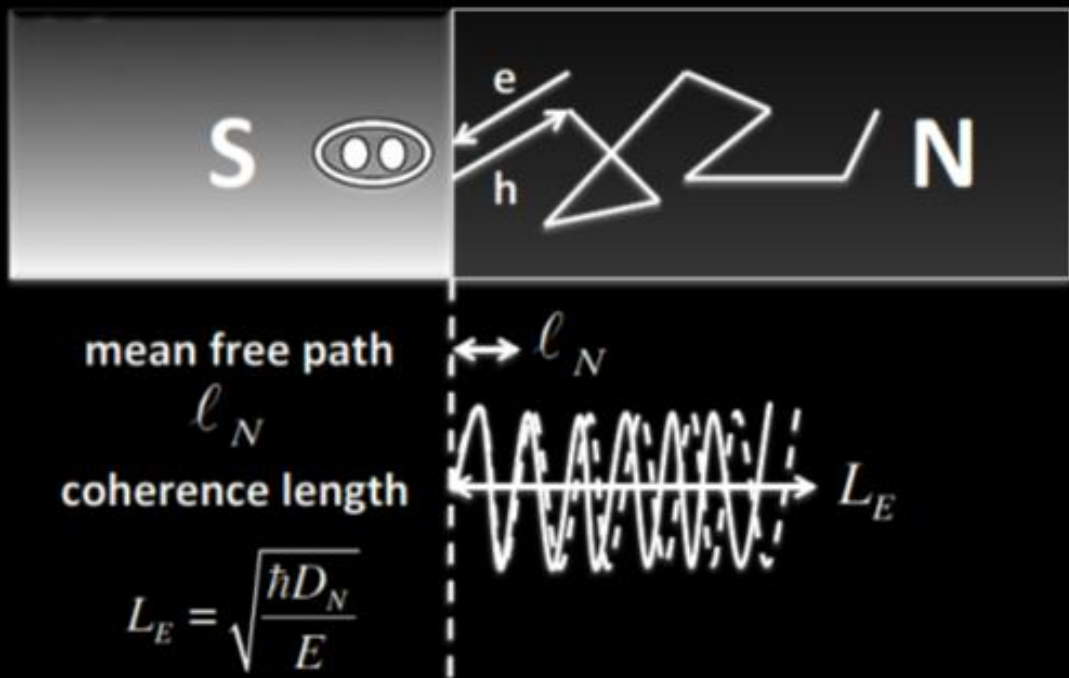
Andreev reflection at the S/N boundary + extended phase coherence in N



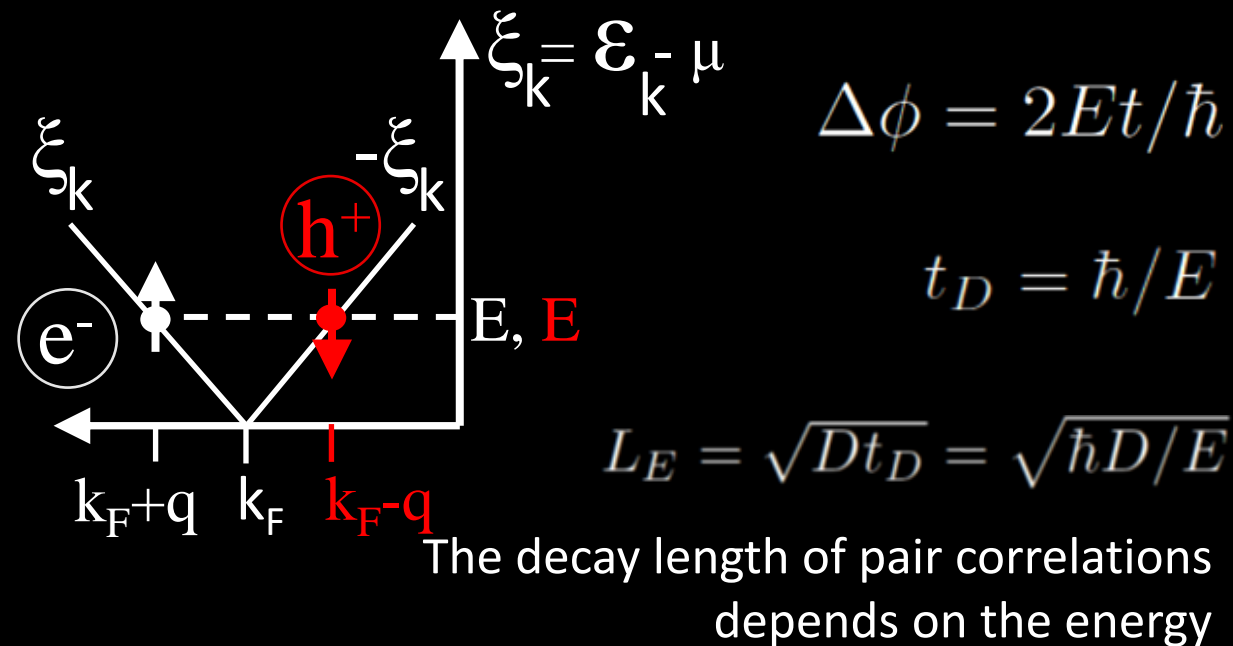
Andreev (1964),
Eilenberger (1968),
Usadel (1970),
Eliashberg (1971)

Larkin *et al.* (1968,75,77),
Schmid & Schön (1975),
Blonder *et al.* (1982),
Zaitsev (1984)

Andreev reflection at the S/N boundary + extended phase coherence in N

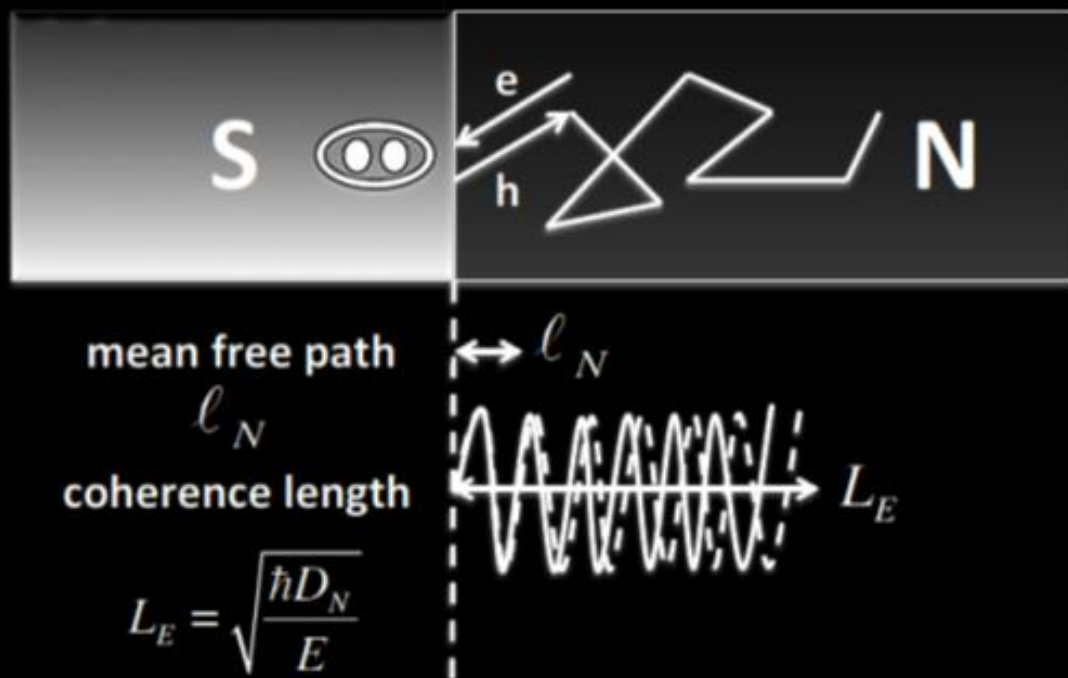


Andreev (1964),
Eilenberger (1968),
Usadel (1970),
Eliashberg (1971)

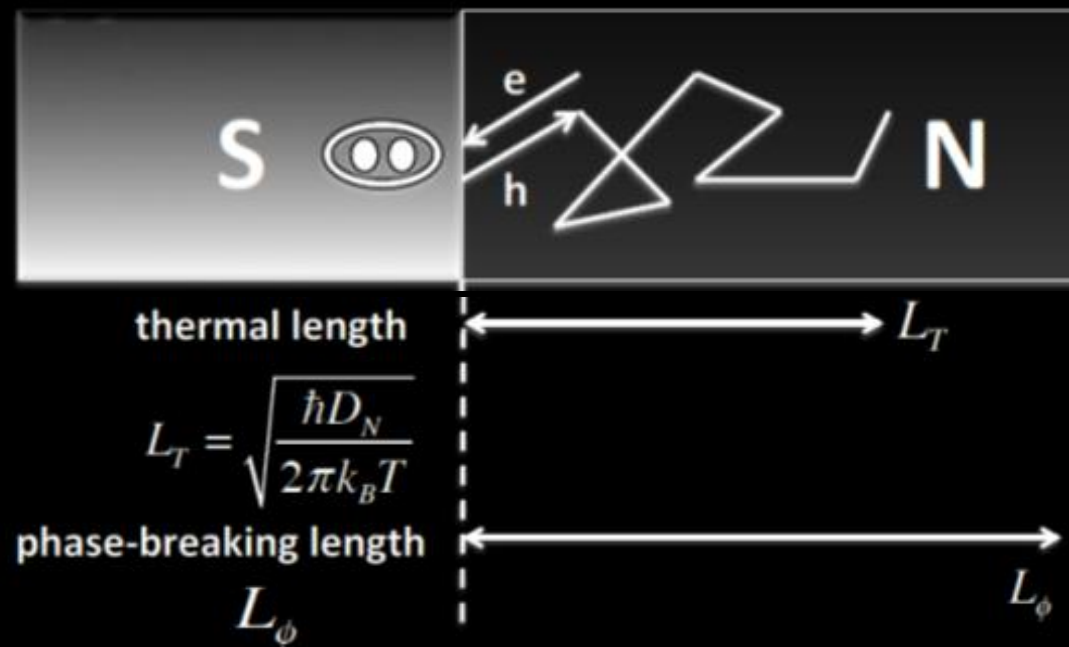


Larkin *et al.* (1968,75,77),
Schmid & Schön (1975),
Blonder *et al.* (1982),
Zaitsev (1984)

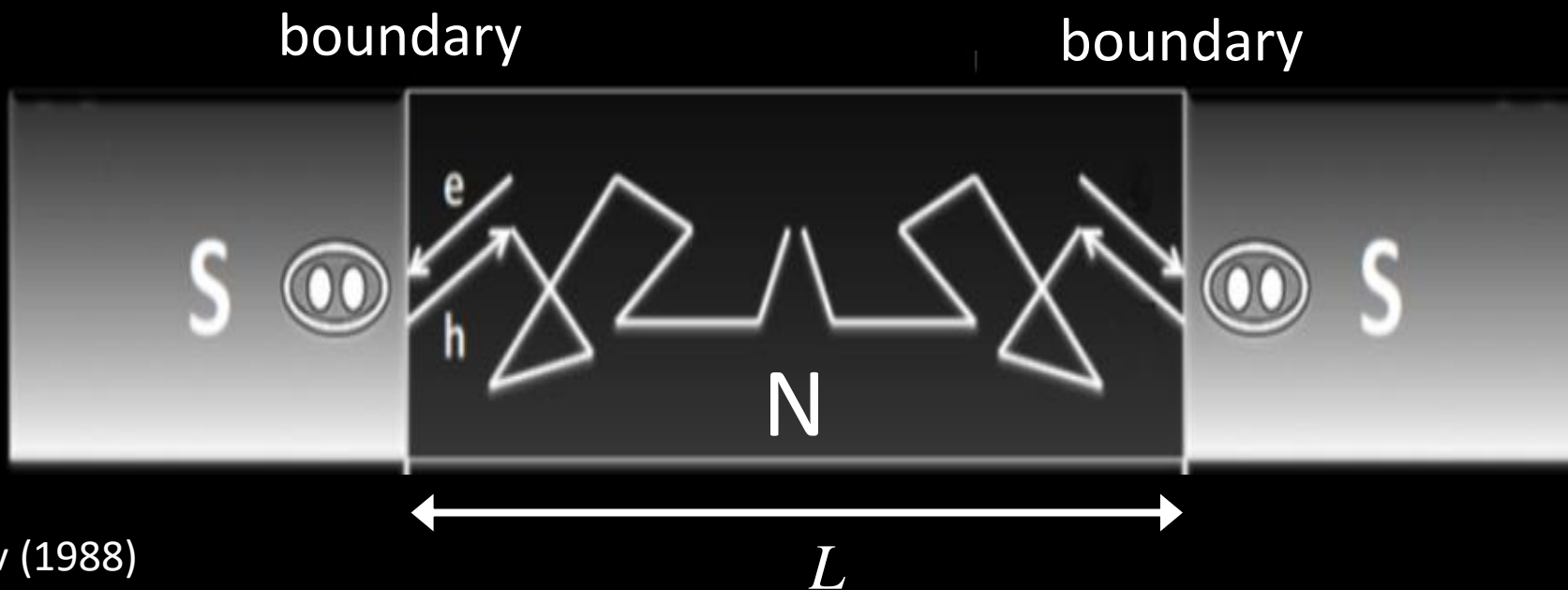
Andreev reflection at the S/N boundary + extended phase coherence in N



Andreev (1964),
Eilenberger (1968),
Usadel (1970),
Eliashberg (1971)



Larkin *et al.* (1968,75,77),
Schmid & Schön (1975),
Blonder *et al.* (1982),
Zaitsev (1984)



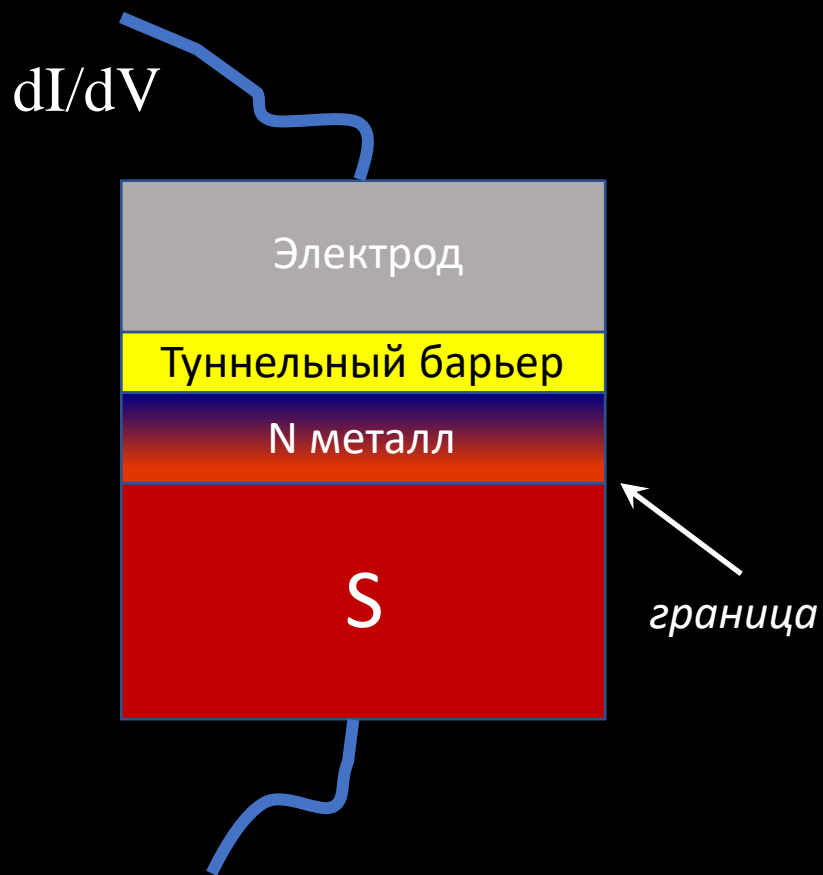
Golubov & Kupriyanov (1988)

Zhou *et al.* (1998)

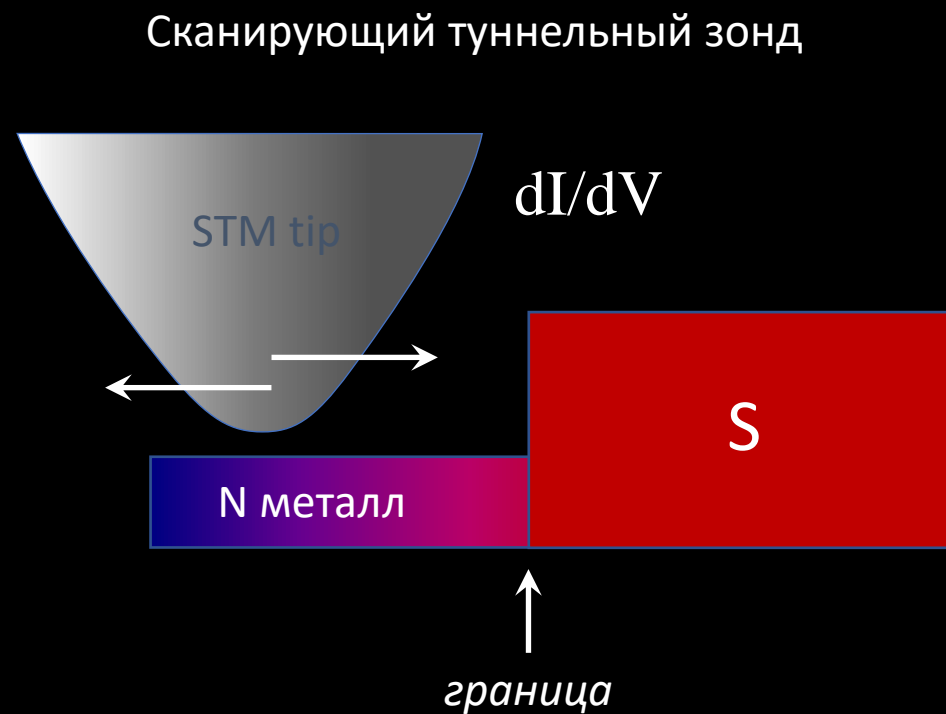
$$L_E > L \Leftrightarrow E < E_{Th} = \hbar D_N / L^2$$

Superconducting correlations propagate for $E < E_{Th}$
minigap Δ_g connected with E_{Th}

Lithographic technologies
Fixed tunnel contact



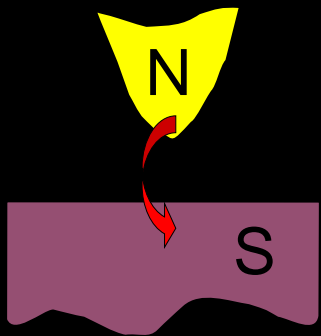
Development: Direct information on
the spatial evolution of the density of
states



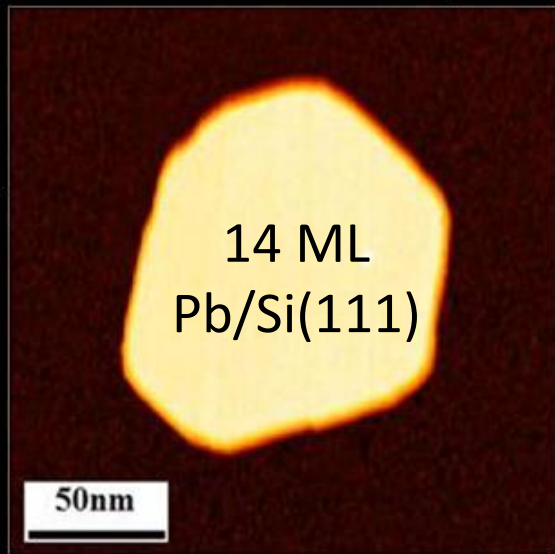
Scanning Tunneling Spectroscopy Study of the Proximity Effect in a Disordered Two-Dimensional Metal

L. Serrier-Garcia,¹ J.C. Cuevas,² T. Cren,^{1,*} C. Brun,¹ V. Cherkez,¹ F. Debontridder,¹
D. Fokin,^{1,3} F.S. Bergeret,⁴ and D. Roditchev¹

¹Institut des Nanosciences de Paris, Université Pierre et Marie Curie (UPMC) and CNRS-UMR 7588,
4 place Jussieu, 75252 Paris, France

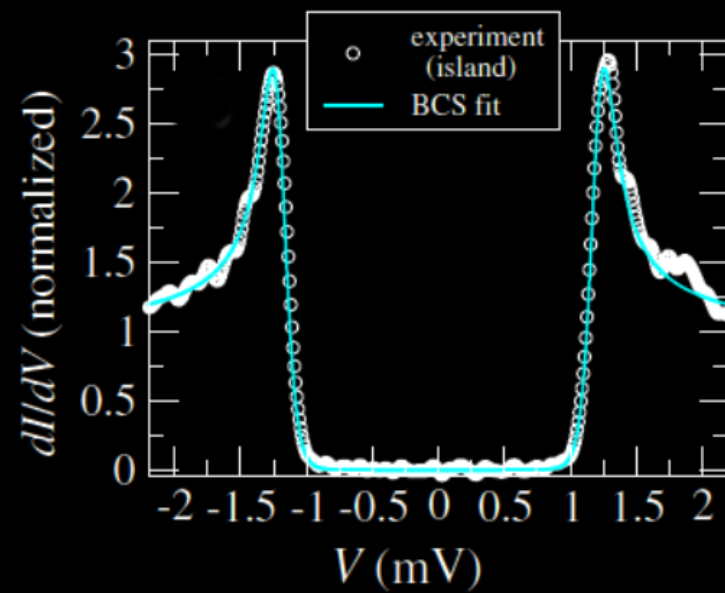


BSC DOS
$$N_s(E) = N_N(E) \frac{E}{\sqrt{E^2 + \Delta^2}}$$



$$dI/dV(\mathbf{r}) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} N_s(E, \mathbf{r}) \left[\frac{-\partial f(E + eV)}{\partial(eV)} \right] dE$$

Convolution



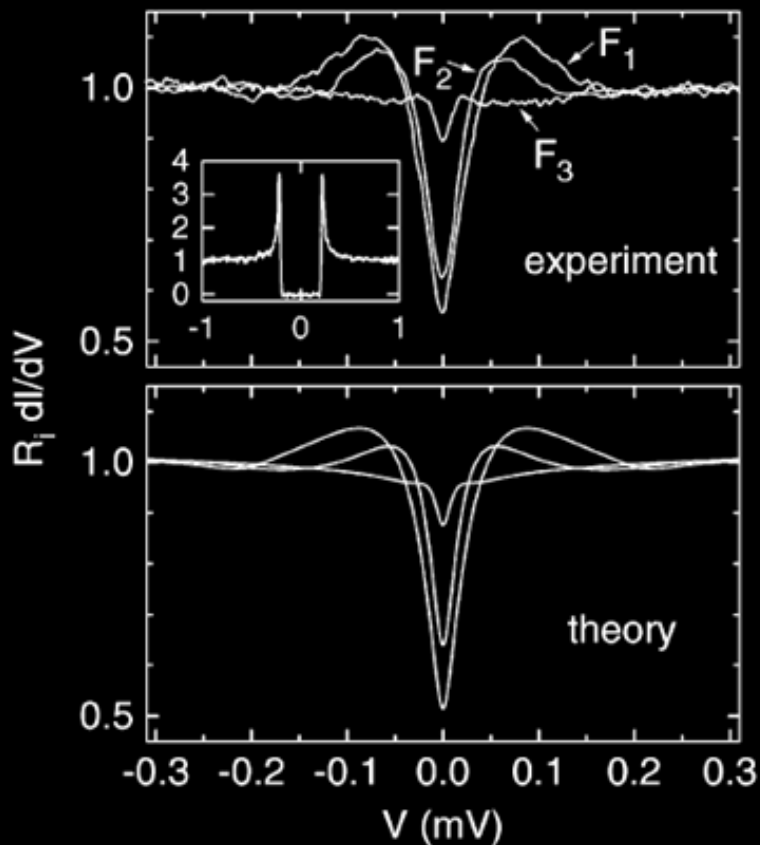
$$\Delta = 1.20 \text{ meV } T_{\text{eff}} = 0.38 \text{ K}$$

Superconducting Proximity Effect Probed on a Mesoscopic Length Scale

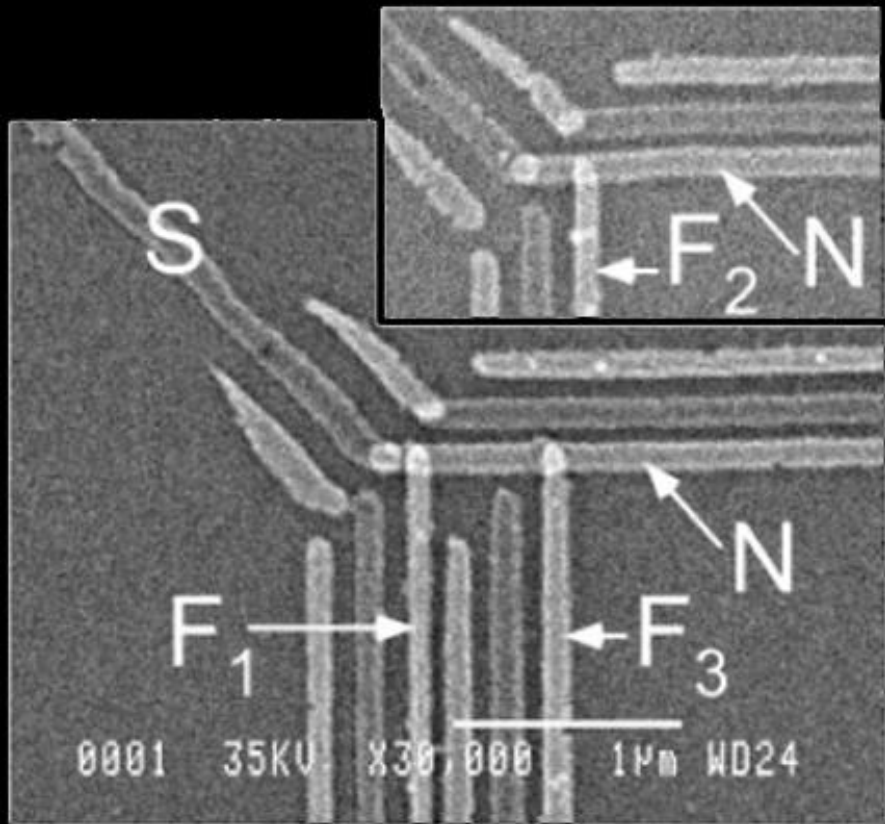
S. Guéron, H. Pothier, Norman O. Birge,* D. Esteve, and M. H. Devoret

Service de Physique de l'Etat Condensé, Commissariat à l'Energie Atomique, Saclay, F-91191 Gif-sur-Yvette Cedex, France

(Received 12 April 1996)



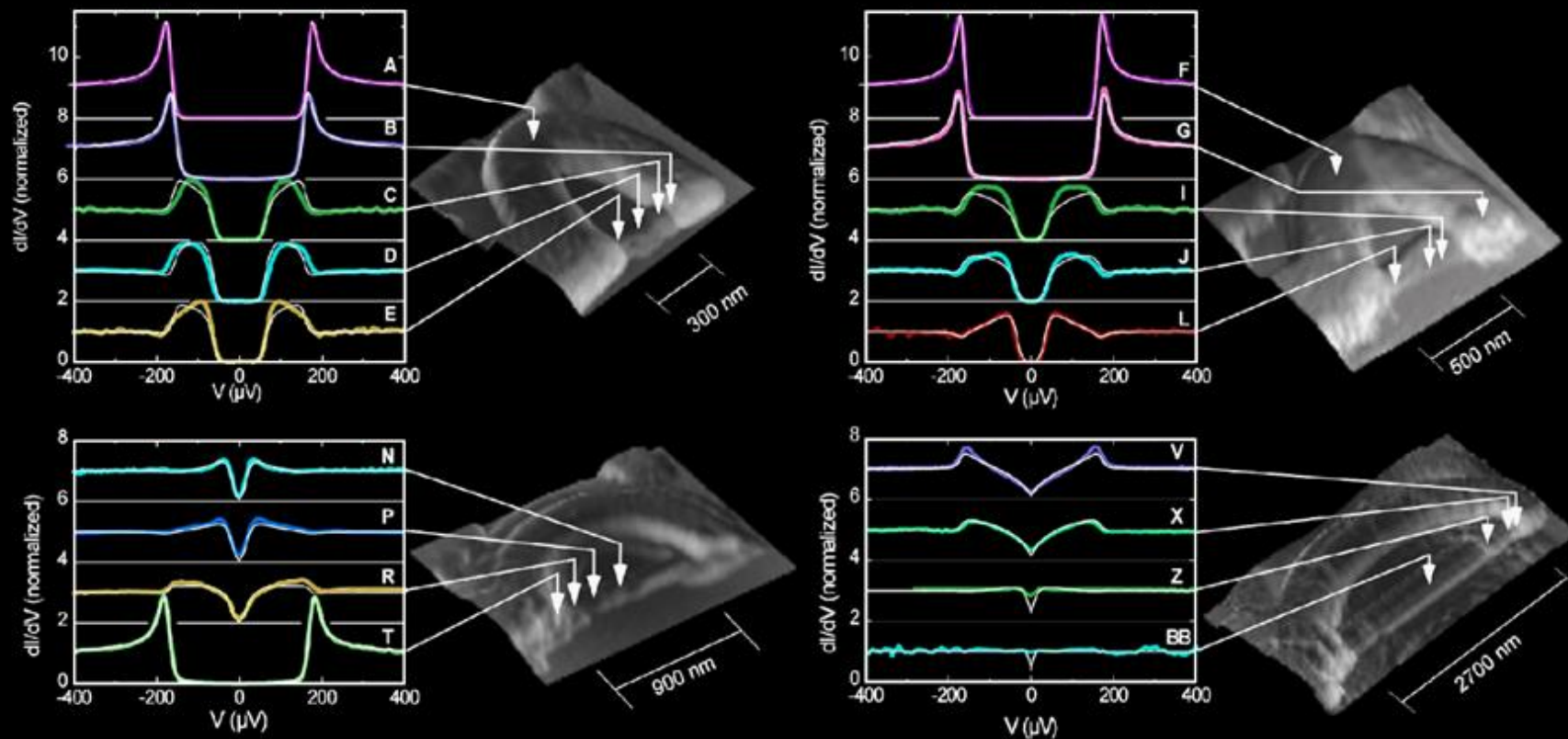
First Study of Spatial Dependency: Nanolithography

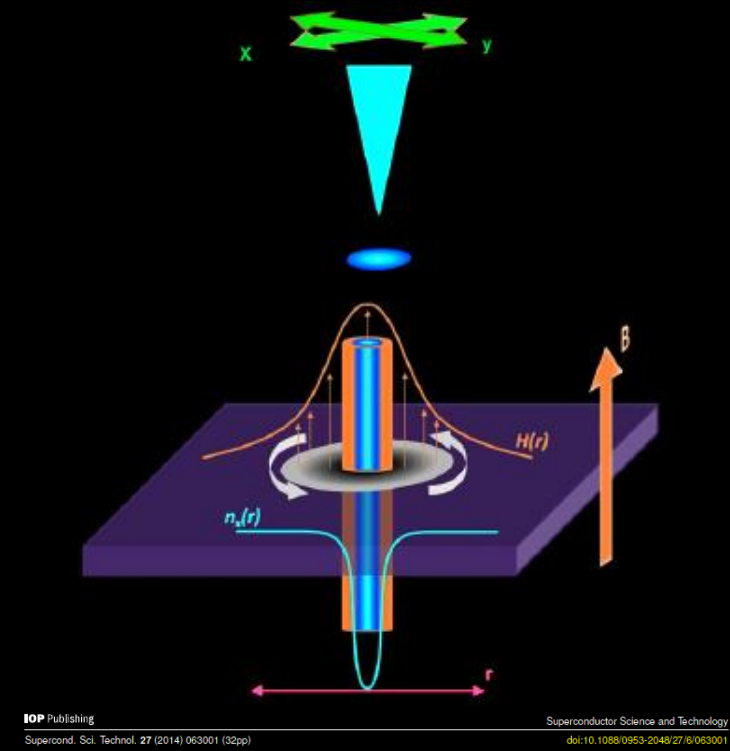




Phase Controlled Superconducting Proximity Effect Probed by Tunneling Spectroscopy

H. le Sueur, P. Joyez, H. Pothier, C. Urbina, and D. Esteve

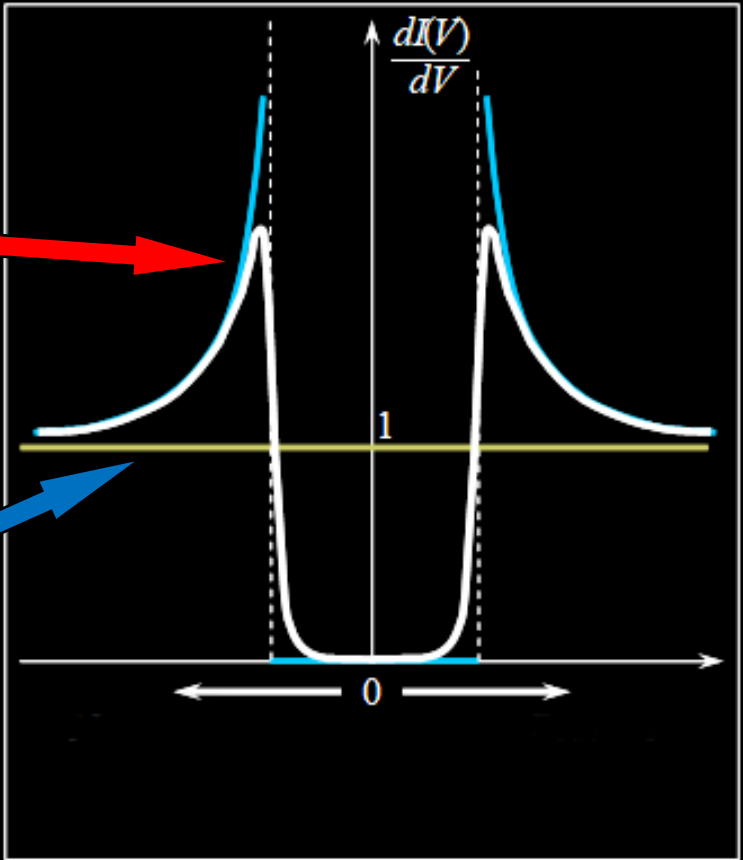
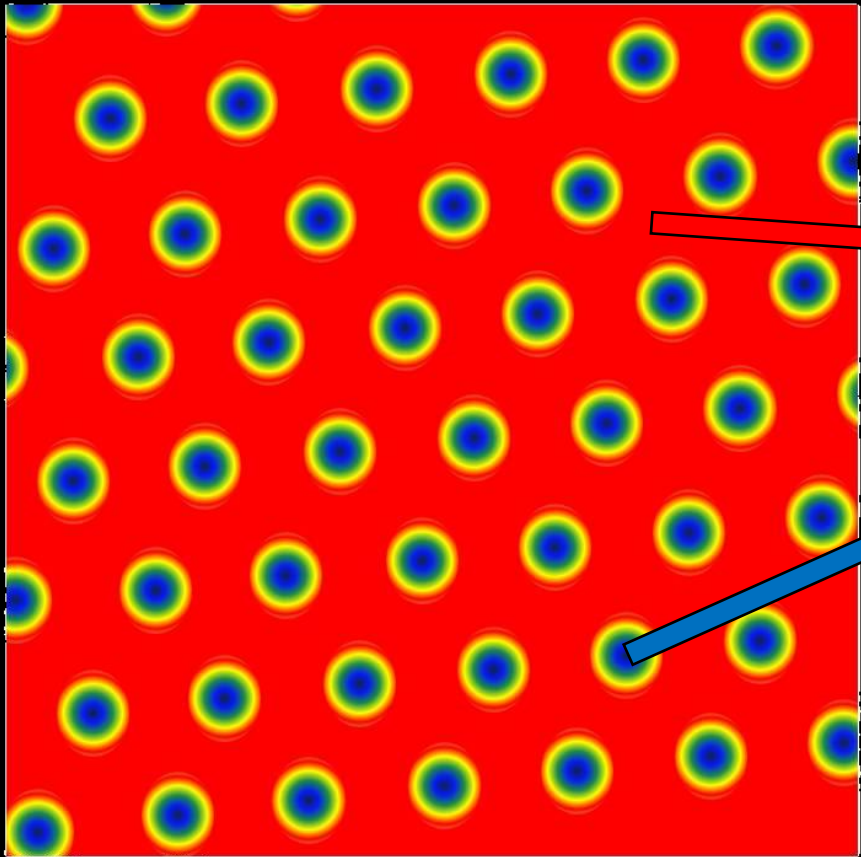




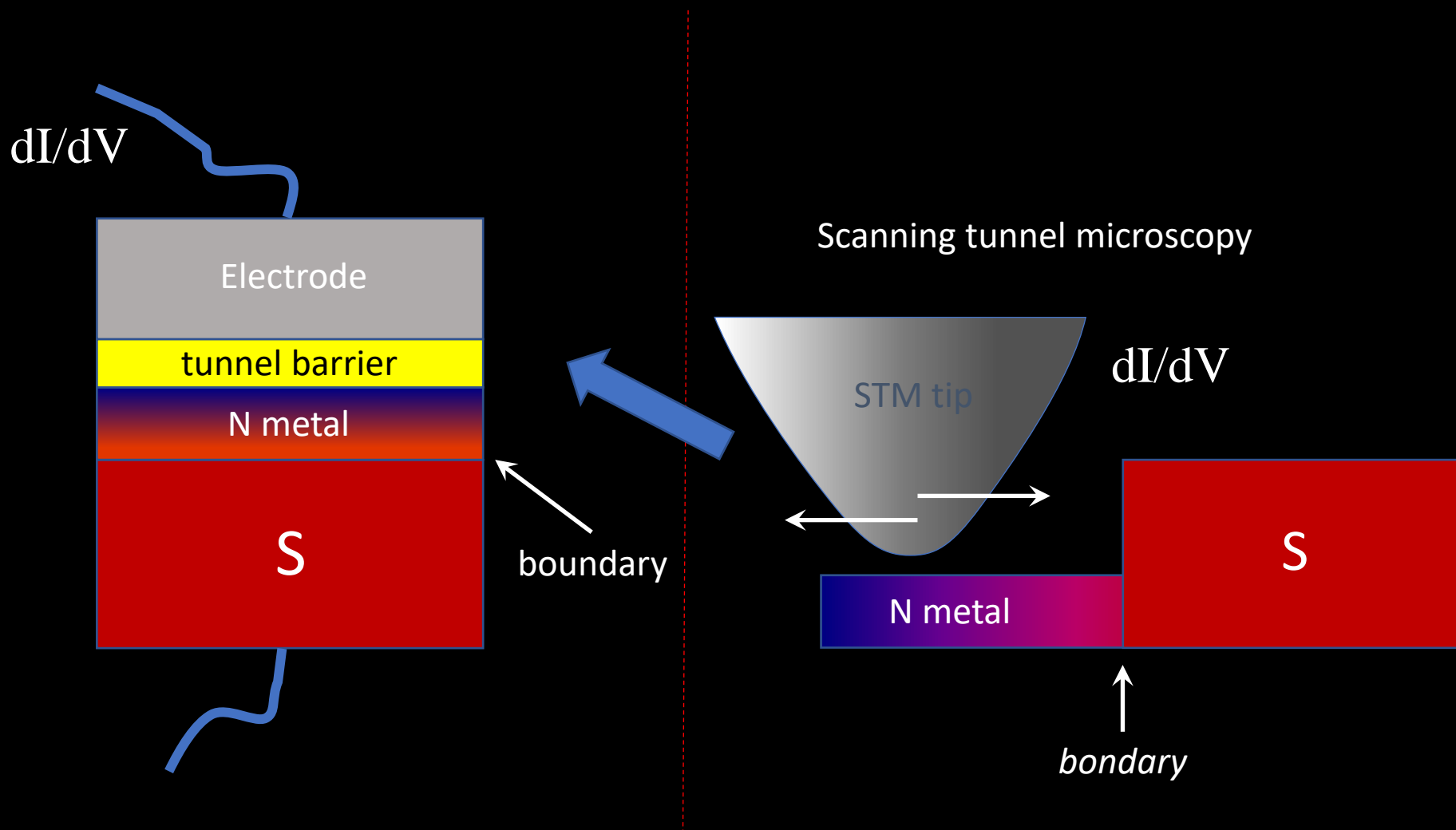
IOP Publishing
 Supercond. Sci. Technol. 27 (2014) 063001 (32pp)
 Superconductor Science and Technology
 doi:10.1088/0953-2048/27/6/063001

Topical Review
Imaging superconducting vortex cores and lattices with a scanning tunneling microscope

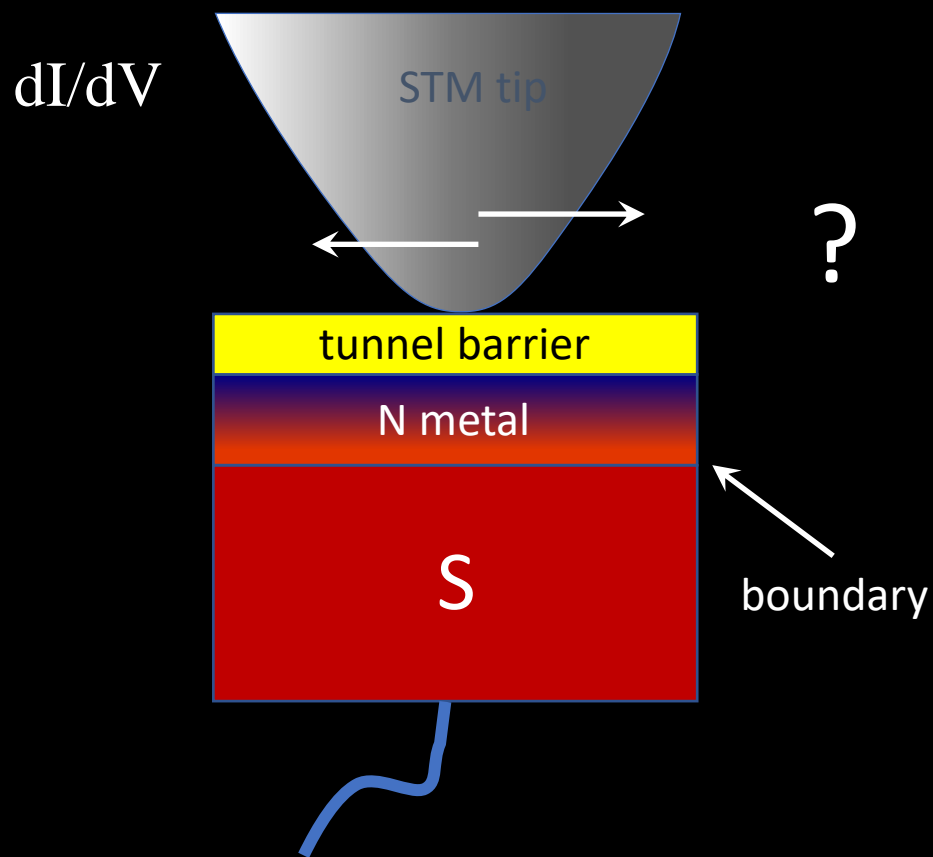
H Suderow^{1,2}, I Guillamón^{1,2,3}, J G Rodrigo^{1,2} and S Vieira^{1,2}
¹ Laboratorio de Bajas Temperaturas, Departamento de Física de la Materia Condensada, Instituto de Ciencia de Materiales Nicolás Cabrera and Condensed Matter Physics Center (IFIMAC), Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, E-28049 Madrid, Spain



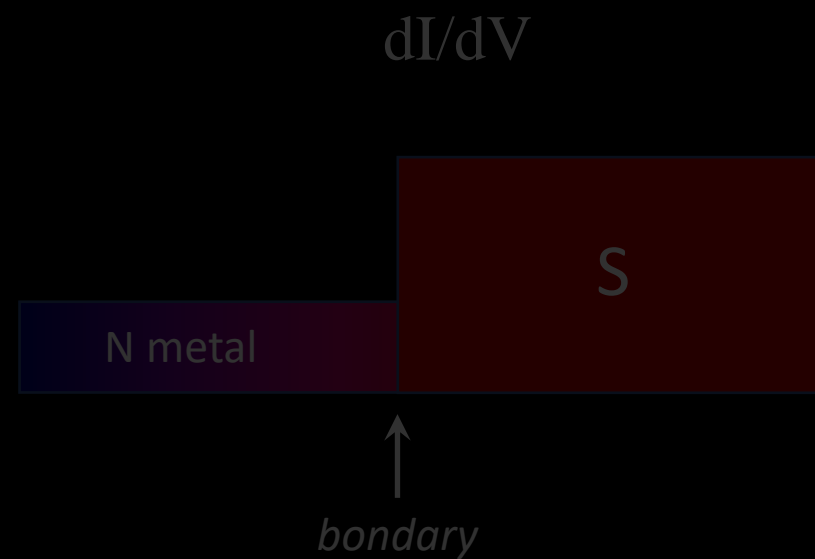
Proximity effect at the boundary of a superconductor with a nonsuperconducting metal in the diffuse limit



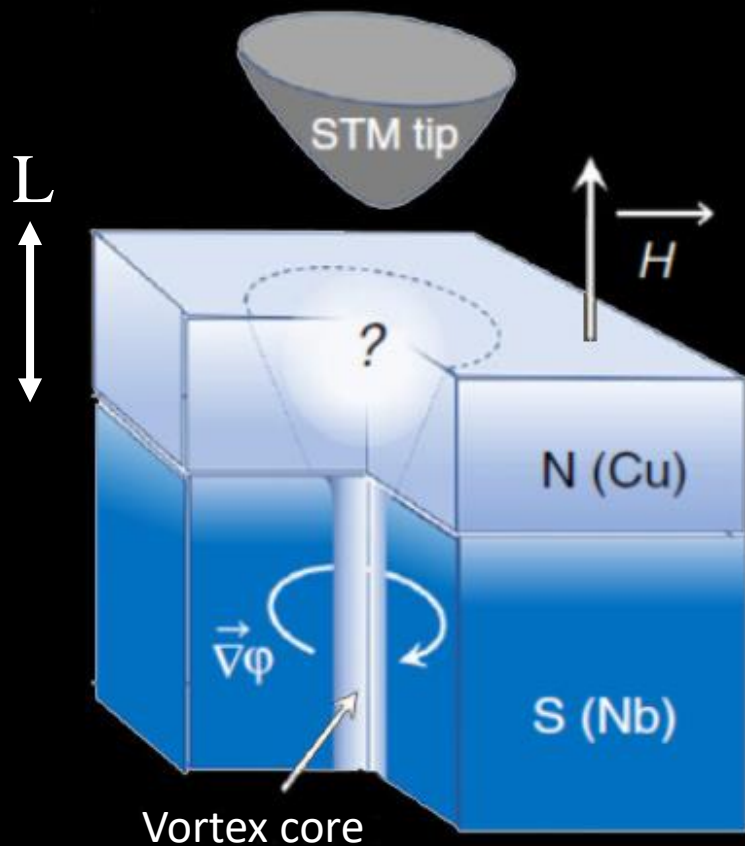
Proximity effect at the boundary of a superconductor with a nonsuperconducting metal in the diffuse limit



Scanning tunnel microscopy



Proximity effect at the boundary of a superconductor with a nonsuperconducting metal in the diffuse limit



ARTICLE

DOI: 10.1038/s41467-018-04582-1

OPEN



Expansion of a superconducting vortex core into a diffusive metal

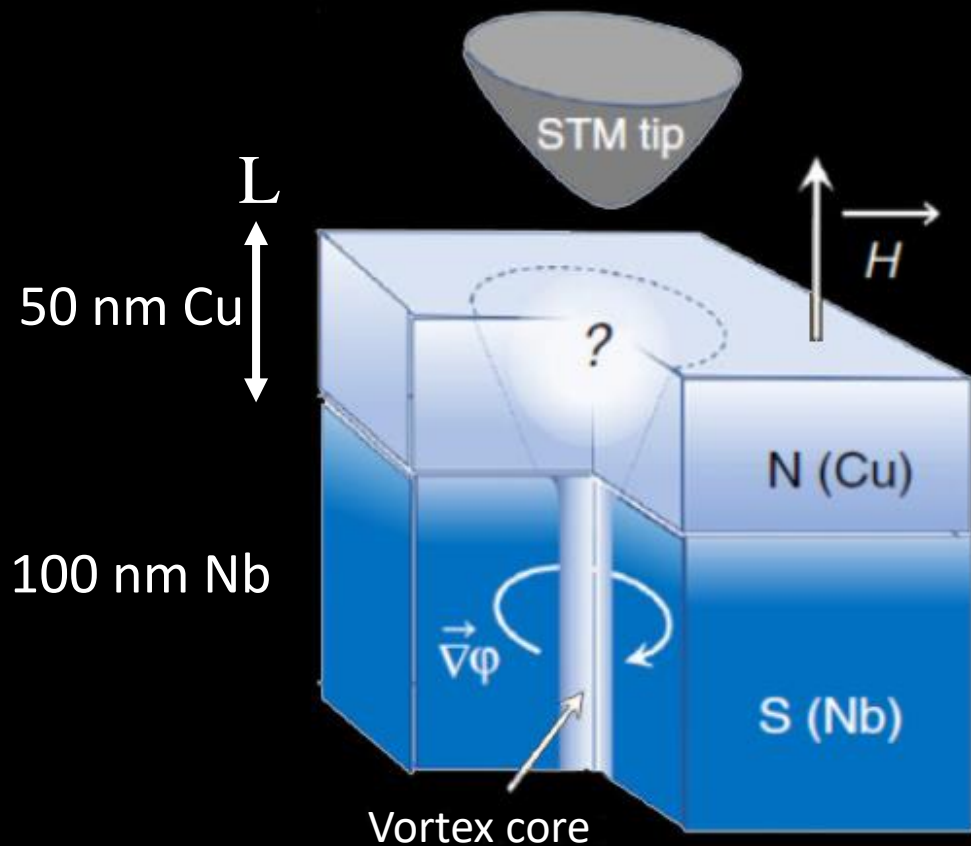
Vasily S. Stolyarov^{1,2,3,4,5}, Tristan Cren², Christophe Brun², Igor A. Golovchanskiy^{1,5}, Olga V. Skryabina^{1,3}, Daniil I. Kasatonov¹, Mikhail M. Khapaev^{1,6,7}, Mikhail Yu. Kupriyanov^{1,7,8}, Alexander A. Golubov^{1,9} & Dimitri Roditchev^{1,2,10,11}

Vortex size?

3D- proximity effect

minigap Δ , related to $\hbar D_N / L^2$

Proximity effect at the boundary of a superconductor with a nonsuperconducting metal in the diffuse limit



Cu, Nb:

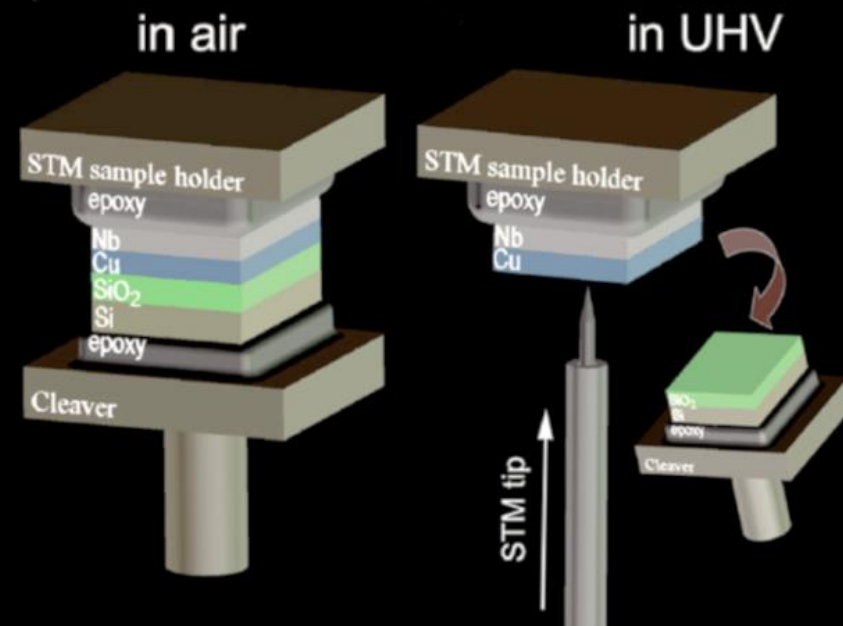
Magnetron sputtering

$d_{\text{Nb}} = 100 \text{ nm}$

$d_{\text{Cu}} = 50 \text{ nm}$

$d_{\text{SiO}_2} = 270 \text{ nm}$

$d_{\text{Si}} = 0.3 \text{ mm}$



APPLIED PHYSICS LETTERS **104**, 172604 (2014)

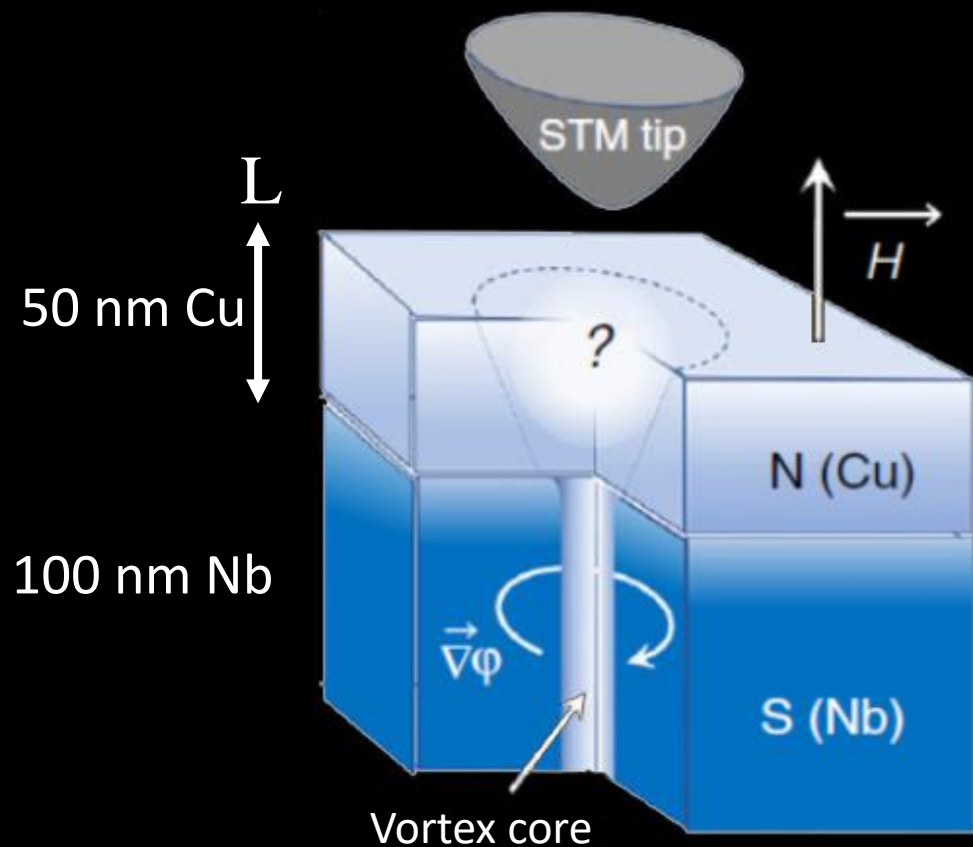


Ex situ elaborated proximity mesoscopic structures for ultrahigh vacuum scanning tunneling spectroscopy

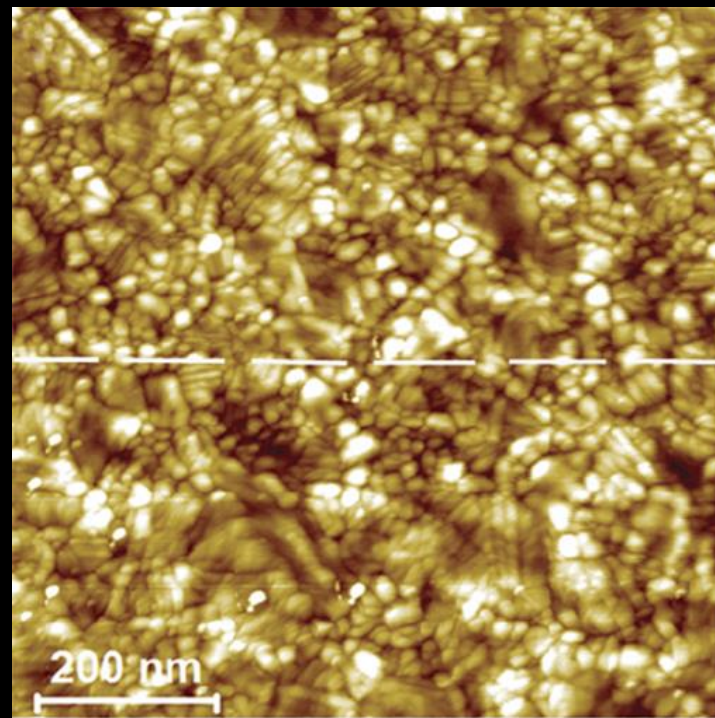
V. S. Stolyarov,^{1,2,3,4,5,6} T. Cren,^{1,2,a)} F. Debontridder,^{1,2} C. Brun,^{1,2} I. S. Veshchunov,^{7,3}
O. V. Skryabina,³ A. Yu. Rusanov,⁸ and D. Roditchev^{1,2,9}

¹UMR 7588, Institut des Nanosciences de Paris, UPMC Univ Paris 06, Sorbonne Universités, F-75005 Paris, France

Proximity effect at the boundary of a superconductor with a nonsuperconducting metal in the diffuse limit



STM topography

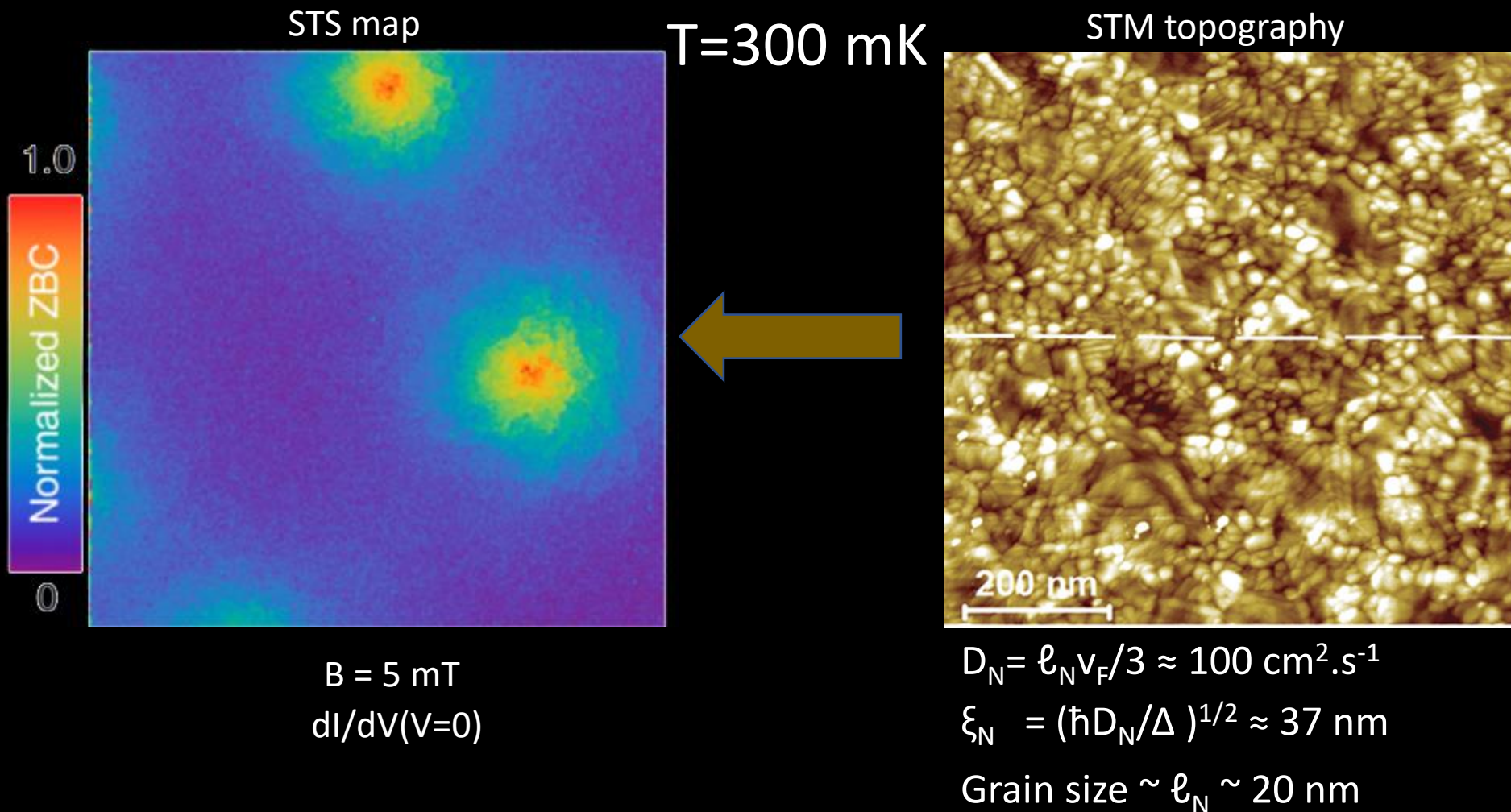


$$D_N = \ell_N v_F / 3 \approx 100 \text{ cm}^2 \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$$

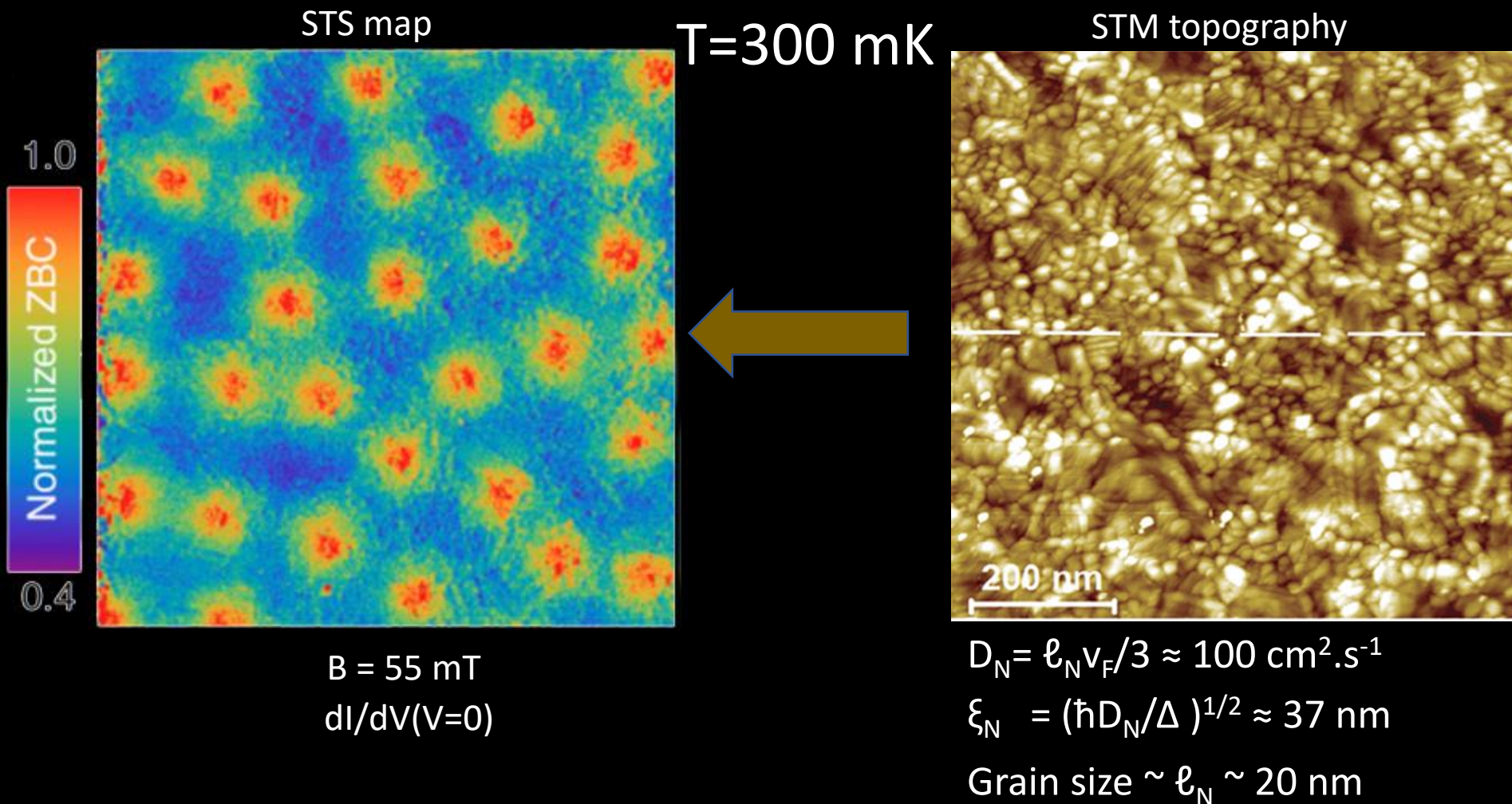
$$\xi_N = (\hbar D_N / \Delta)^{1/2} \approx 37 \text{ nm}$$

$$\text{Grain size} \sim \ell_N \sim 20 \text{ nm}$$

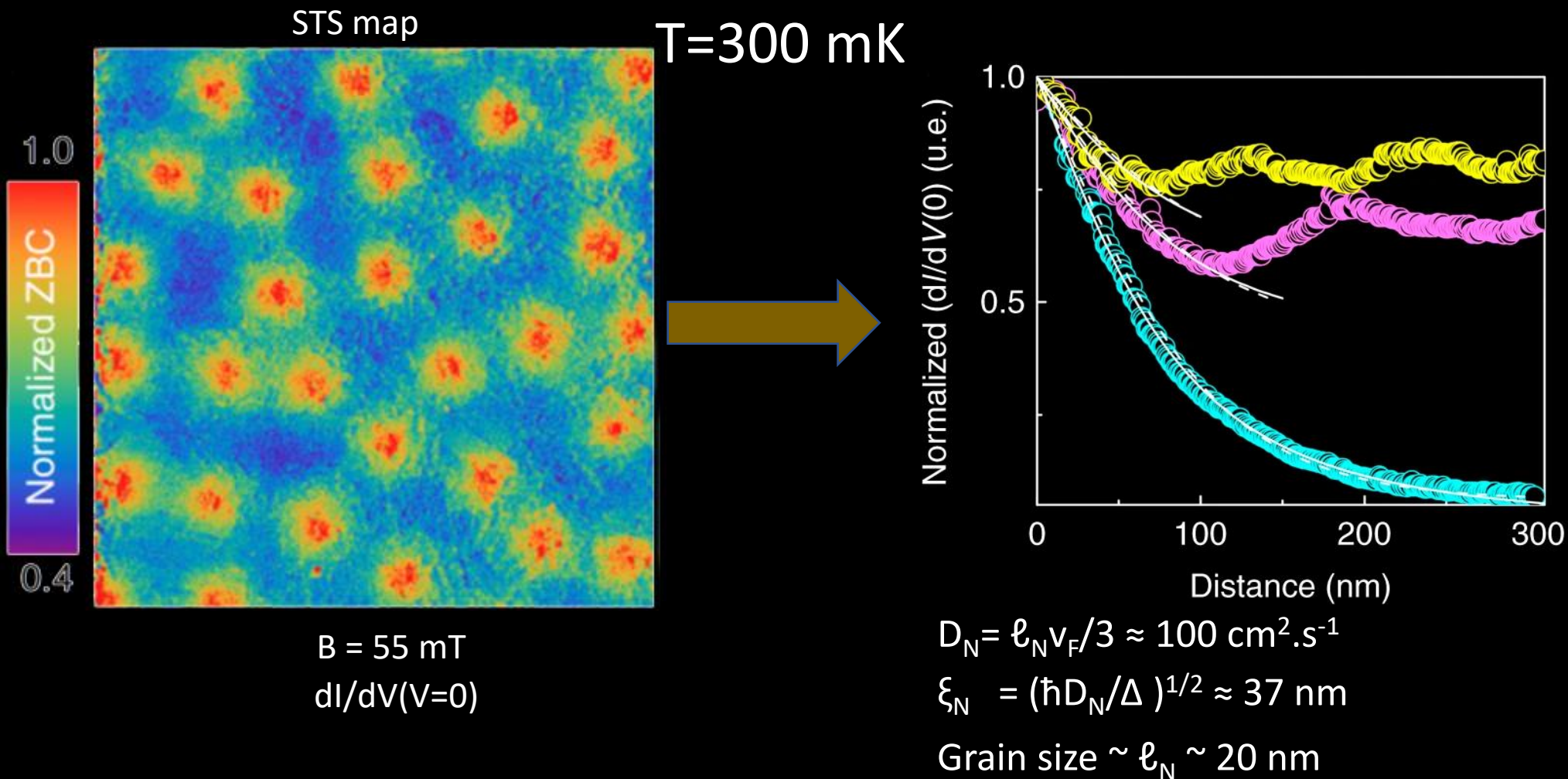
Proximity effect at the boundary of a superconductor with a nonsuperconducting metal in the diffuse limit



Proximity effect at the boundary of a superconductor with a nonsuperconducting metal in the diffuse limit

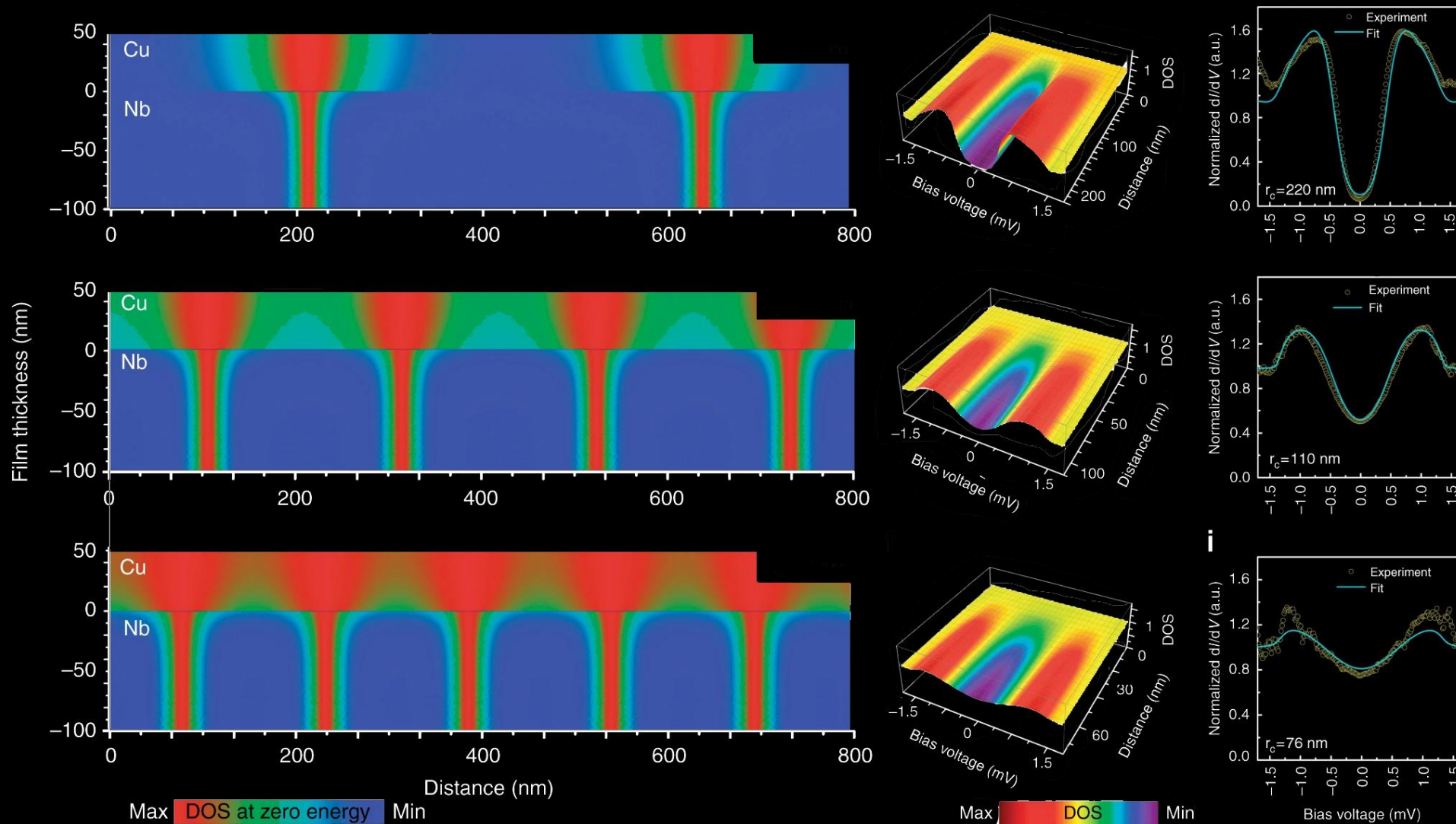


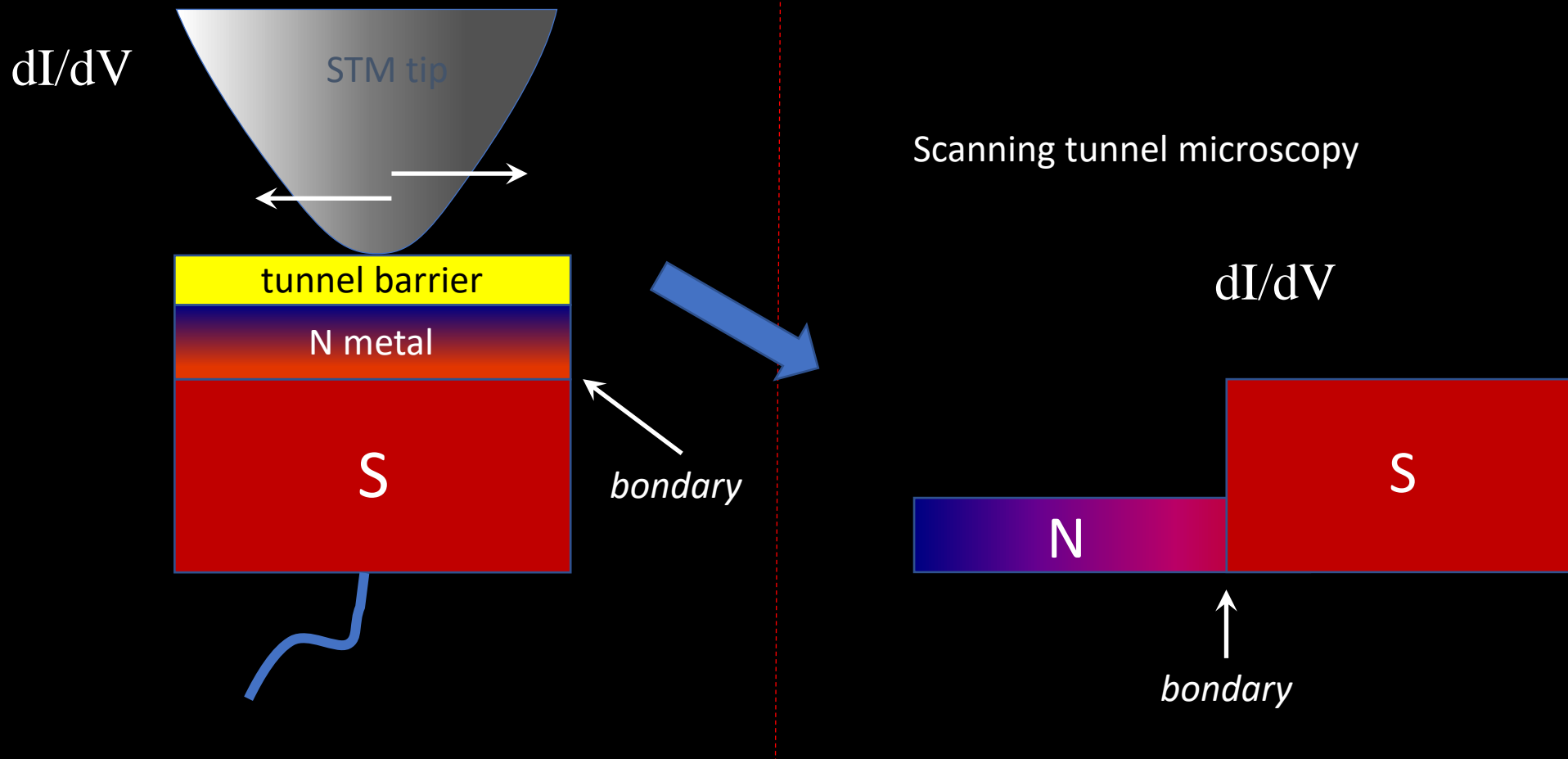
Proximity effect at the boundary of a superconductor with a nonsuperconducting metal in the diffuse limit

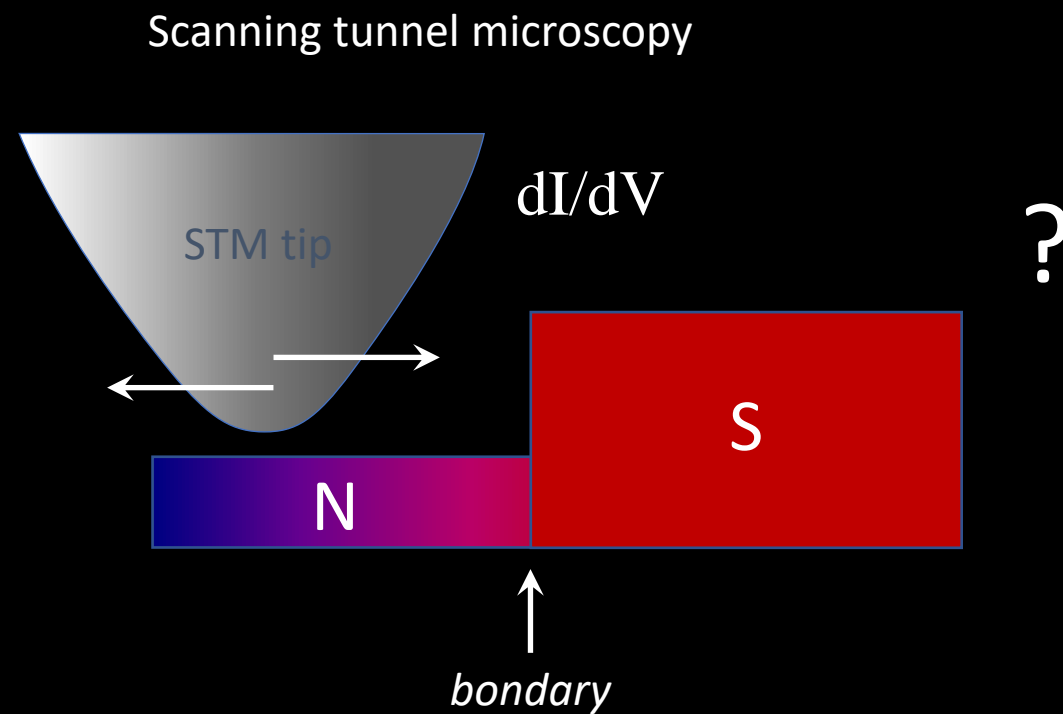


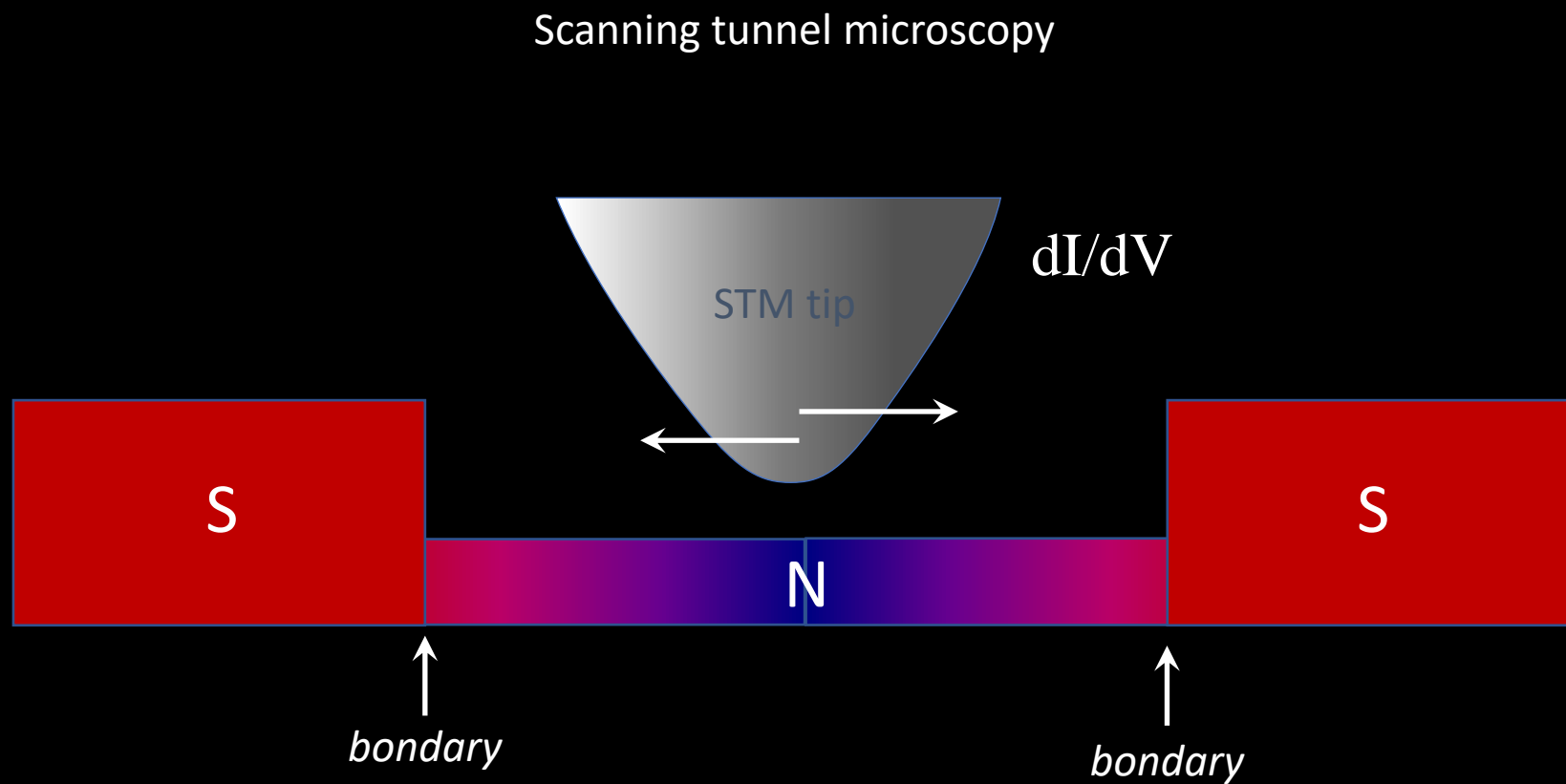
Proximity effect at the boundary of a superconductor with a nonsuperconducting metal in the diffuse limit

$R_b = 150 \text{ Ohm}$



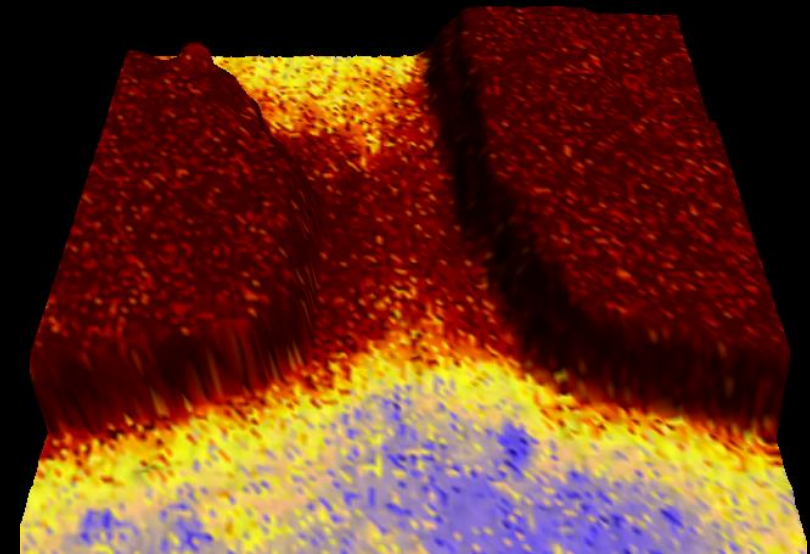






Josephson vortex as a logical state of low-dissipative devices

Part 2: Josephson vortex at SNS



LETTERS

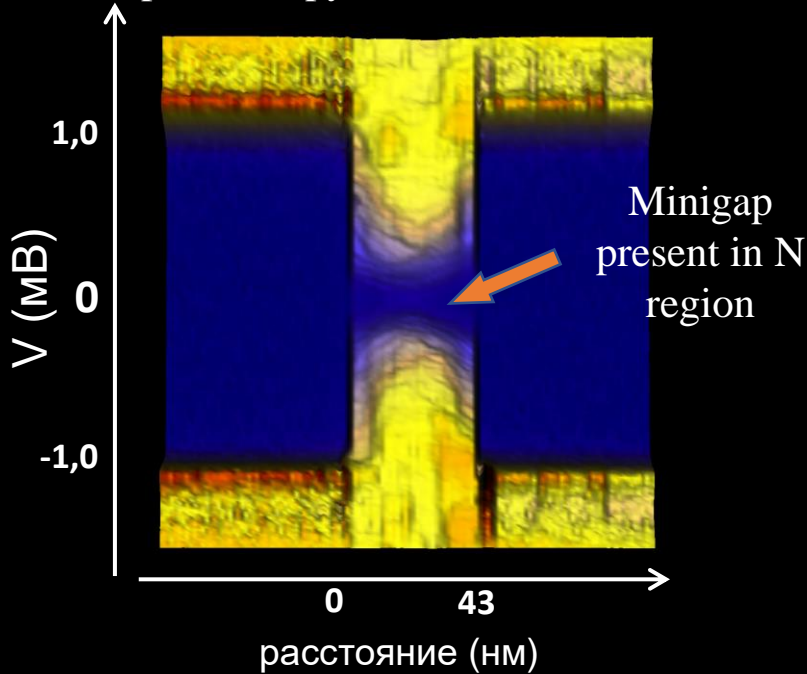
PUBLISHED ONLINE: 23 FEBRUARY 2015 | DOI: 10.1038/NPHYS3240

nature
physics

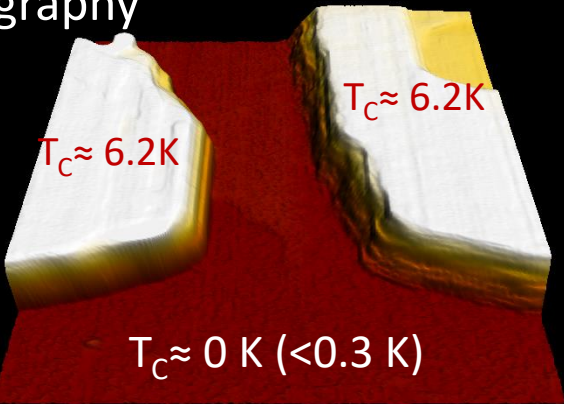
Direct observation of Josephson vortex cores

Dimitri Roditchev^{1,2}, Christophe Brun¹, Lise Serrier-Garcia¹, Juan Carlos Cuevas³,
 Vagner Henrique Loiola Bessa⁴, Milorad Vlado Milošević^{4,5}, François Debontridder¹,
 Vasily Stolyarov¹ and Tristan Cren^{1*}

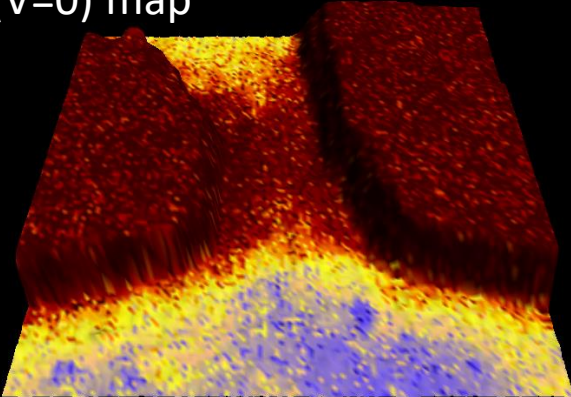
dI/dV- spectroscopy in linear distribution



topography



STS ($V=0$) map



LETTERS

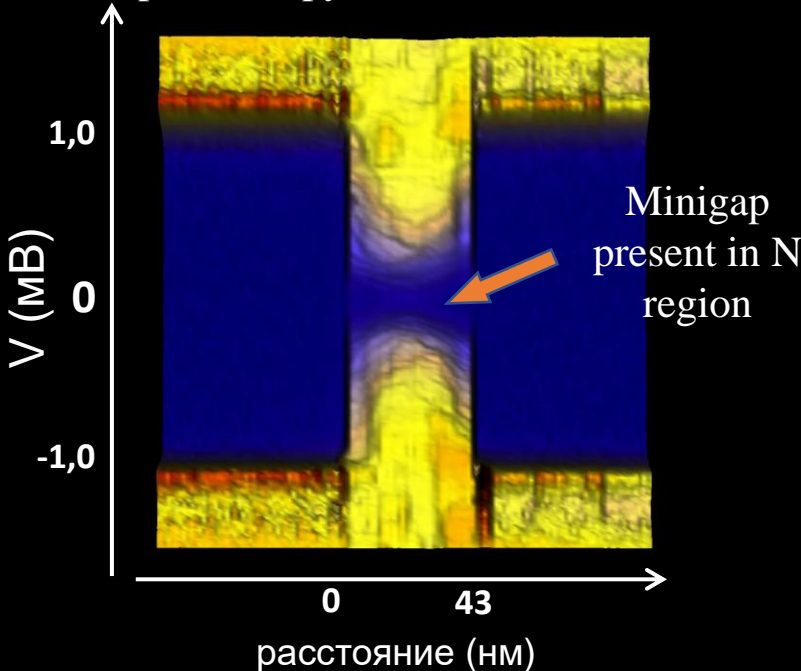
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Direct observation of Josephson vortex cores

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Vasily Stolyarov¹ and Tristan Cren^{1*}

dI/dV - spectroscopy in linear distribution



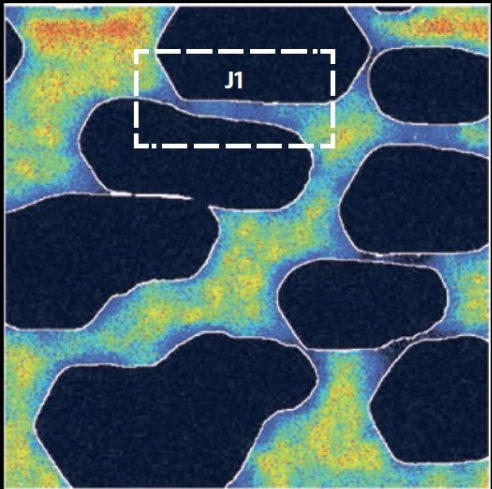
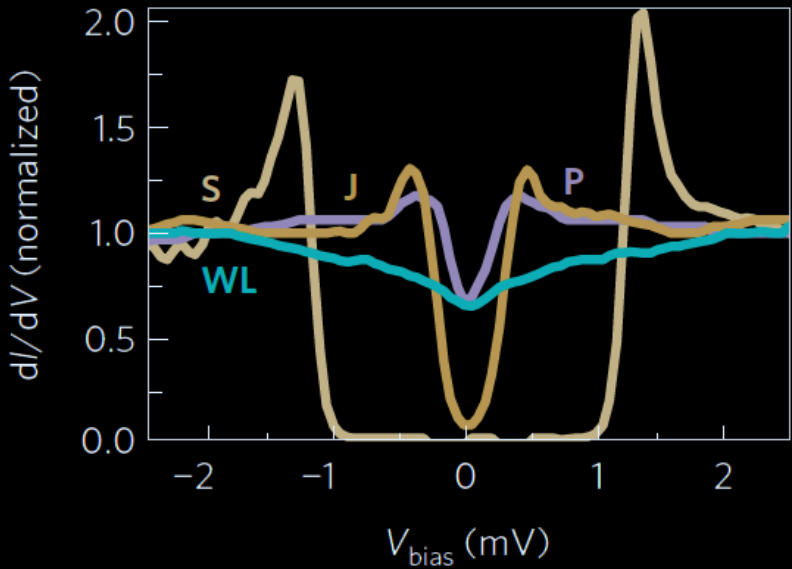
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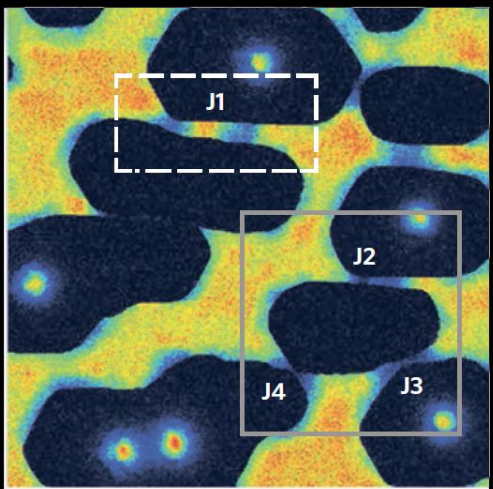
nature
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Direct observation of Josephson vortex cores

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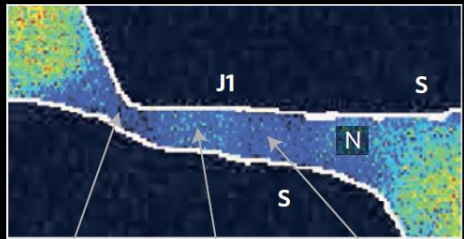
0 mT



60 mT



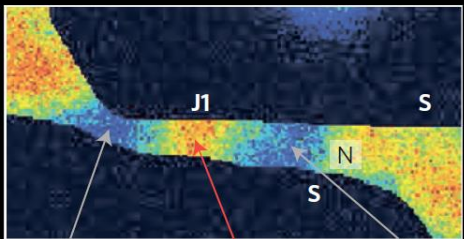
High
Low
Conductance



A

B

C



A

B

C

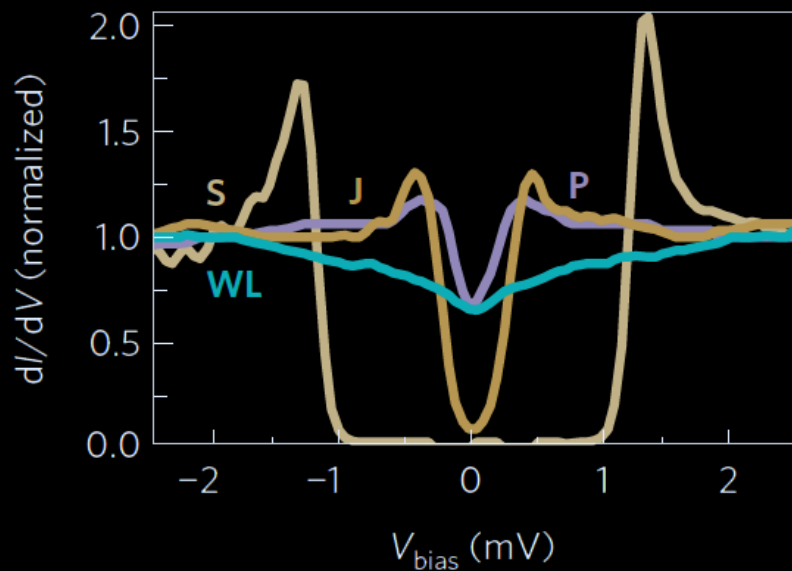
LETTERS

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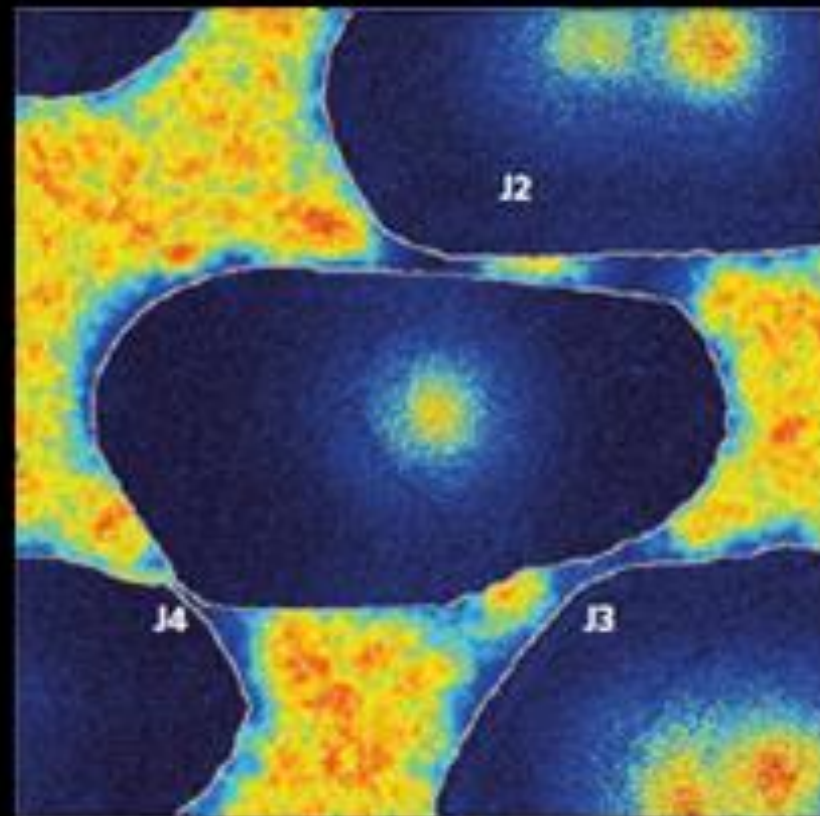
nature
physics

Direct observation of Josephson vortex cores

Dimitri Roditchev^{1,2}, Christophe Brun¹, Lise Serrier-Garcia¹, Juan Carlos Cuevas³,
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Vasily Stolyarov¹ and Tristan Cren^{1*}

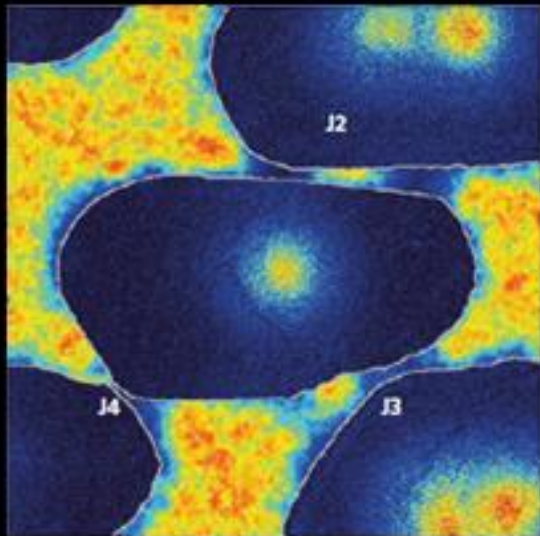


120 mT

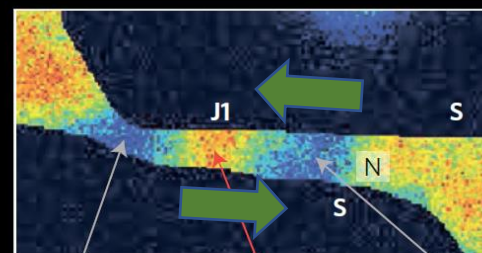
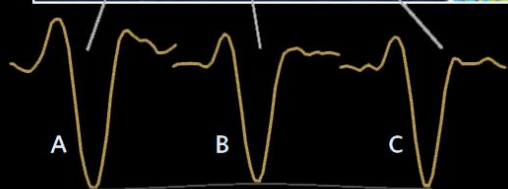
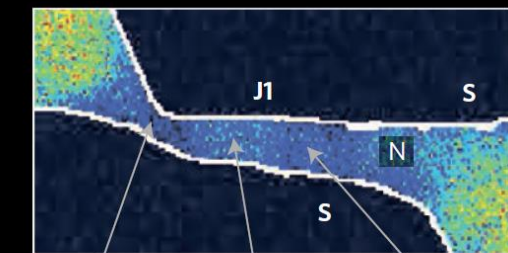
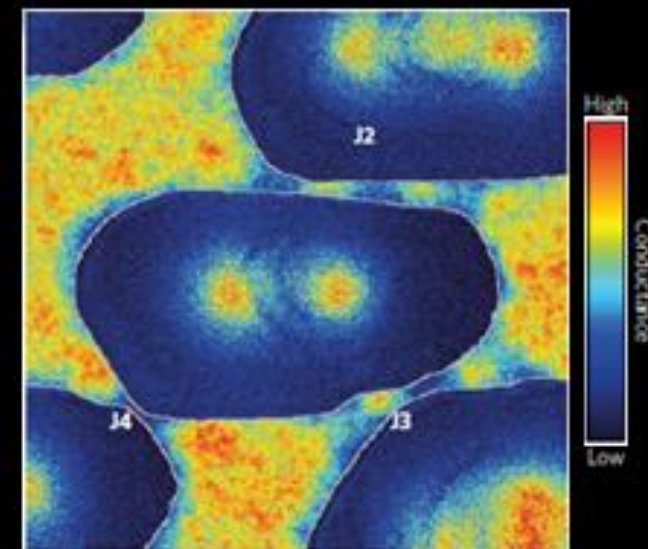


Josephson vortex: direct observation

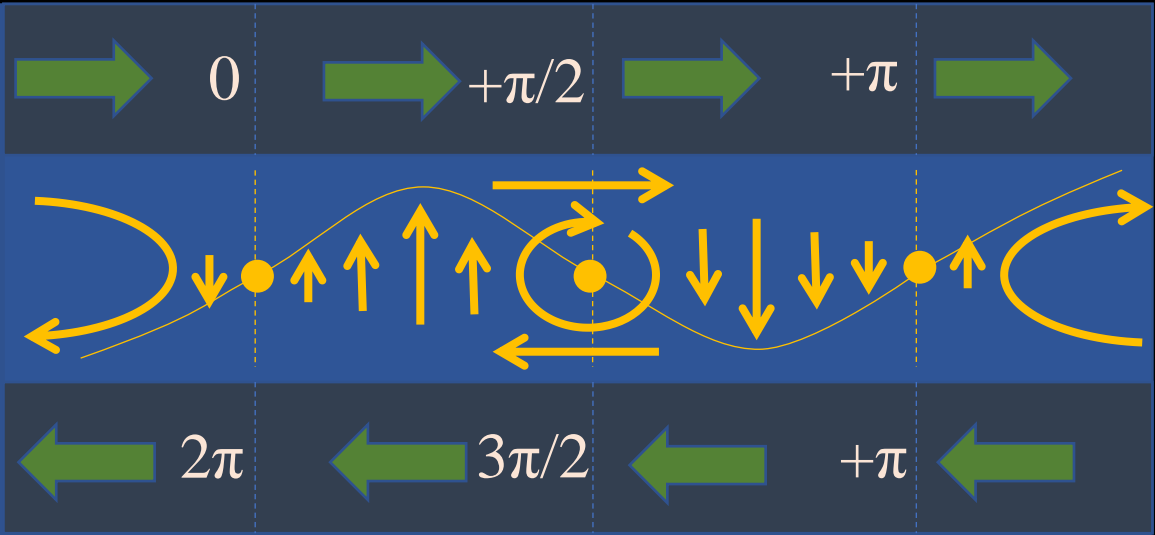
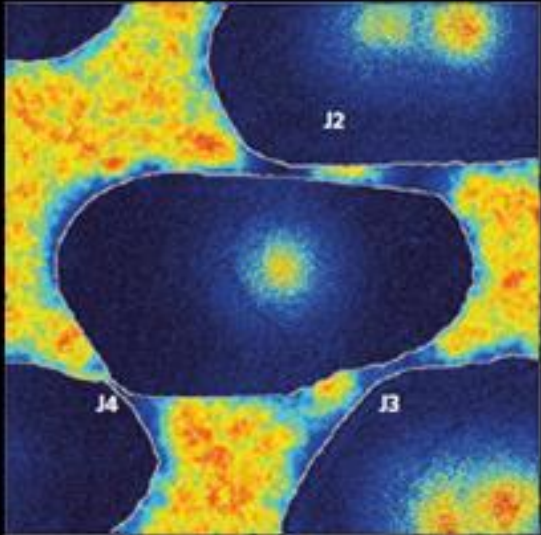
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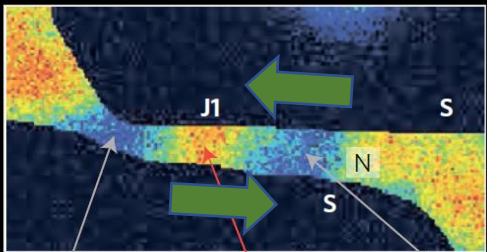
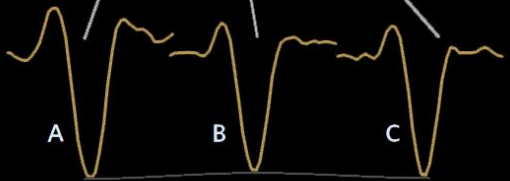
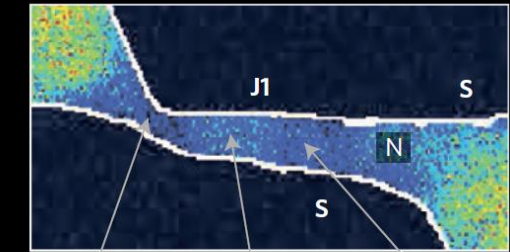
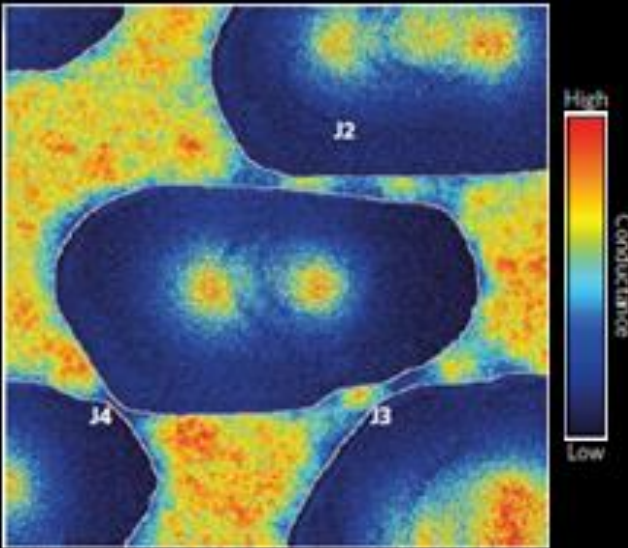
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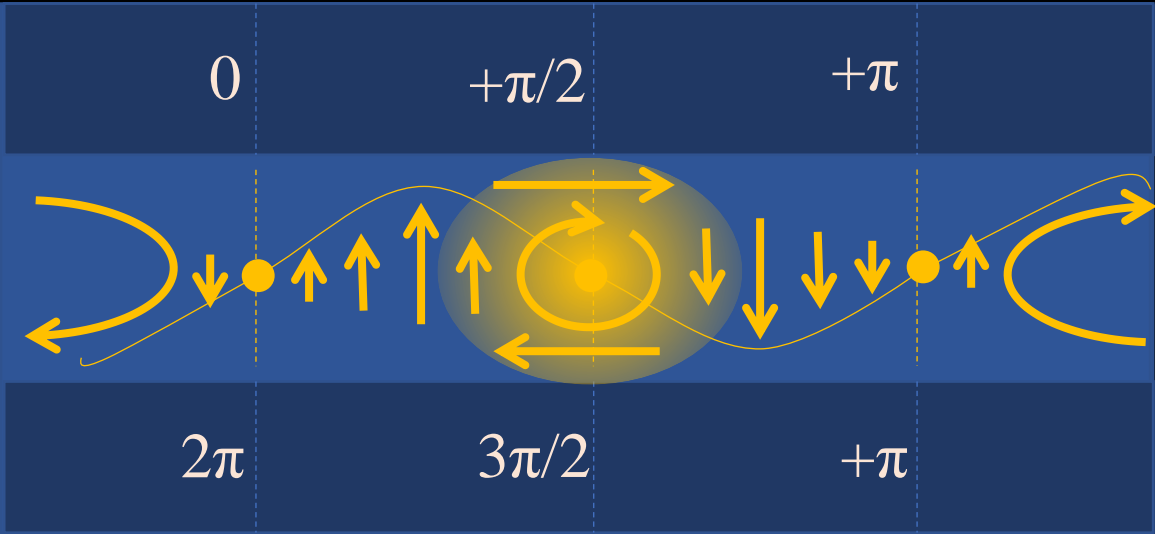
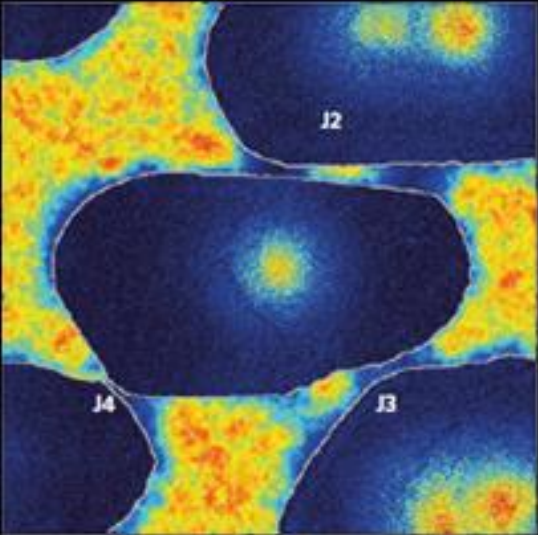
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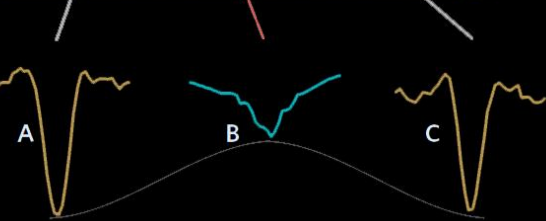
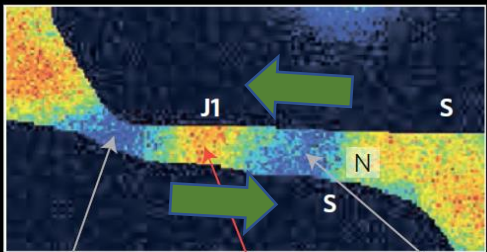
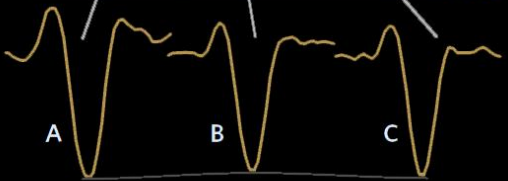
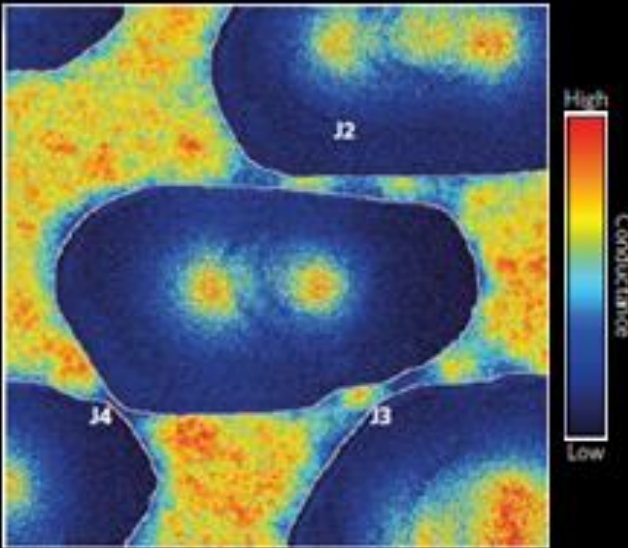
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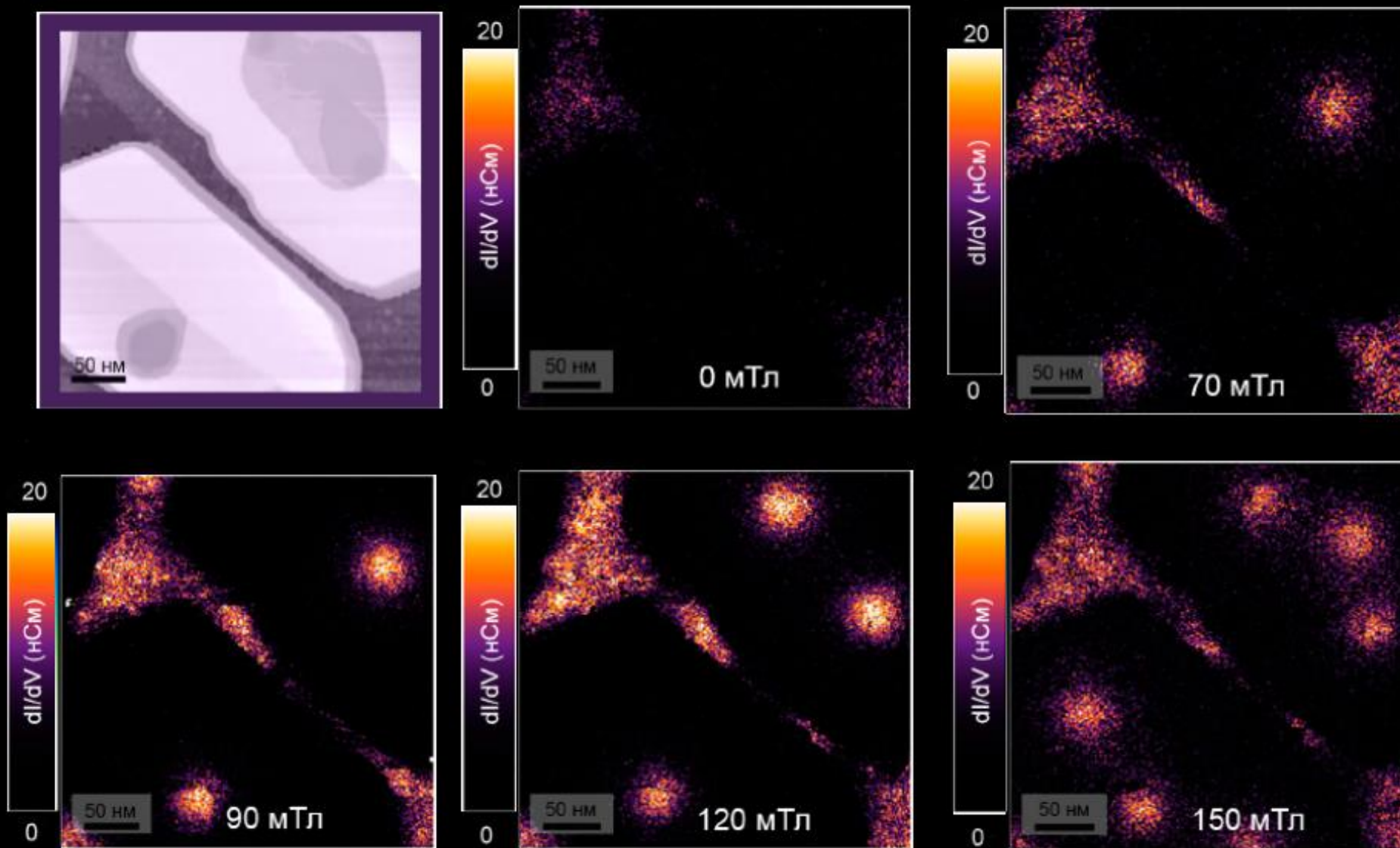
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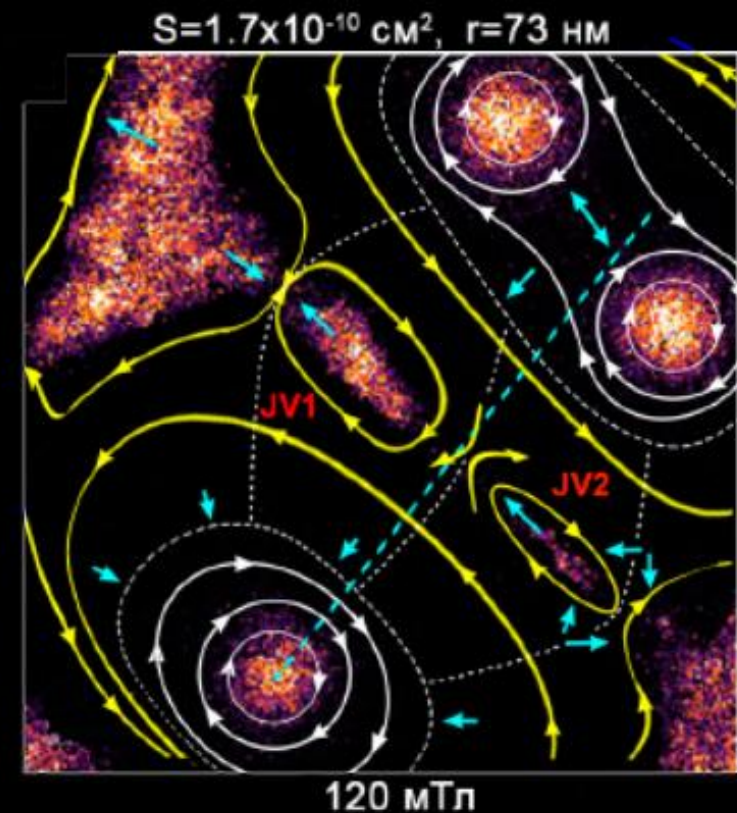
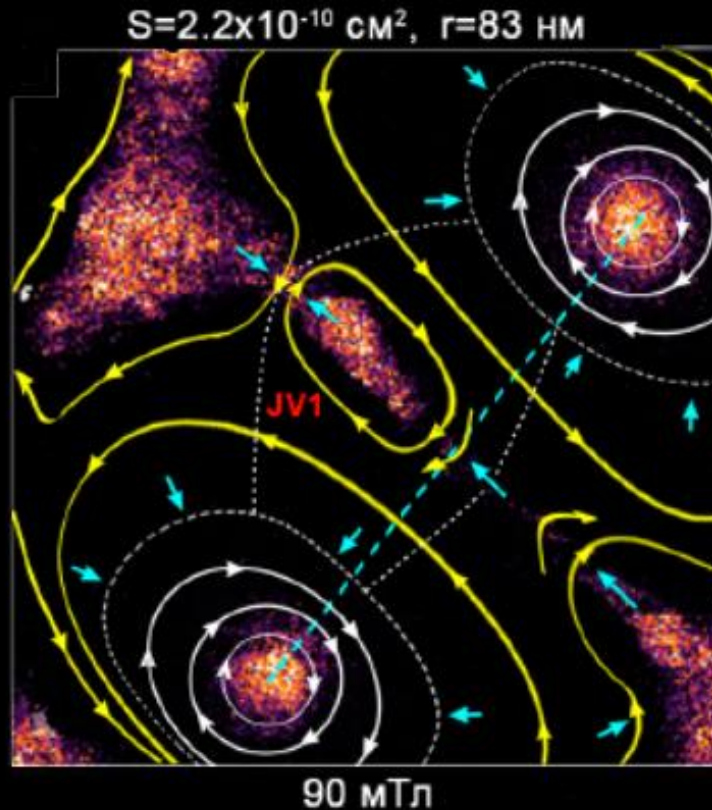
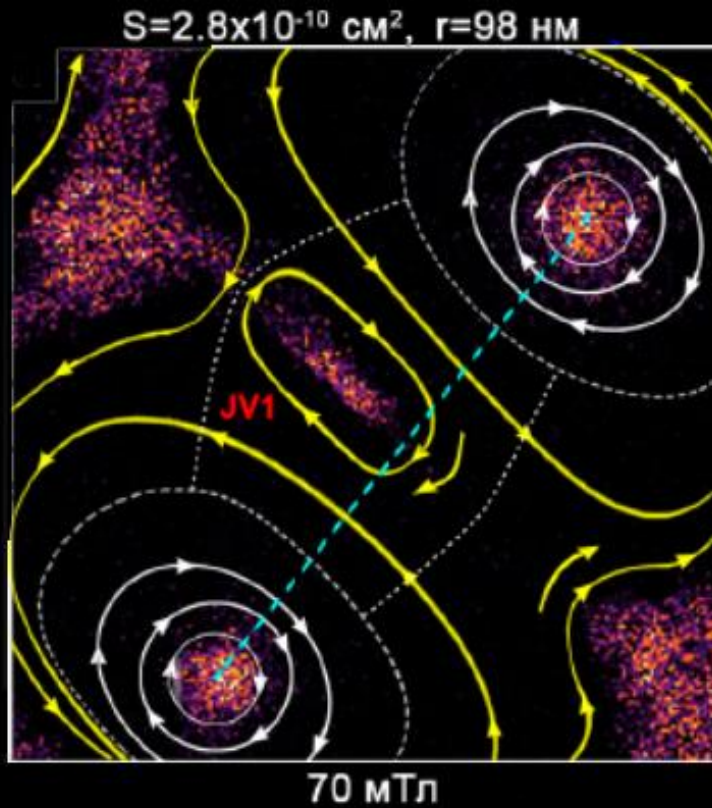


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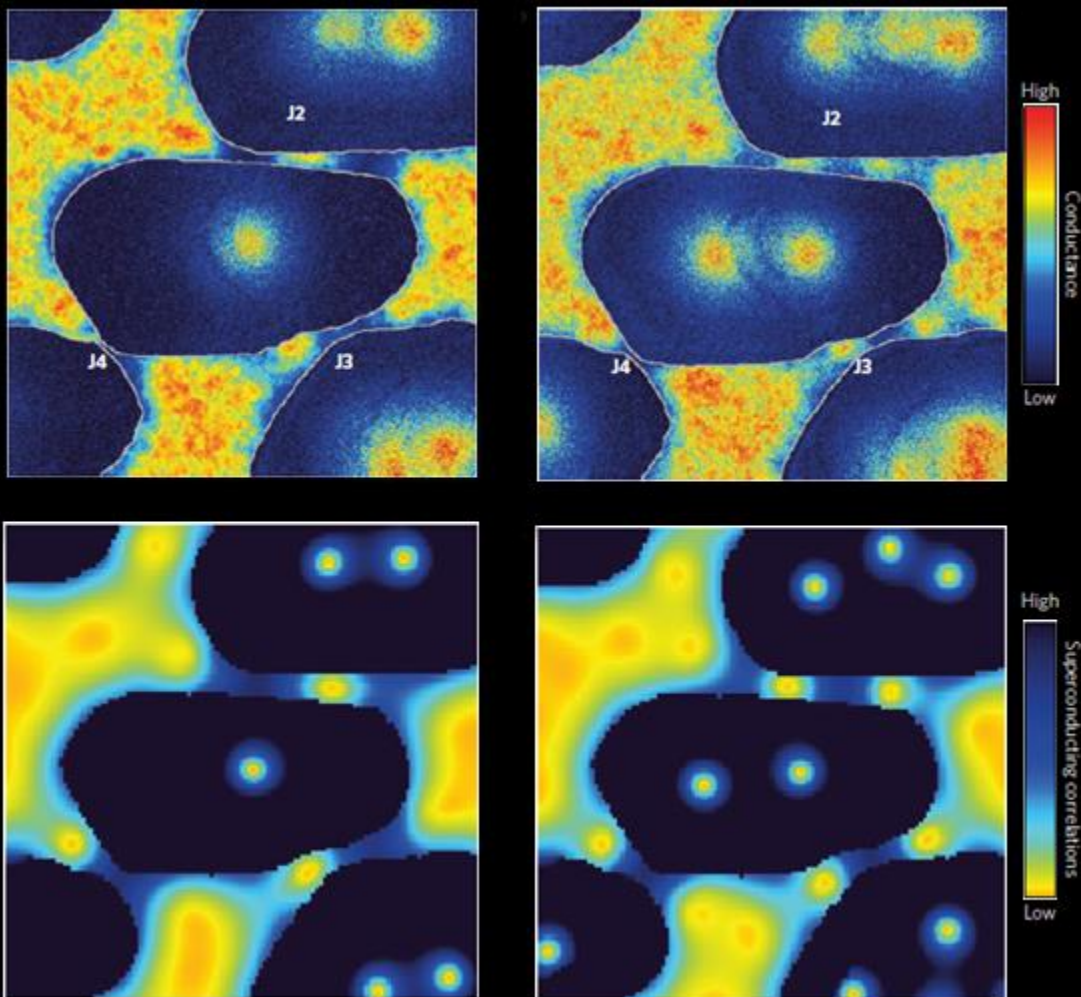


Josephson vortex: direct observation

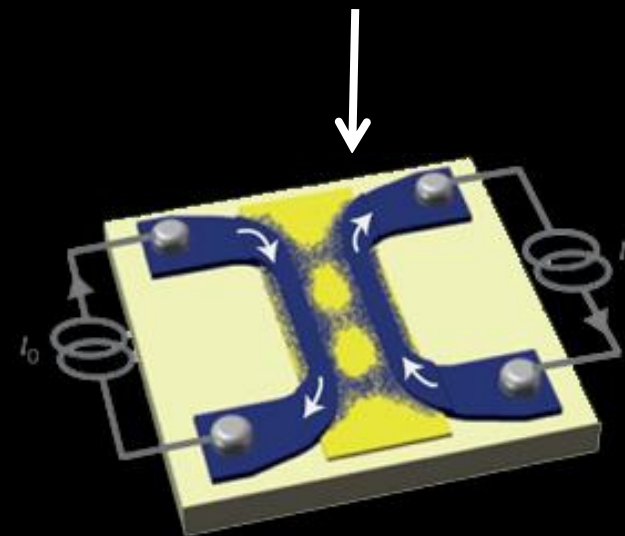




Josephson vortex: direct observation

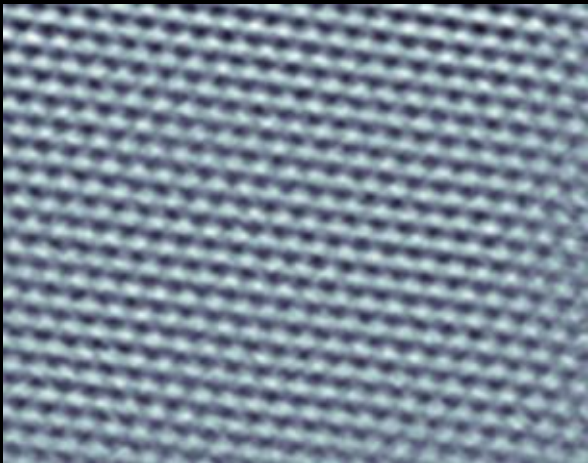


Suggested logical device

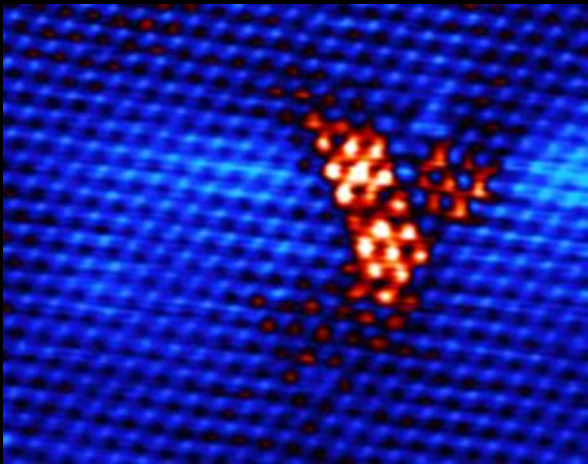


How to measure the presence of a vortex without destroying the superconductivity?

$\text{Fe}_x\text{Bi}_2\text{Te}_3$

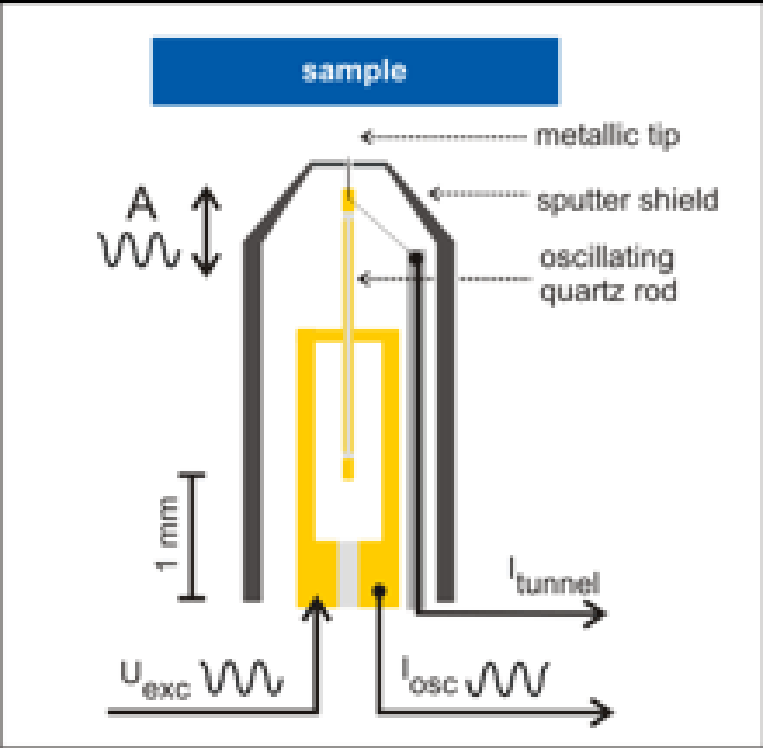


топография AFM



Топография STM

Scanning probe microscopy from SPECS к Attocube

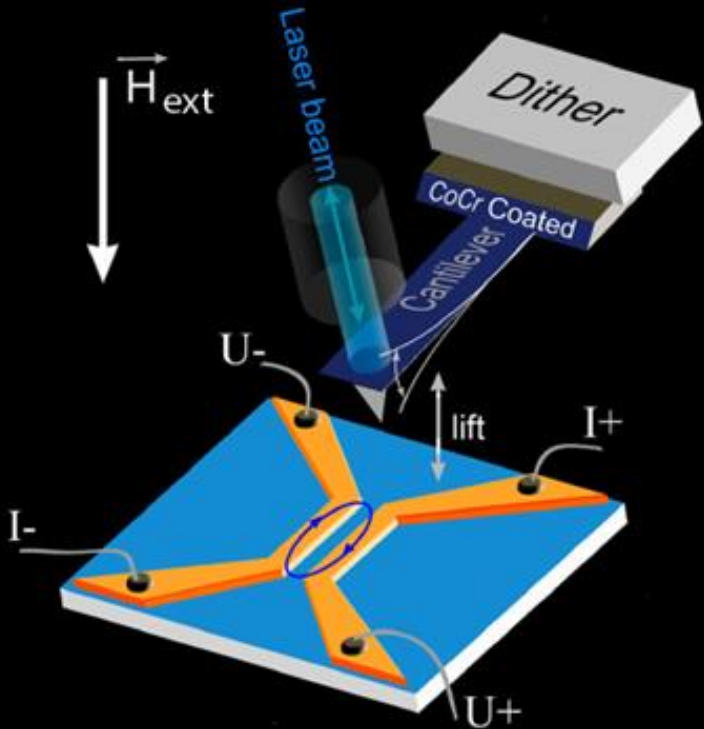


APPLIED PHYSICS LETTERS 111, 251601 (2017)



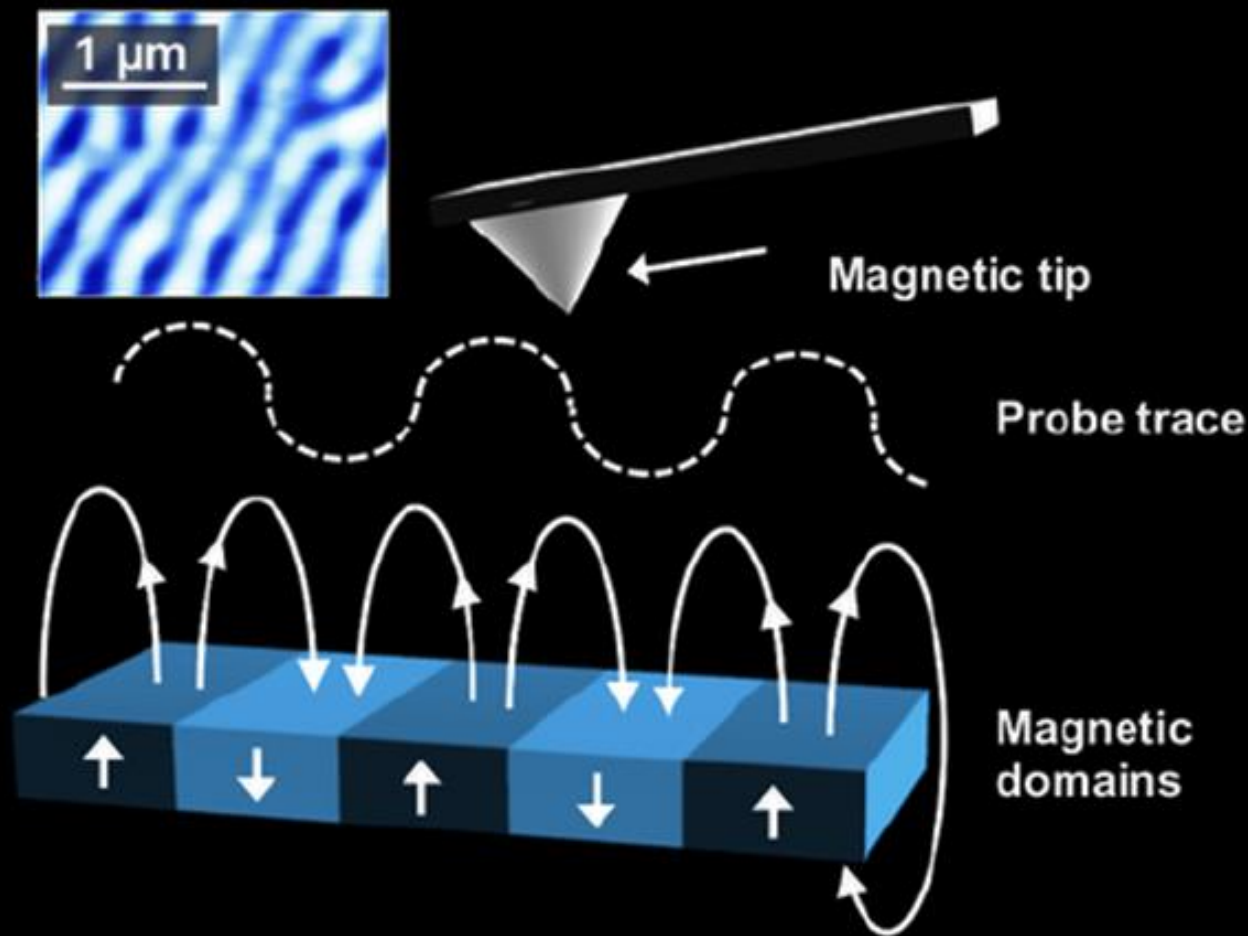
Double Fe-impurity charge state in the topological insulator Bi_2Se_3

V. S. Stolyarov,^{1,2,3,4,5,6,a)} S. V. Remizov,^{7,8} D. S. Shapiro,^{7,8,2} S. Pons,¹ S. Vlaic,¹ H. Aubin,¹ D. S. Baranov,^{2,3,9} Ch. Brun,⁹ L. V. Yashina,⁴ S. I. Bozhko,³ T. Cren,⁹ W. V. Pogosov,^{2,7,10} and D. Roditchev^{1,2,9}
¹Laboratoire de Physique et d'Etudes des Matériaux, ESPCI-Paris, CNRS and UPMC Univ Paris 6-UMR 8213, 10 rue Vauquelin, 75005 Paris, France



Investigation of the dynamics of Josephson vortices using a magnetic force microscope

- ✓ STM - what is being measured: tunneling current between the metal tip and the conductive sample
- ✓ MFM - what is being measured: deformation of a thin cantilever due to a local magnetic force between the magnetic tip and the magnetic sample



Investigation of the dynamics of Josephson vortices using a magnetic force microscope

NANO LETTERS

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Letter

Revealing Josephson Vortex Dynamics in Proximity Junctions below Critical Current

Vasily S. Stolyarov,* Vsevolod Ruzhitskiy, Razmik A. Hovhannisyan, Sergey Grebenchuk, Andrey G. Shishkin, Olga V. Skryabina, Igor A. Golovchanskiy, Alexander A. Golubov, Nikolay V. Klenov, Igor I. Soloviev, Mikhail Yu. Kupriyanov, Alexander Andriyash, and Dimitri Roditchev

ARTICLE

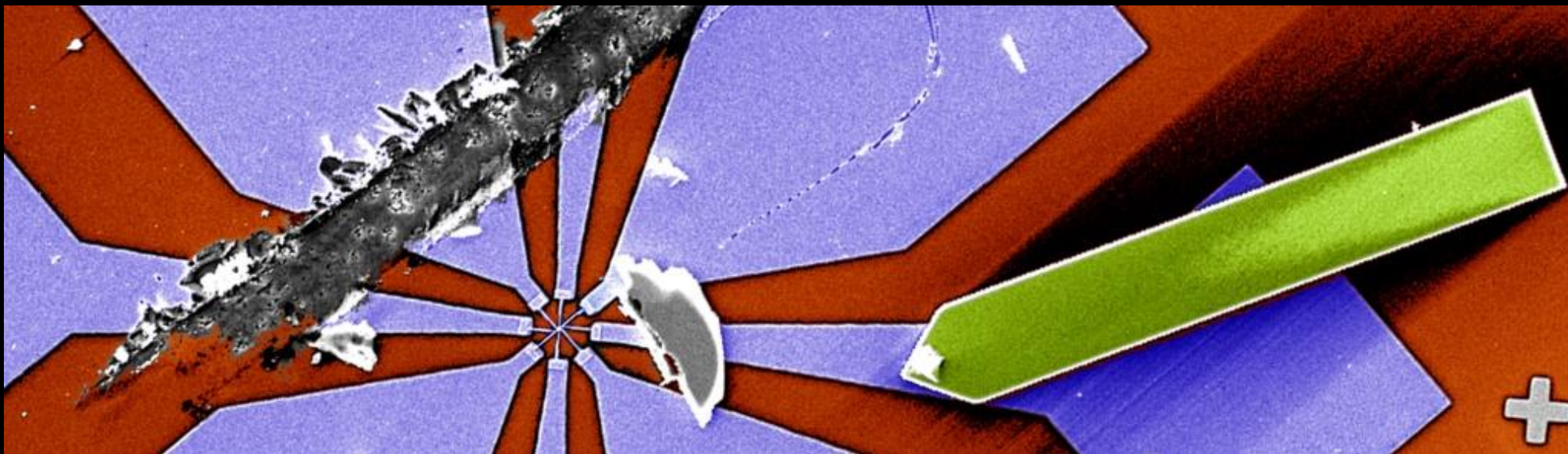
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-019-11924-0>

OPEN

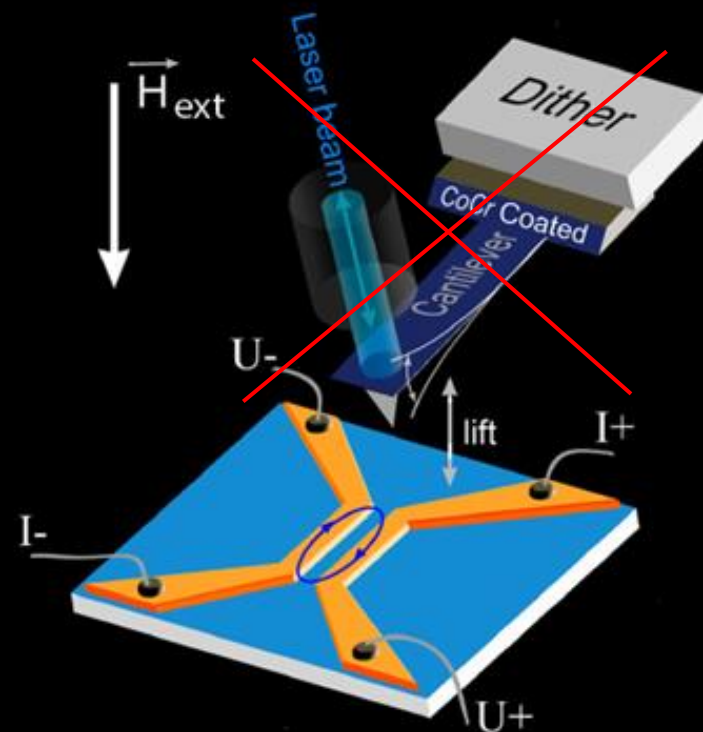
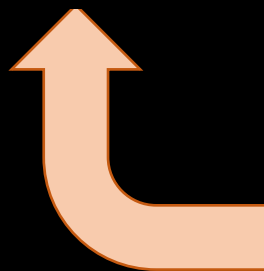
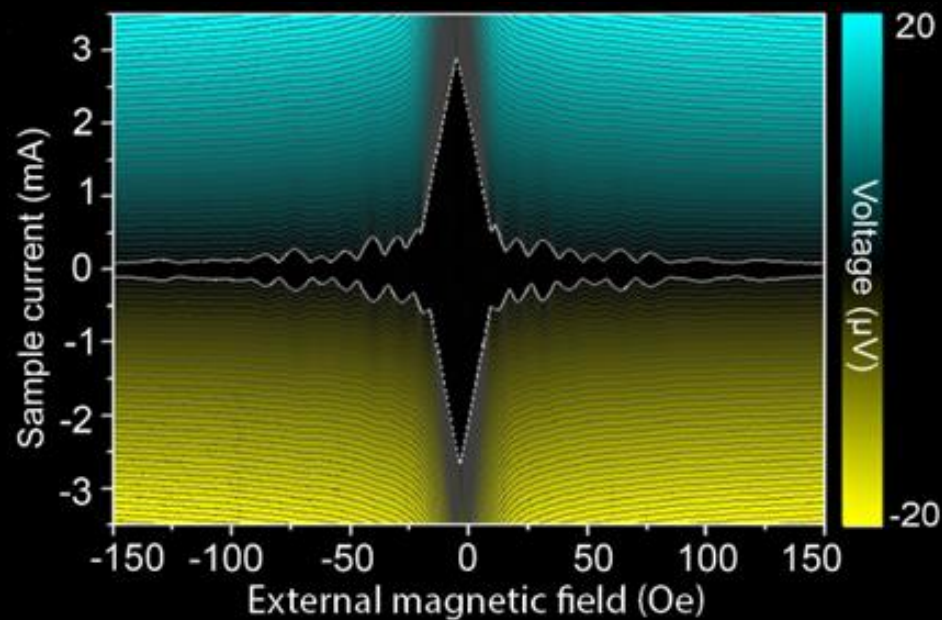


Local Josephson vortex generation and manipulation with a Magnetic Force Microscope

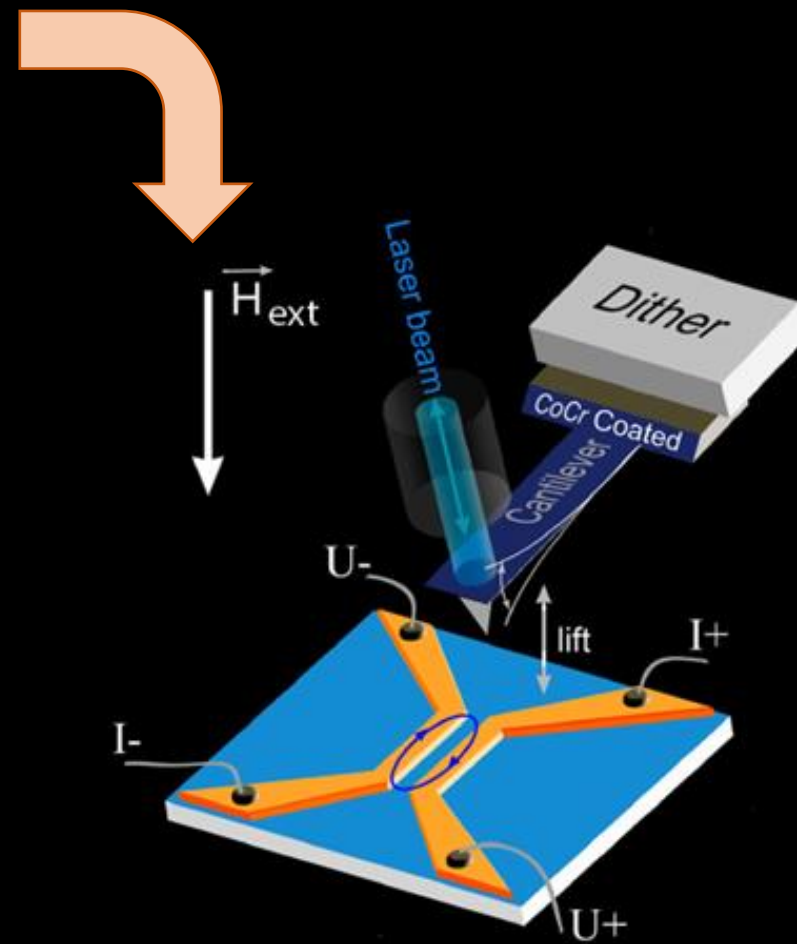
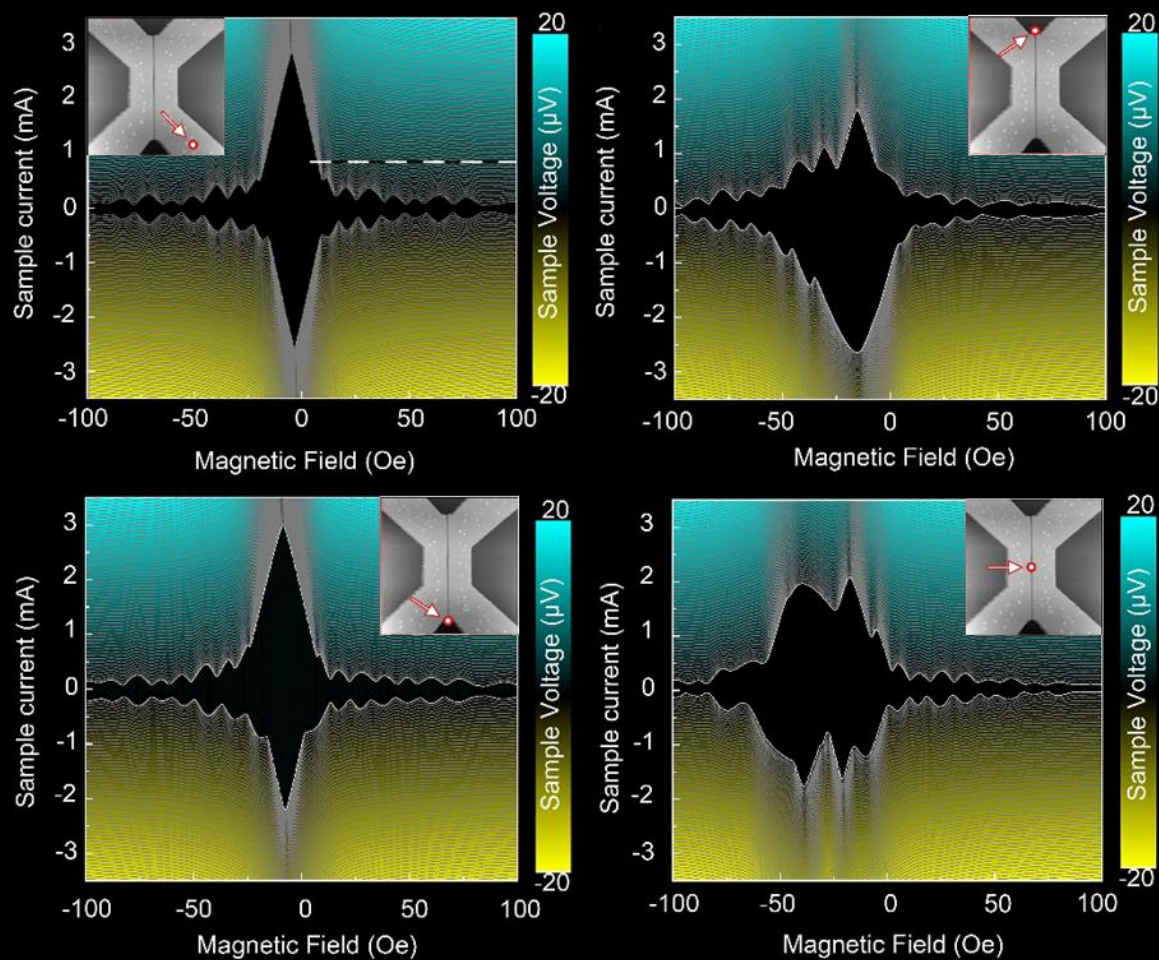
Viacheslav V. Dremov^{1,2}, Sergey Yu. Grebenchuk¹, Andrey G. Shishkin¹, Denis S. Baranov^{1,3,4}, Razmik A. Hovhannisyan¹, Olga V. Skryabina^{1,3}, Nikolay Lebedev¹, Igor A. Golovchanskiy^{1,5}, Vladimir I. Chichkov⁵, Christophe Brun⁶, Tristan Cren⁶, Vladimir M. Krasnov^{1,7}, Alexander A. Golubov^{1,8}, Dimitri Roditchev^{1,4,9} & Vasily S. Stolyarov^{1,5,10,11}



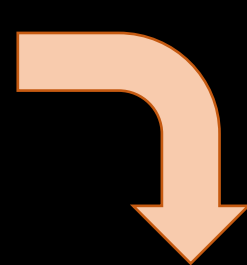
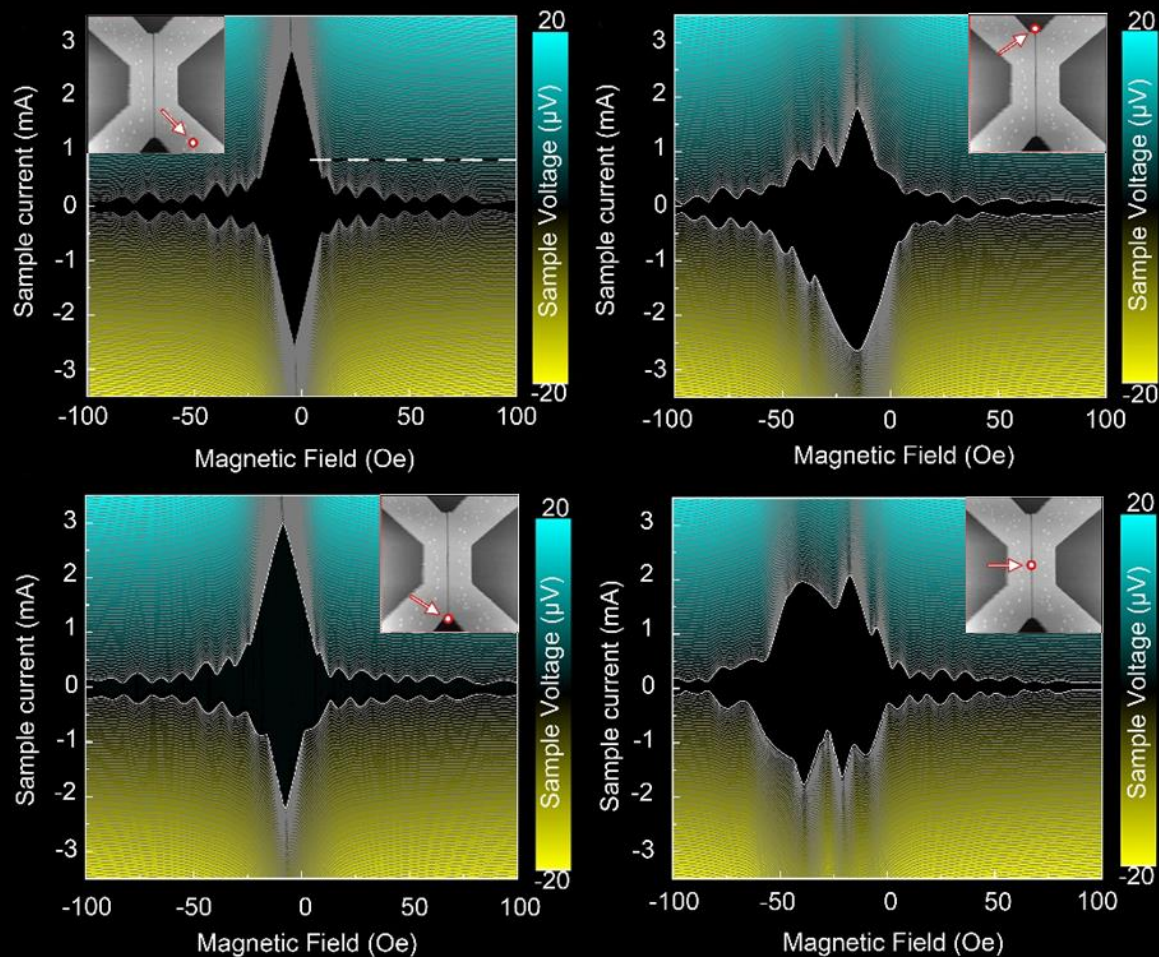
Investigation of the dynamics of Josephson vortices using a magnetic force microscope



Investigation of the dynamics of Josephson vortices using a magnetic force microscope



Investigation of the dynamics of Josephson vortices using a magnetic force microscope



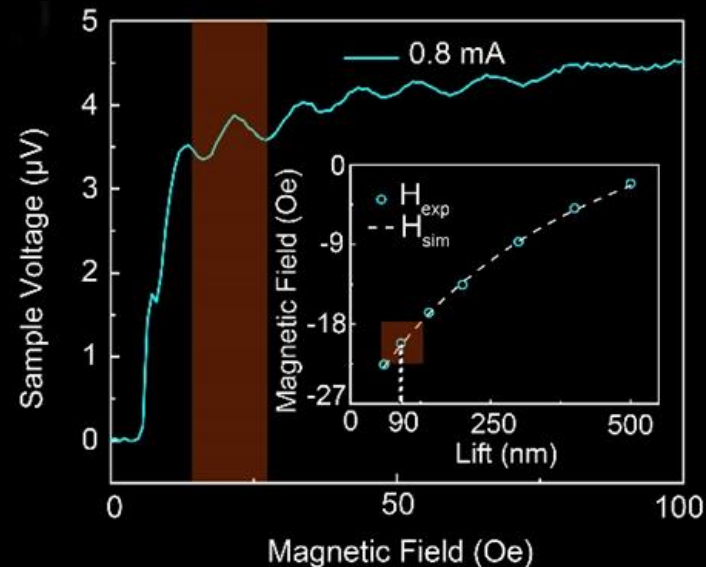
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LETTERS
A JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

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Letter

Lateral Josephson Junctions as Sensors for Magnetic Microscopy at Nanoscale

Razmik A. Hovhannisyan, Sergey Yu. Grebenchuk, Denis S. Baranov, Dimitri Roditchev, and Vasily S. Stolyarov*



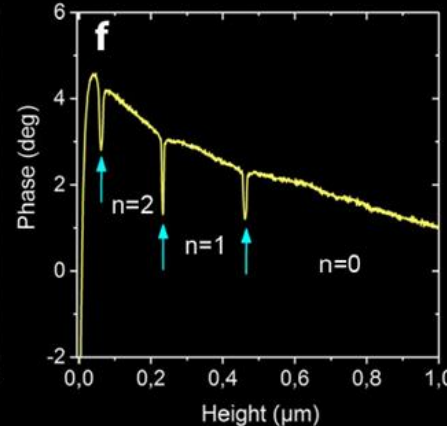
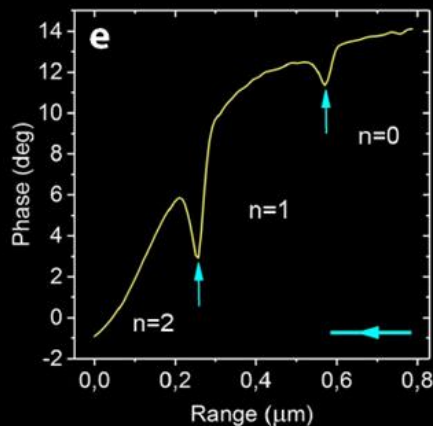
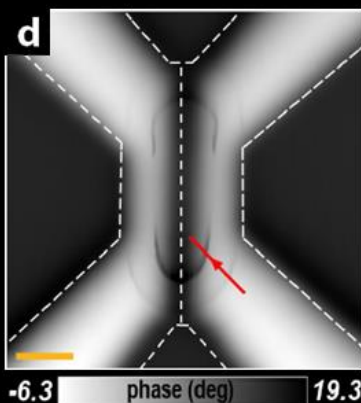
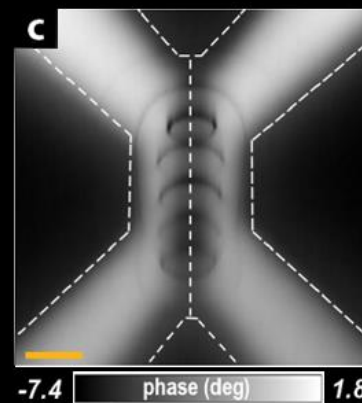
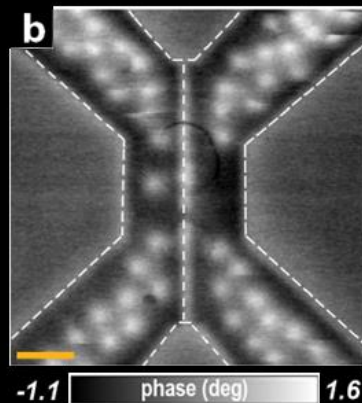
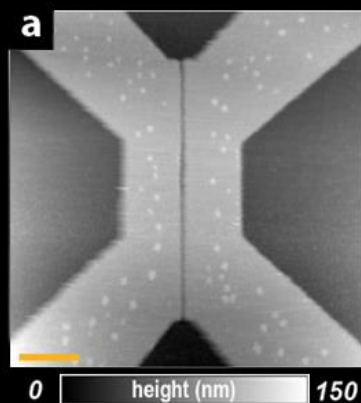
Investigation of the dynamics of Josephson vortices using a magnetic force microscope

a: topographic AFM image of the device

b: when the device is field cooled in a 90 Oe (the tip is raised by 150 nm).

c: when a field of 90 Oe is applied to the device in zero field cooled (the tip is raised by 70 nm).

d: when no magnetic field is applied to the in zero field cooled device (the tip is raised by 70 nm).



PHYSICAL REVIEW RESEARCH 2, 023105 (2020)

Observation of interacting Josephson vortex chains by magnetic force microscopy

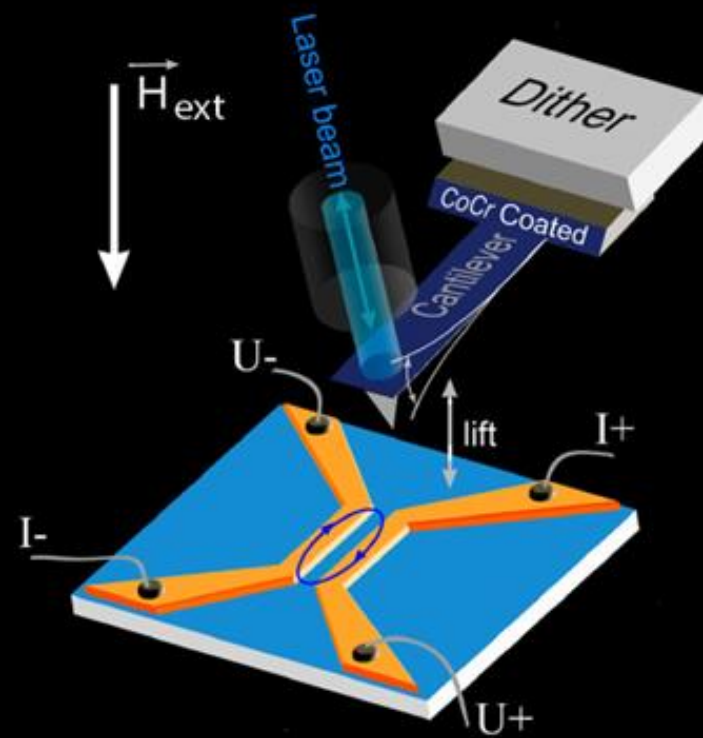
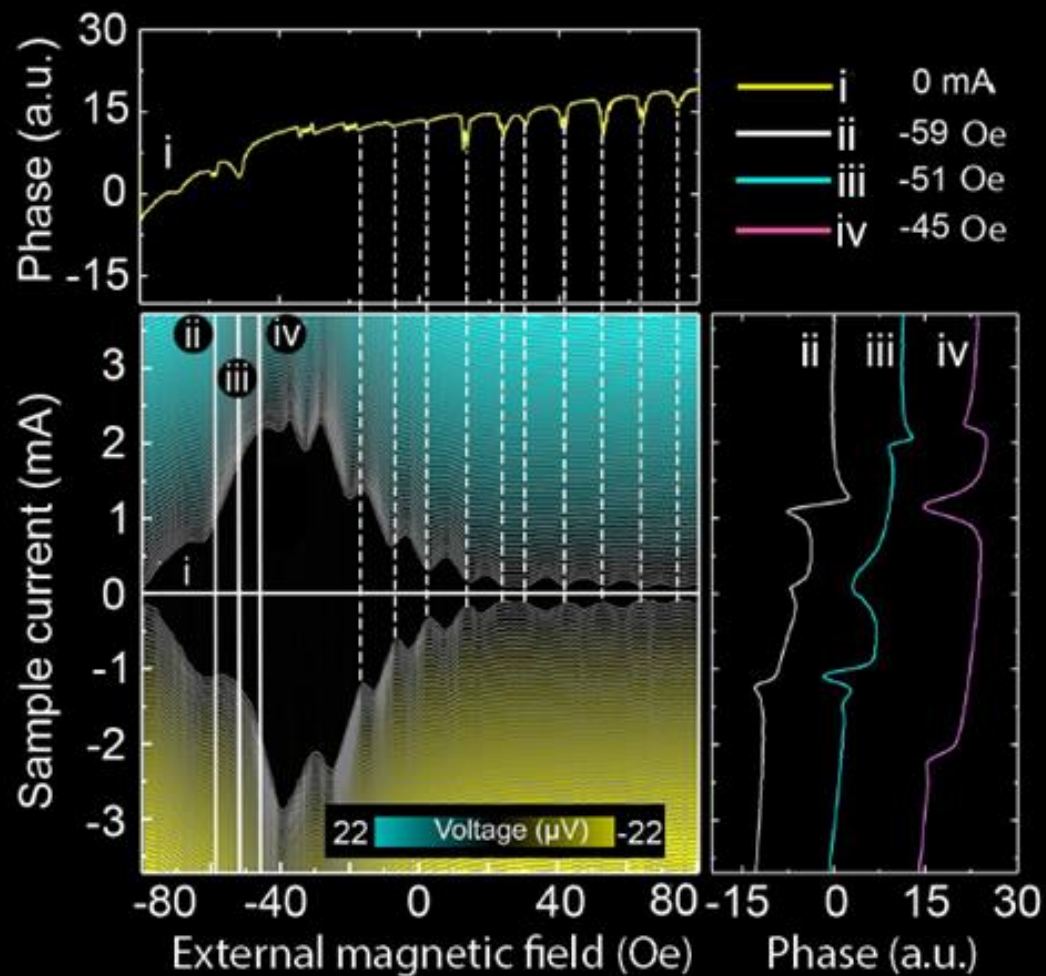
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e: spatial change in the phase signal along the line indicated by the red arrow on the map.

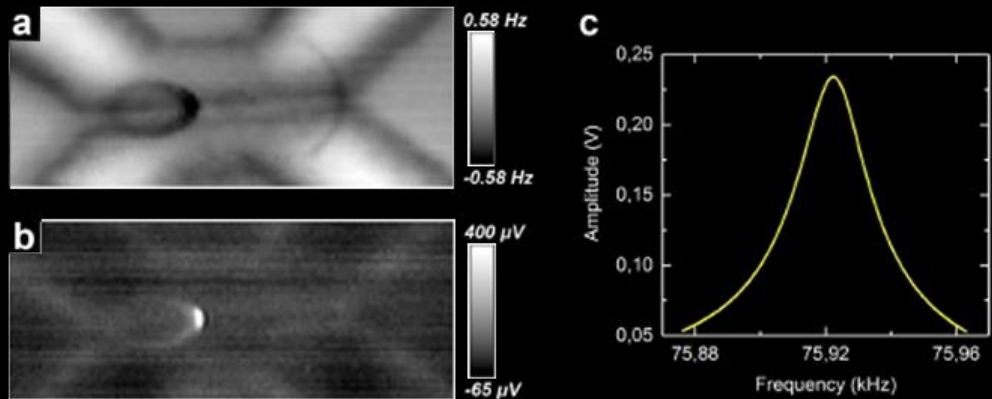
d: each phase drop limits different Josephson configurations with vortex numbers $n=0, 1, 2$.

f: phase change with tip height when the tip is above the center of the device. Red arrows and numbers of vortices $n=0, 1, 2$ are the same as in e

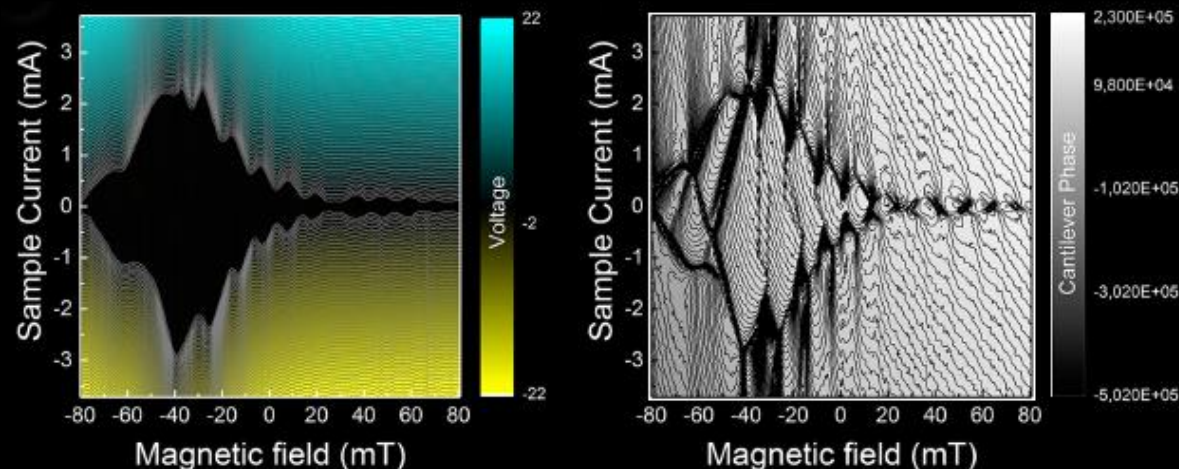
Investigation of the dynamics of Josephson vortices using a magnetic force microscope



Investigation of the dynamics of Josephson vortices using a magnetic force microscope



- MCM Frequency Shift Maps
- Drive voltage shift. These images were measured using constant amplitude phase locked loop (PLL).
- Resonance curve of cantilever oscillations.

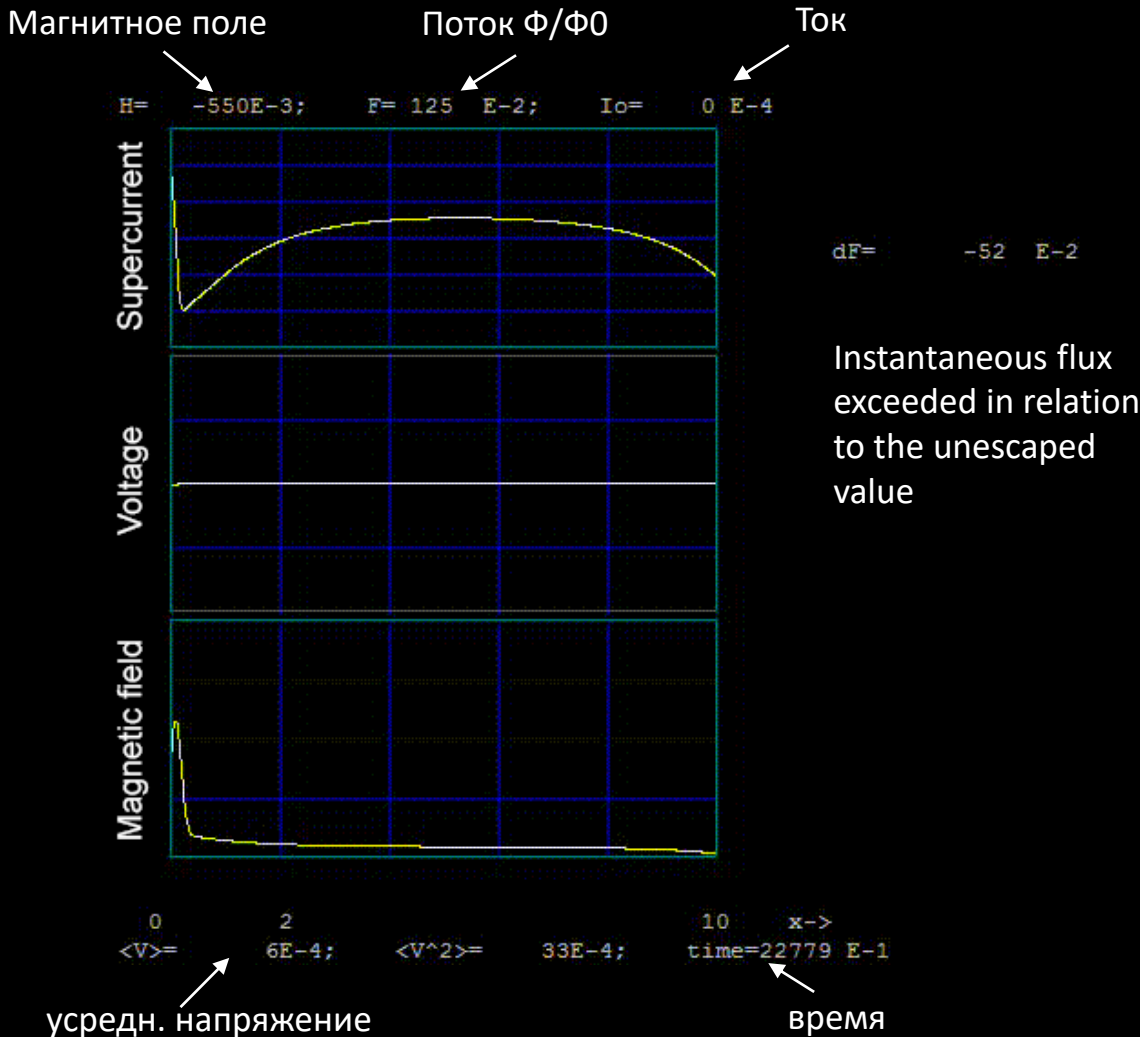
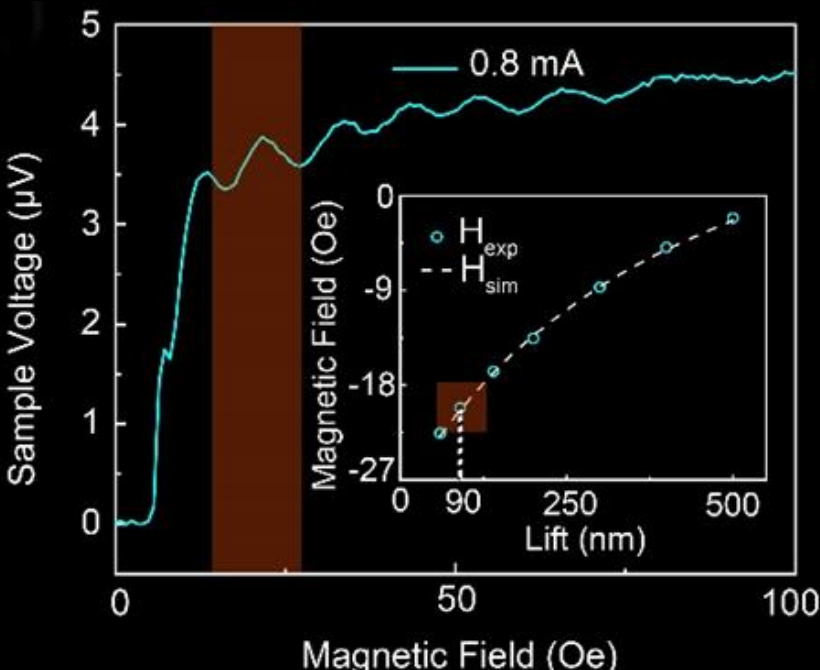


$$A_{exc} = z_0/Q \rightarrow \delta A_{exc} \rightarrow \delta Q = -Q \delta A_{exc}/A_{exc} \quad \delta P_{dis} \sim 2.2 \cdot 10^{-15} \text{ W}$$

$$P_{dis} = \frac{kz_0^2 \omega_0}{2Q} \rightarrow \delta P_{dis} \rightarrow \delta P_{dis} = -\delta Q \frac{kz_0^2 \omega_0}{2Q^2} = -P_{dis} \delta Q/Q = P_{dis} \delta A_{exc}/A_{exc}$$

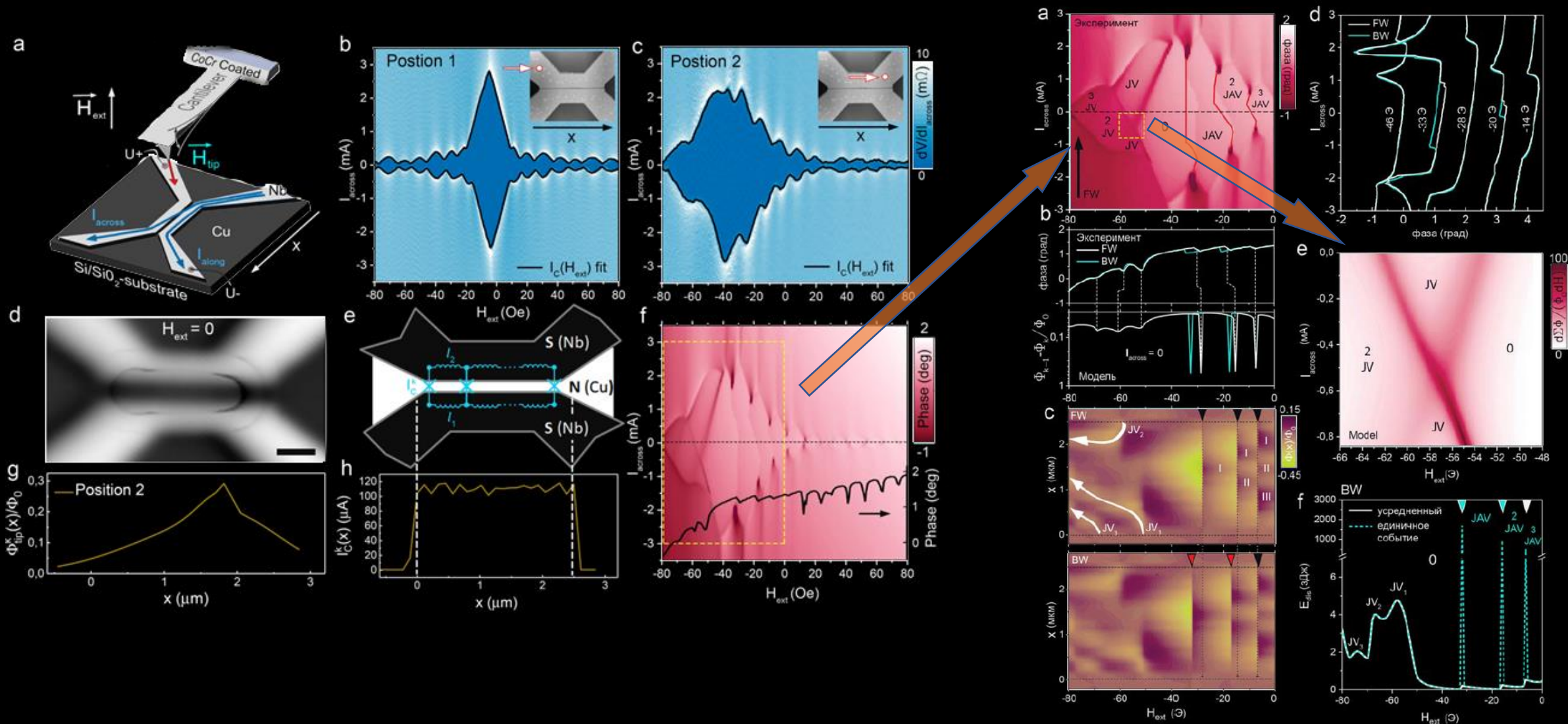
$$P_{dis} \sim 8.8 \cdot 10^{-14} \text{ W}$$

Investigation of the dynamics of Josephson vortices using a magnetic force microscope



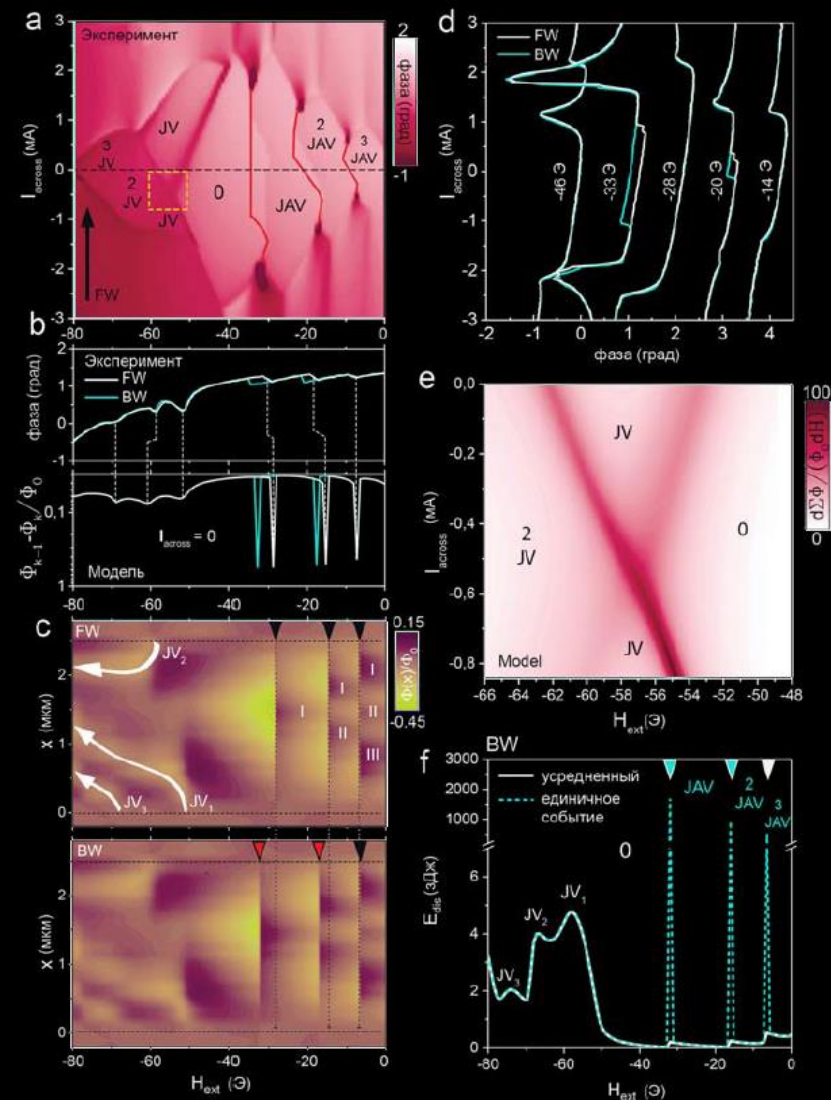
What happens in one period of oscillation of a cantilever?

Investigation of the dynamics of Josephson vortices using a magnetic force microscope



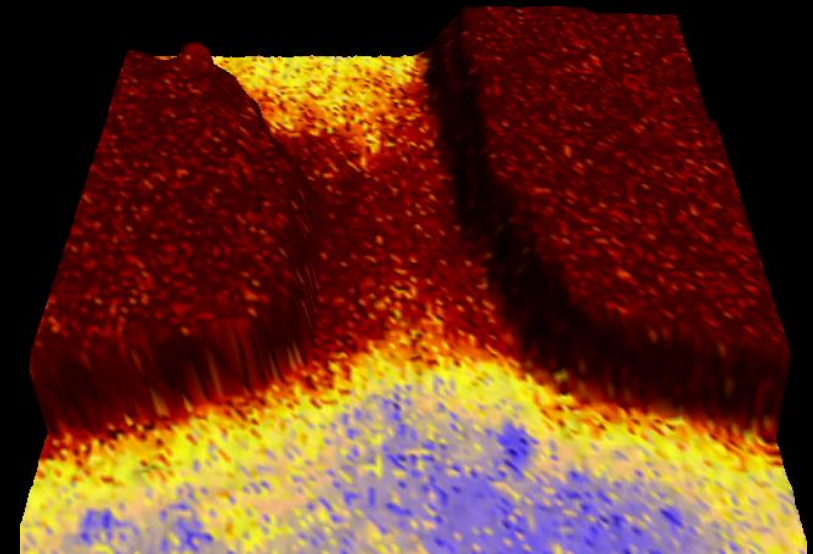
Investigation of the dynamics of Josephson vortices using a magnetic force microscope

$JV \rightarrow JV$	τ , нс	V , м/с	E_{dis} , аДж
$0JAV \rightarrow 1JAV$	0.4	$4.6 \cdot 10^3$	1.7
$1JAV \rightarrow 2JAV$	0.7	$1.7 \cdot 10^3$	0.9
$2JAV \rightarrow 3JAV$	1.0	$0.9 \cdot 10^3$	0.5

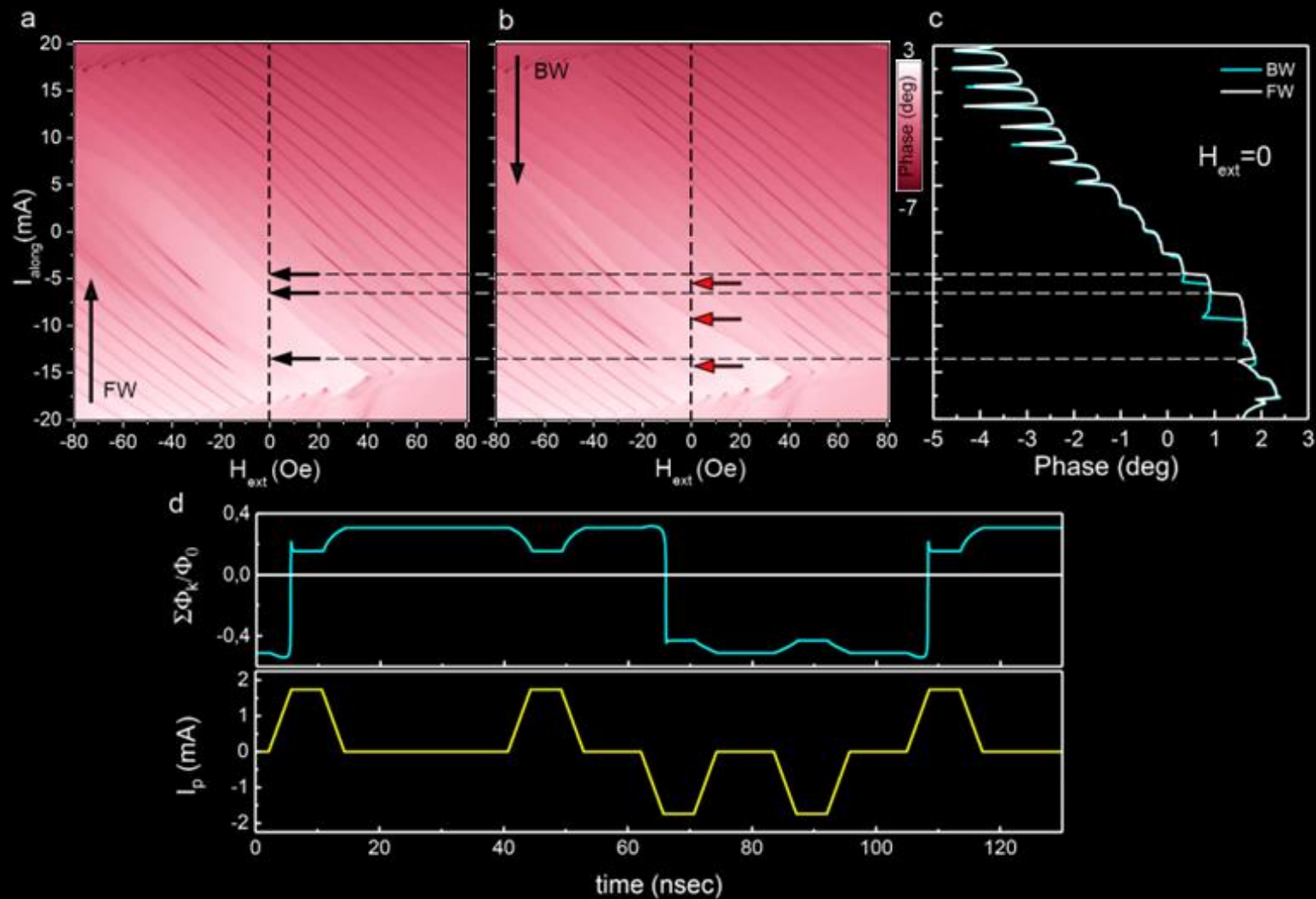
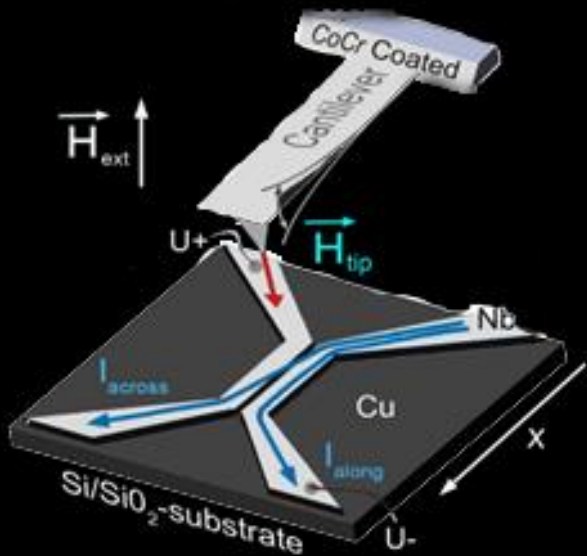


Josephson vortex as a logical state of low-dissipative devices

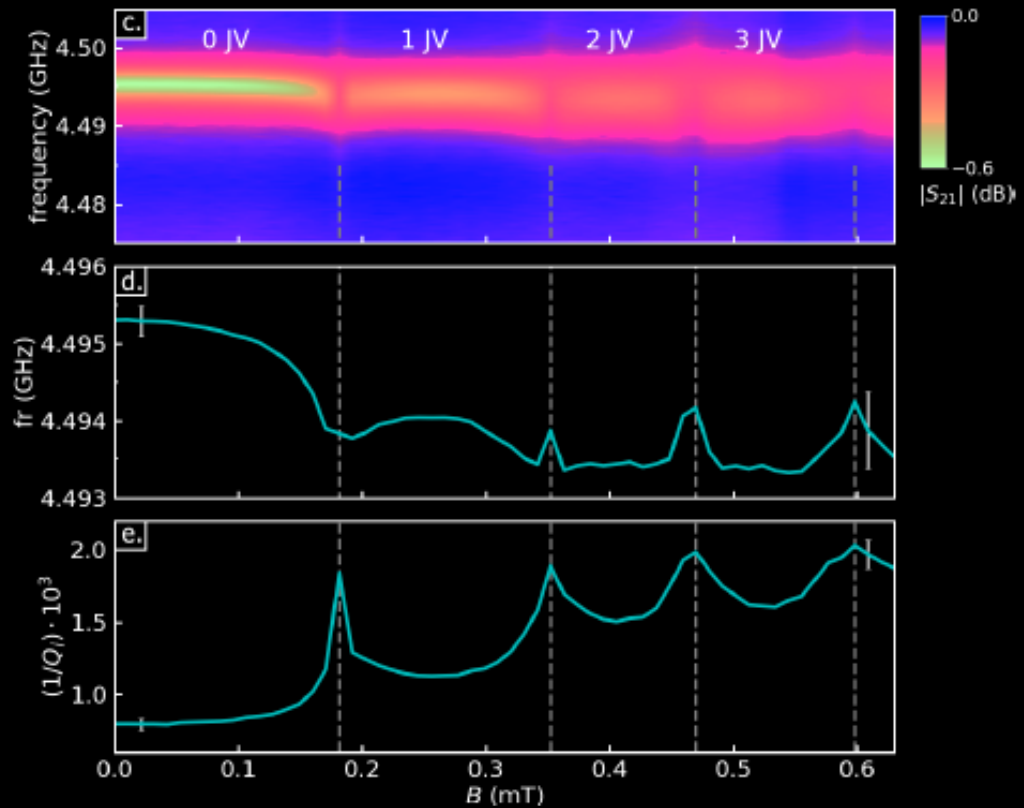
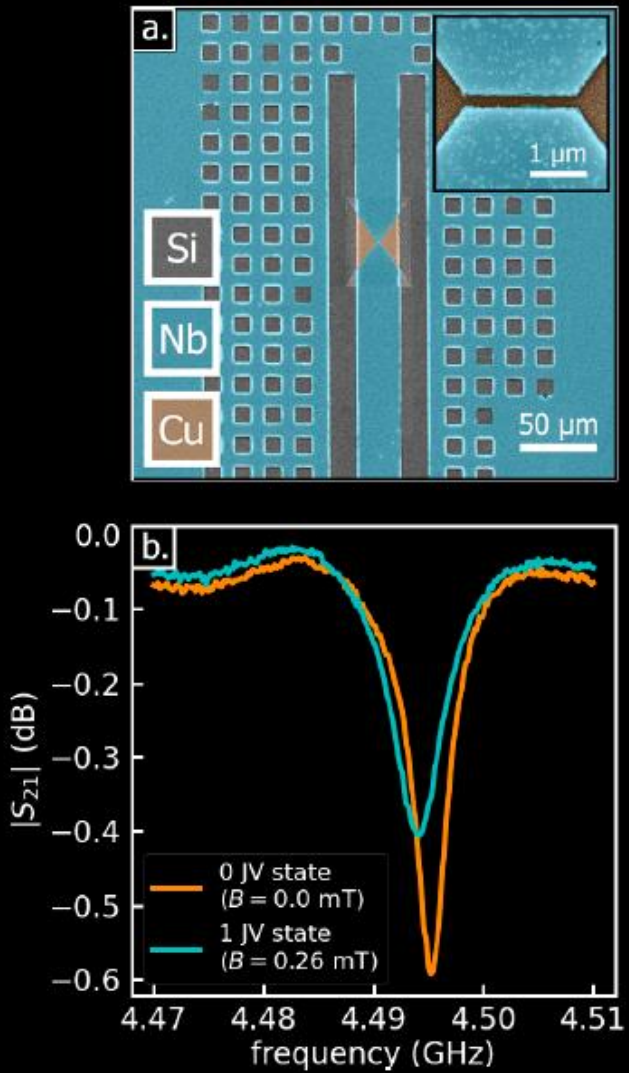
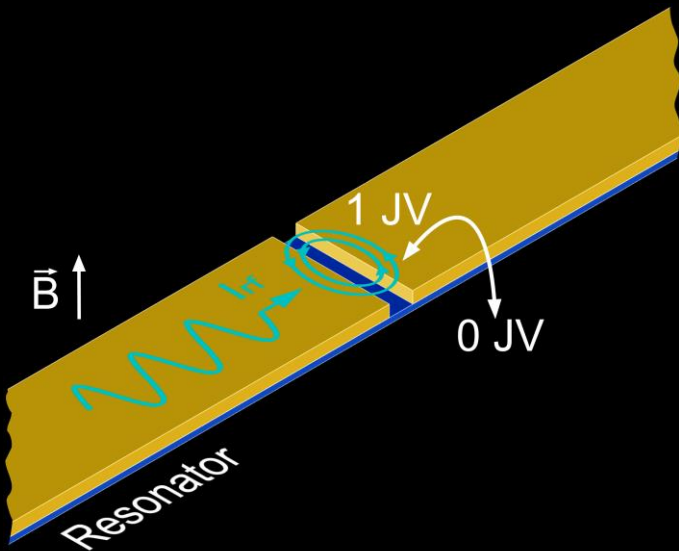
Part 3: Logical state by SNS



Implementation of a logical device on a chip

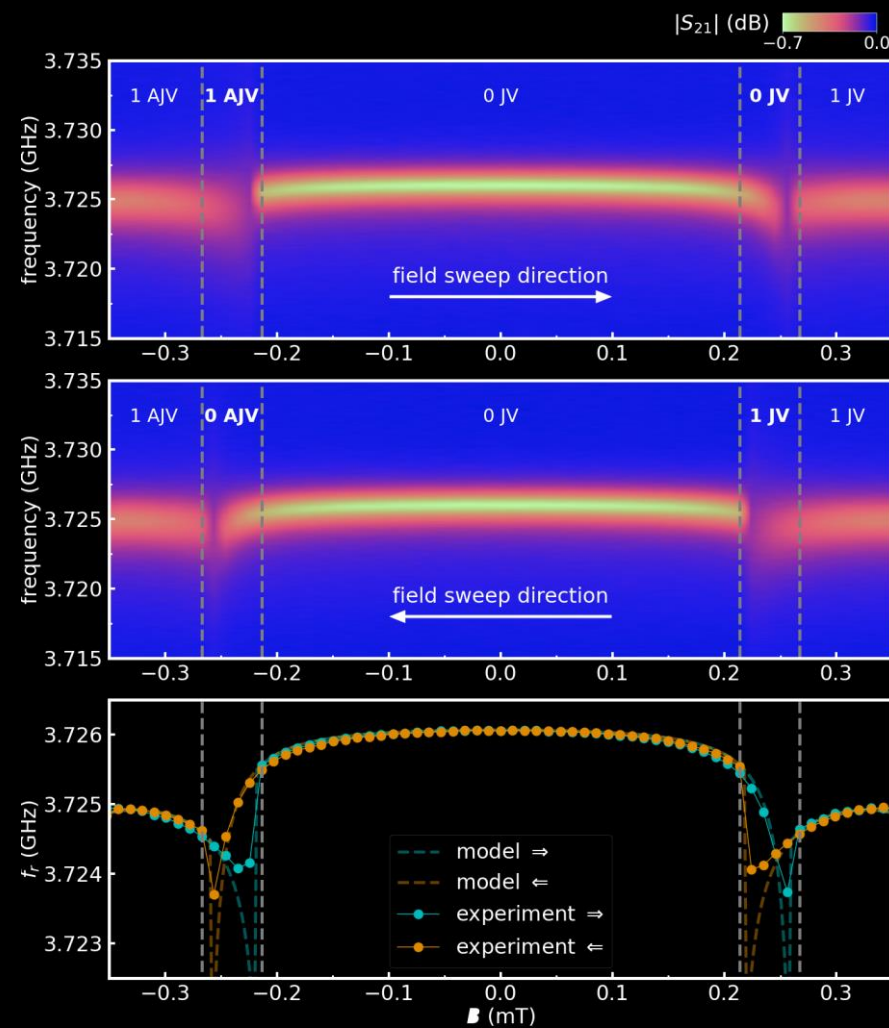
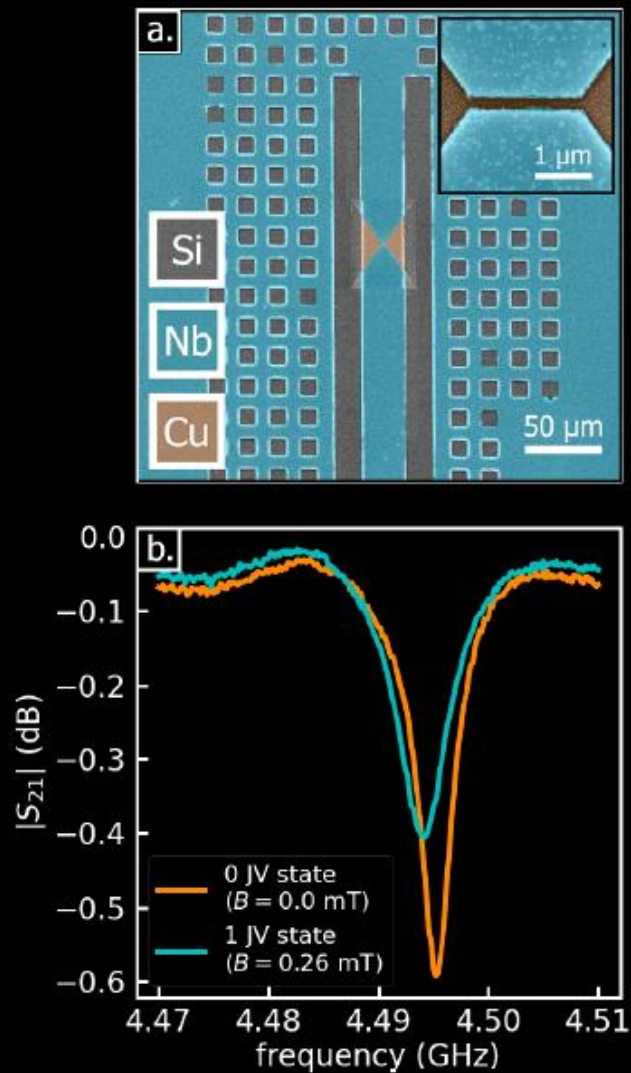
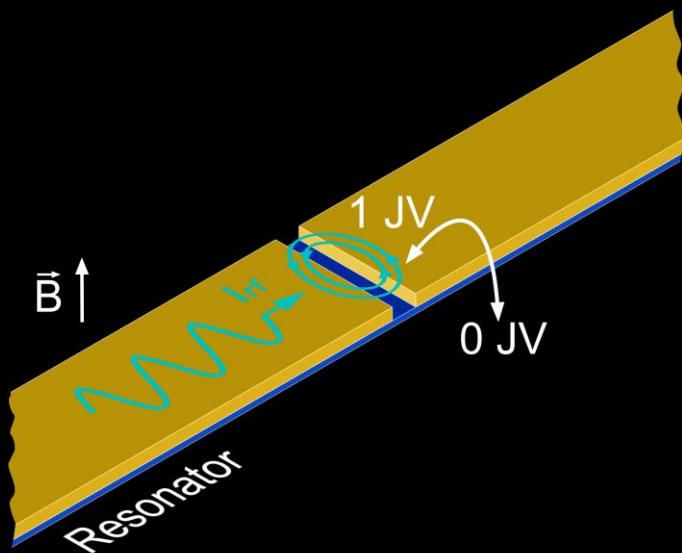


Implementation of a logical device on a chip

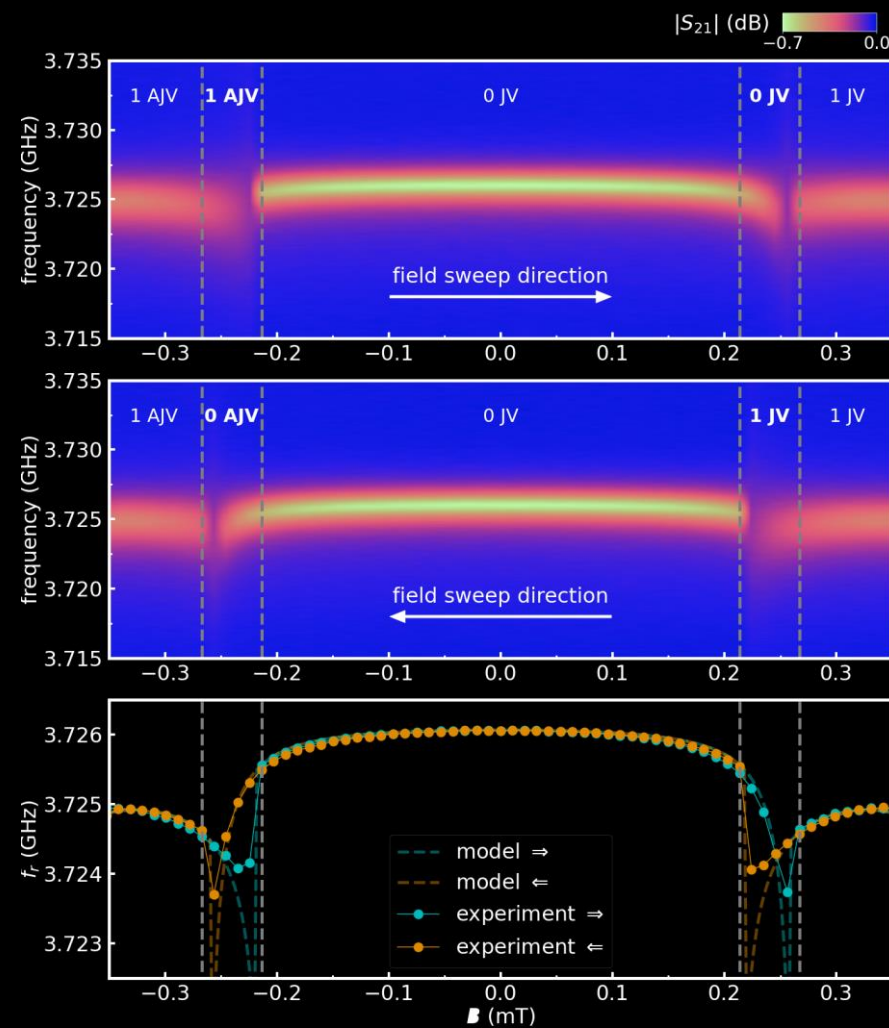
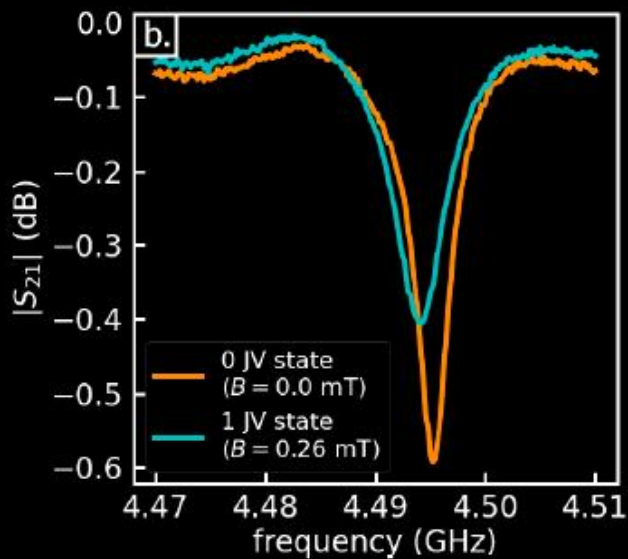
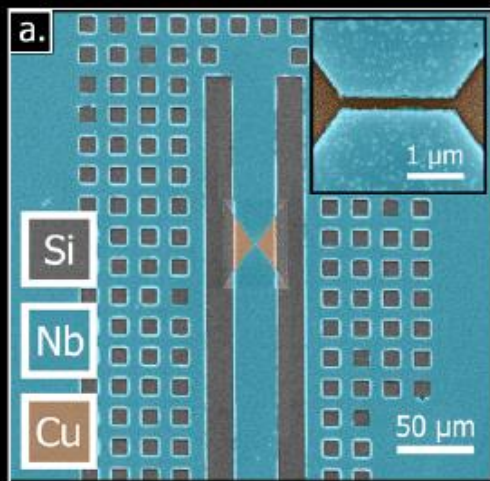
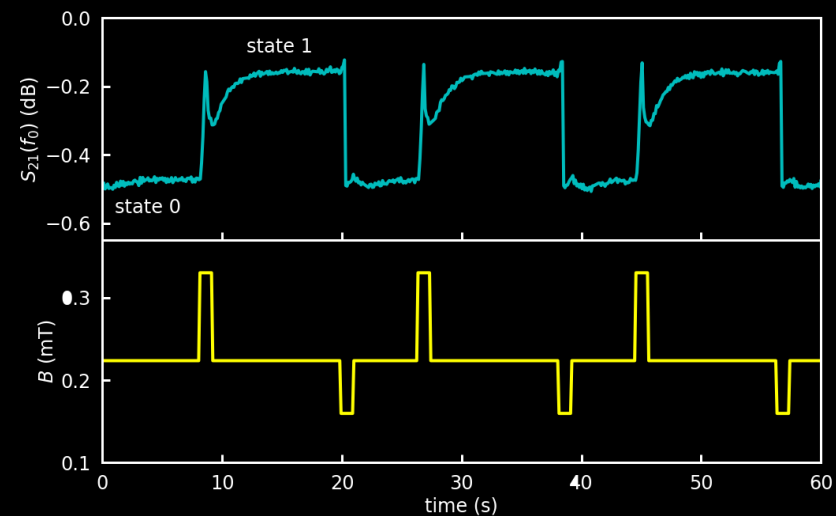
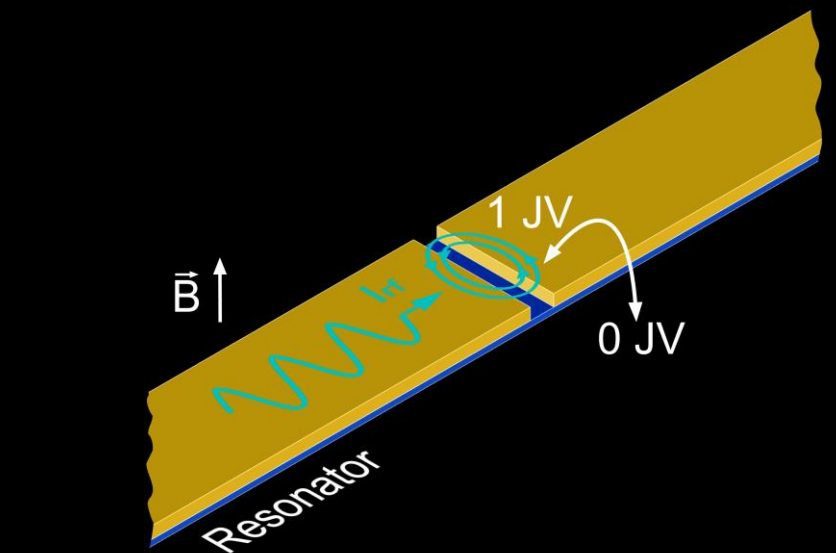


JJ state, N	f_r , GHz	$1/Q_i \cdot 10^3$	$R_L(N) - R_L(0)$, mΩ	$X_L(N) - X_L(0)$, mΩ
0 JV	4.4953	0.79	0	0
1 JV	4.4940	1.13	13	22
2 JV	4.4934	1.50	28	33
3 JV	4.4934	1.60	32	33

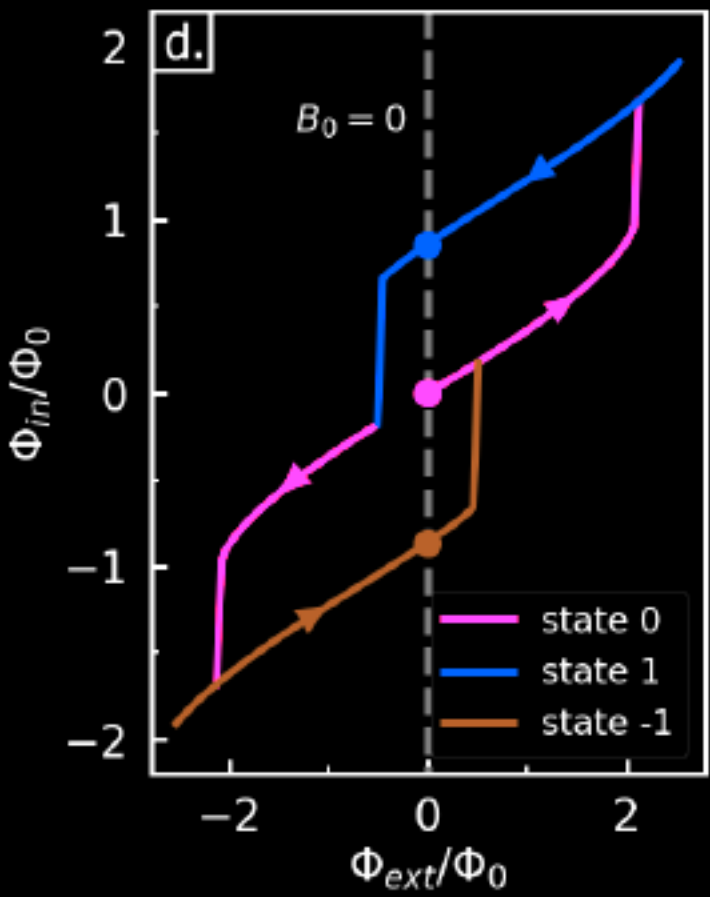
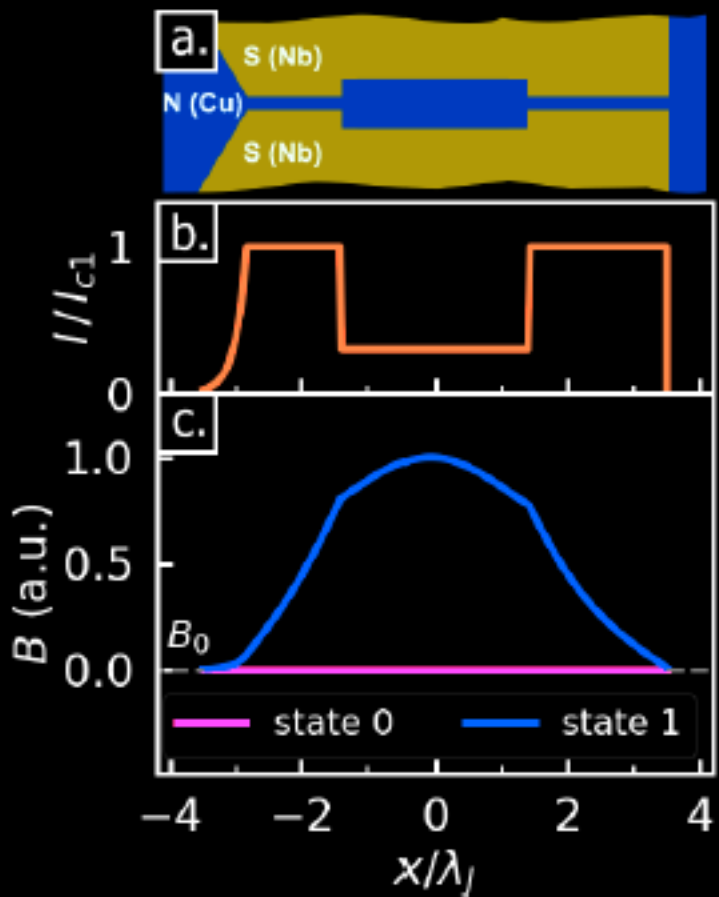
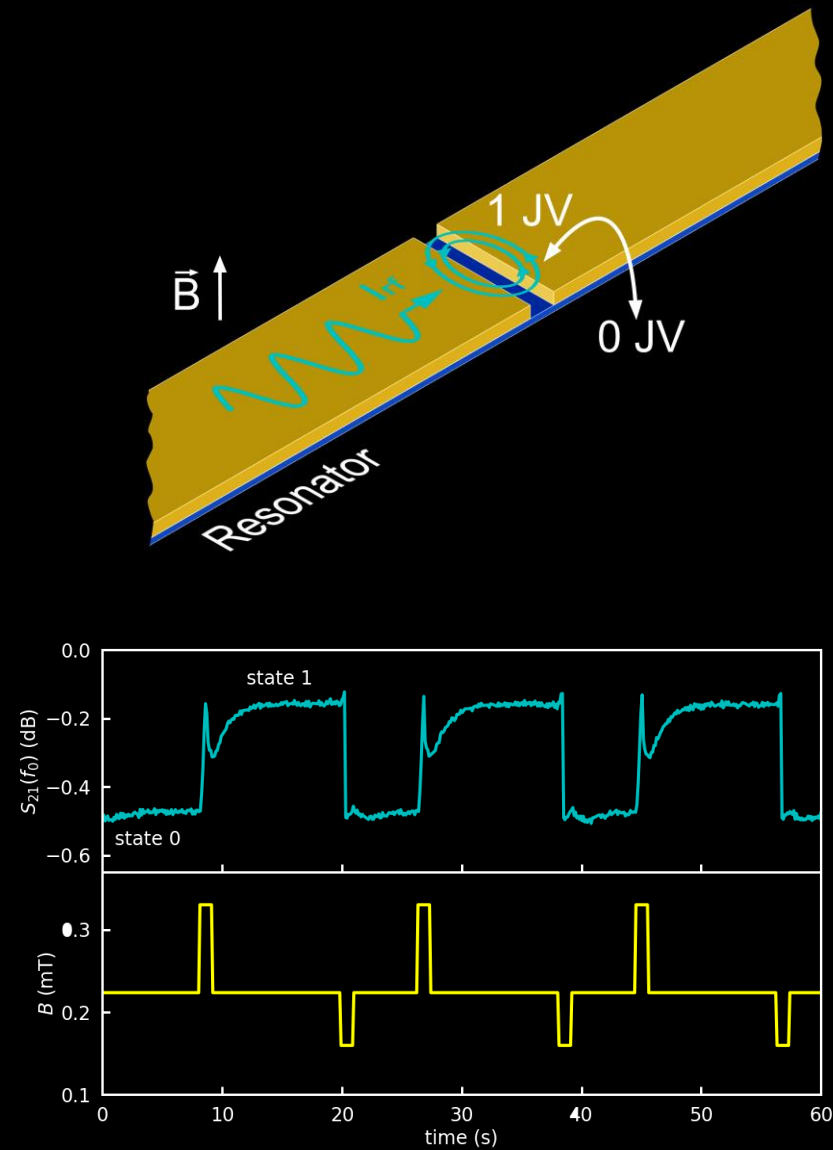
Implementation of a logical device on a chip



Implementation of a logical device on a chip



Implementation of a logical device on a chip



Submitted to the Nature Electronics

Conclusions

- To study vortex matter in hybrid systems of the S--N--S type, a self-organized network of lead islands on the Si(111) surface, interconnected by a wetting layer of amorphous lead 1~nm thick, was implemented. Experimentally, using scanning tunneling spectroscopy with high spatial and energy resolution, the presence of eddy currents that form Abrikosov (in islands) and Josephson (in regions with induced superconductivity) vortices has been demonstrated. The absence of a superconducting gap in the core of the discovered Josephson vortices, as was observed for Abrikosov vortices, is demonstrated. A self-consistent numerical simulation is carried out, which describes the experiment well.
- To demonstrate the possibility of implementing devices operating with Josephson vortices, a new method was found for generating, detecting and controlling Josephson vortices inside planar Josephson junctions using a low-temperature MFM. The experimental result is the observation of a singular response in the phase of the MFM cantilever at a certain set of parameters, which leads to pronounced rings/arcs on the MFM maps due to phase drops in the oscillations of the cantilever. The features found are identified as bifurcation points between adjacent Josephson states characterized by different numbers/positions of Josephson vortices within the junction.
- To describe the dynamic phenomena detected using the MFM, a synchronous experiment was implemented, which consists in simultaneously passing a current through the sample, applying an external magnetic field, and measuring the phase of the microscope's magnetic cantilever. To describe the experiment, a model has been developed and debugged that fully reproduces the experiment. The model describes the interaction between the cantilever and the device at bifurcation points and demonstrates that MFM can provide unique information about the state of the Josephson vortex, much richer than traditional transport measurements.
- To estimate the energy of low-dissipation processes in planar S--N--S JJ, it was experimentally demonstrated and theoretically confirmed that when generating a spatially inhomogeneous magnetic flux inside the contact, it becomes possible to create peculiar Josephson states and switching between them while globally maintaining the superconducting state of the contact.

Thank you for attention!



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Leading Researcher
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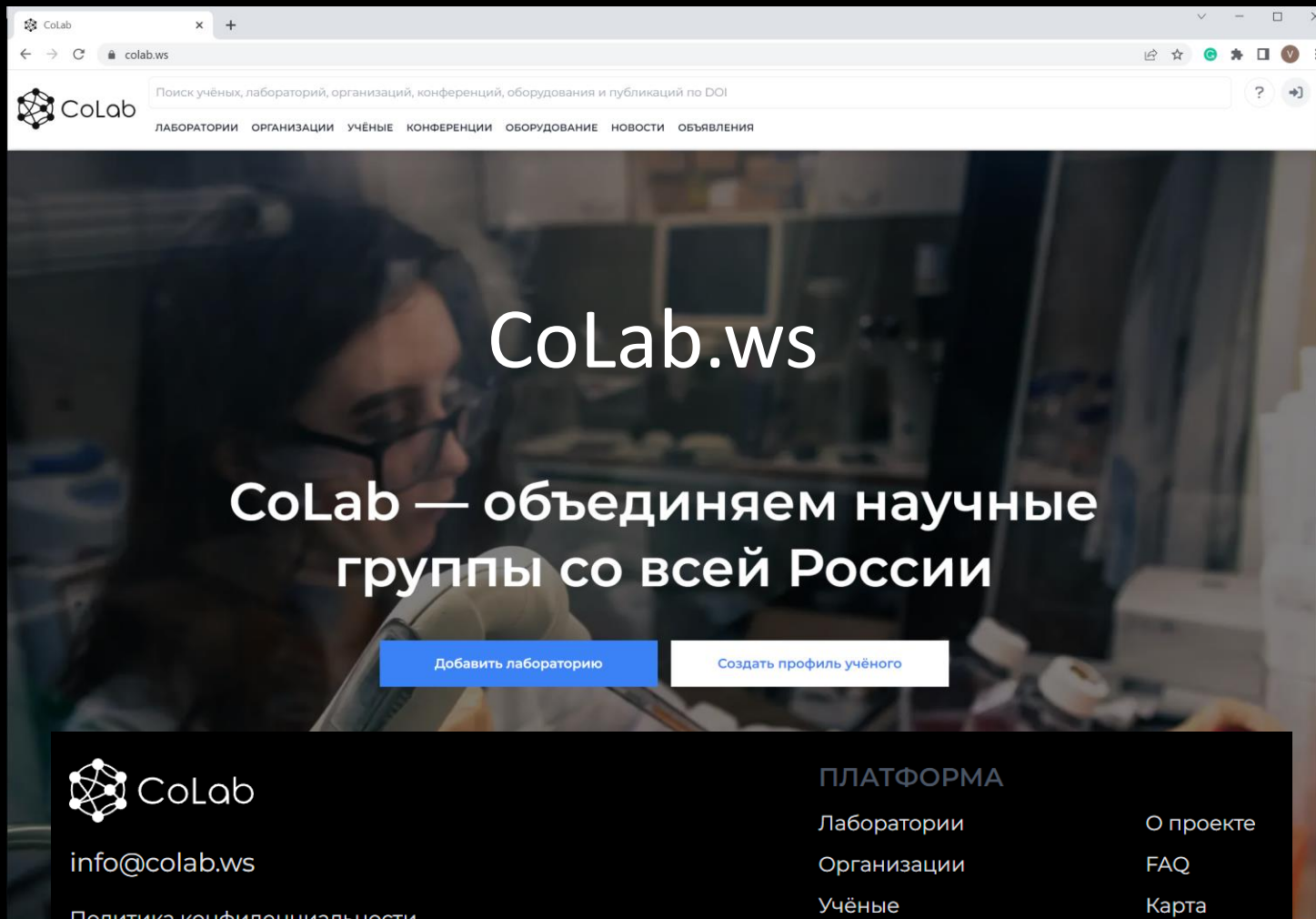
Junior Researcher
applicant
Shishkin A.G.



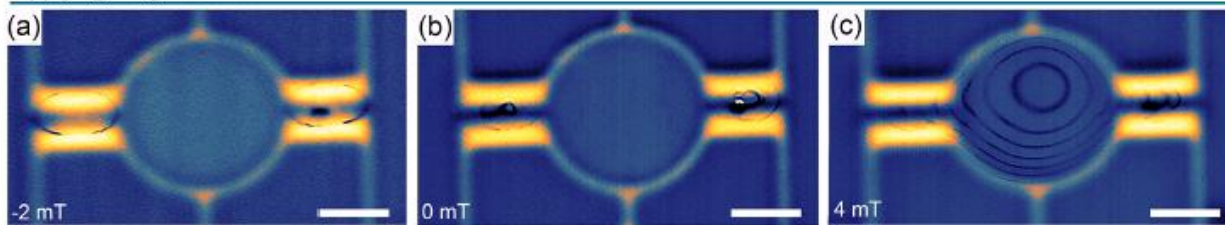
Leading Researcher
Prof
Soloviev I.I.

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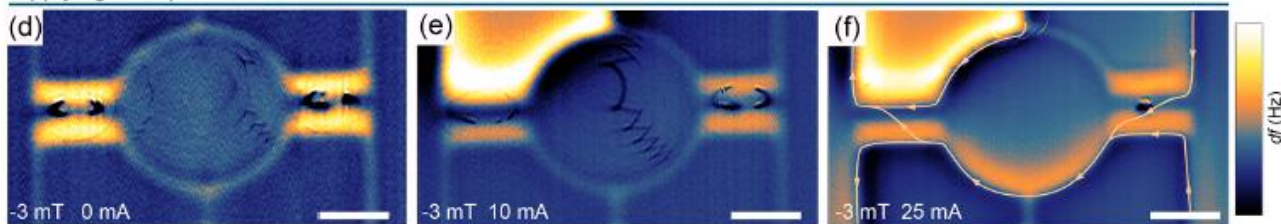
Thanks to my colleagues for
the fruitful collaboration!



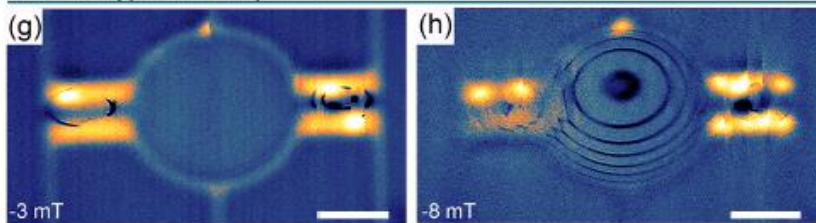
Applying magnetic field



Applying transport current at constant field -3 mT



Different types of flux quanta



Flux quanta calculation

